Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1900. PRICE TWO CENTS.

"The Dixie"

MOSQUITO

Frames and Nets.

Easily attached to any style of Wood, Brass, Iron or Folding Bed without defacing the same.

It requires no step ladder to put it up and is always in working order.

Price **$2.50.**

A. C. Titus Company.

If you wish the choicest beef

For your table, nothing can excel the

New York City Dressed Beef.

FOR SALE BY

J. A. & H. H. BARKER, 346 & 348 Thames St.

Mme. Tierce Co.,

564 Fifth Avenue, New York,

Branch, 2 Travers Block,

Bellevue Avenue, Newport,

WILL SELL BALANCE OF HER STOCK OF MILLINERY AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES FROM $5 UP, INCLUDING NOVELTIES FOR THE FALL. SOME OF THESE HATS CAN BE WORN LATE INTO THE FALL.

BOER RUSE WORKS.

Delarey Demands Surrender of Banks Station.

Meanwhile Dewet Slips Away and Crosses the River.

KRUGERSDORP, Aug. 25.—Commandant Delarey appeared yesterday before Bank station, with a large force and summoned the garrison, commanded by Lord Albermarl, to surrender, which the garrison refused to do. In the meantime Dewet took advantage of the ruse and crossed the river towards the Orange River colony.

CAUGHT IN A BOER TRAP.

Two British Companies Surrounded and Suffer Severely.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Lord Roberts has left Pretoria and has fixed his headquarters at Wonderfontein, the second station west of Machadodorp, where the bulk of the Boers in arms is supposed to be. Wiring from there August 24 he says:

"Buller reports that the Boers laid a trap for his cavalry August 23, opening with several guns at fairly short range. The English guns silenced the Boers, but when the firing ceased and the pickets were being placed for the night by some mistake two companies of the Liverpool regiment advanced 1,500 yards into a hollow out of sight of the main body, where they were surrounded by the Boers and suffered severely." The Liverpools lost 10 men killed and Captain Plomer and 45 men wounded; in addition, they had 32 men missing.

General Buller's other casualties August 23 were 20 men killed, wounded or missing.

Lord Roberts also wires that General Pole-Carew occupied Belfast, near Machadodorp, August 24, without opposition.

General French, with four brigades of cavalry, is moving east of Machadodorp.

Cuban School Teachers Sail for Home

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.—United States transports Crook, McPherson, Rawlins and Sedgwick, having on board the 1,300 Cuban school teachers, sailed for Havana this morning.

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Orders to Officers Issued and Movements of Vessels Reported.

[Special despatch to the News.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The following orders were issued from the Navy Department today:

Commander W. H. Beehler, ordered to discontinue duty as acting military attache at Berlin, Vienna and Rome, and to continue his other duties.

Lieutenant J. McC. Luby, ordered to the Naval Academy, September 15.

Lieutenant J. Hood, detached from the Massachusetts, September 22, and ordered to the Naval Academy, September 25.

Naval Cadet S. W. Bryant, detached from the New York, August 30, and ordered to the Yankton.

Naval Cadet W. S. Case, detached from the New York, August 30.

Naval Cadet C. C. Block, detached from the Wheeling and ordered to the Philadelphia.

Professor of Mathematics S. J. Brown, ordered to duty as director of the Nautical Almanac, August 25.

Chief Carpenter A. L. C. Burroughs, detached from the Naval Academy, August 31, and ordered to the Norfolk navy yard, September 1.

Carpenter G. J. Shaw, detached from the Norfolk navy yard and ordered to the Naval Academy.

Warrant Machinist J. H. Morrison is warranted.

The following movements of vessels were reported today to the Navy Department:

Practice ship Newport, arrived at Annapolis.

Battleship Alabama, sailed from New York for Cape Ann for her speed trial.

Training ship Lancaster, arrived at Gravesend.

Gunboat Reina Mercedes, accompanied by tugs Potomac and Nezinscot, sailed from Norfolk for Portsmouth, N. H.

The following is the itinerary of the North Atlantic squadron for the remainder of the summer and autumn: Leave Jamestown, R. I., September 1; leave Bar Harbor, September 13; leave Portsmouth, N. H., September 19, arriving at Newport September 20, and leaving Newport October 1.

HASTINGS.

Battleship Alabama Leaves Brooklyn for Boston.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25. Battleship Alabama left Brooklyn today fand passed Quarantine at 10 a. m., bound for Boston. The trial of the Alabama is expected to take place Tuesday next over the Cape Ann course.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Boston, Aug. 25, Sachem, from Liverpool.

Queenstown, Aug. 25, Etruria, from New York for Liverpool, and proceeded.

New York, Aug. 25, New York, from Southampton.

New York, Aug. 25, Umbria, from Liverpool.

Hamburg, Aug. 25, Augusta Victoria, from New York, via Plymouth, etc.

AUGUST 25, 1900.

The second and third floors of our building are given to the

Department of Domestic Goods.

A full display of American-make Artistic Parlor and Library Furniture, solid Dining Room and Chamber Sets. All grades of American carpets by the yard, and Oil Cloths.

A careful investigation of our prices will prove that we undersell all large establishments in other cities of the country.

☞ Furniture, China and Rugs purchased from us packed free of all charges and guaranteed to be delivered safely at destination.

Kazanjian & Co.,

Established in Newport 1882 and open the entire year.

Second Edition.

MANY STREET FIGHTS.

Allied Forces Unable Fully to Police Pekin.

Capture of the Court by the Japanese Reiterated.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Street fighting breaks out intermittently in Pekin, according to despatches from Shanghai, the allies not having sufficient forces to police the vast city. As small parties of the allied troops penetrate into new districts they have to engage half-armed mobs.

A Shanghai despatch of today's date repeats the report that the Japanese troops pursued the dowager empress and the court, overtaking them 84 miles southwest of Pekin. The emperor, it is added, threw himself on the protection of his captors. The prisoners have not reached Pekin.

In the engagement at Tien Tsin 1,000 Americans, British and Japanese routed 3,000 Chinese, killing 300 of them.

The viceroy of Sze Chuen is reported at Shanghai to be sending troops to the Tonquin frontier and to be intending to fight the French at Mong-Tse.

The bulk of the German fleet recently at Shanghai has gone to Taku as an escort to the new German minister, Dr. Mumm Von Schwarzenstein, who is bound for Pekin.

Clan fights are of daily occurrence in the Heung Shan district.

The foreign residents of Shanghai are alarmed at the arrival of the extraordinary number of warships and are fearful of European complications but they have been assured by some of the naval commanders that the gathering was accidental.

ALL RELATIONS SEVERED.

Russian Commander Forbids Communication with the Chinese.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—A cablegram has been received from Admiral Remey, in which he states that it is reported that the Russian commander at Pekin has forbidden any communication between his forces and the Chinese.

CHINA STILL SILENT.

No Reply Yet to the American Government's Message.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Chinese officials expressed a belief today that Li Hung Chang, the Chinese peace envoy, had started for Pekin or Tien Tsin. While there are said to be no official advices to this effect, yet it is so in accordance with the expectation of China's course that the officials accept it as a fact. If this proves to be correct it may bring about an early opportunity for personal exchanges between Li Hung Chang and the commanders of the allies and the ministers of the respective powers.

The Chinese government has been entirely silent since the capture of Pekin except in the two communications from Li Hung Chang, and up to the present time Minister Wu has received no word in response to the American government's message which was sent to him by Mr. Adee last Wednesday. Three days have elapsed and there has been ample time for Earl Li to formulate his next move. In the circumstances, it is felt that he accepts the American and German answers, and such others as may have reached him, as negativing any present prospect of negotiations along the lines he proposed. The opinion is expressed that this will prolong the uncertainties of the diplomatic situation, during which Earl Li will seek to meet the requirements laid down by the United States and other powers, while the latter will endeavor to reach some ground of understanding for the future.

CHAFFEE DOESN'T ANSWER.

Communication Between Pekin and Tien Tsin Uncertain.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The War Department has not received from General Chaffee the report requested of him a few days ago upon conditions in Pekin; in fact, several recent cablegrams of inquiry addressed to General Chaffee have not been answered. It is supposed that the uncertainty of communication between Pekin and Tien Tsin is responsible for General Chaffee's silence. The wires have been cut between the capital and Tien Tsin, and it is probable that the messages were sent by courier from Pekin. It is regarded as very unfortunate that there should be such difficulty of communication at this time. The department is depending in a large measure upon General Chaffee for information to guide the administration in the movements of the immediate future.

More than a week ago two despatches were received from General Chaffee, but they were in such shape that they could not be deciphered at the department. They are regarded as very important from the fact that they relate to conditions in Pekin, the number of persons under the protection of the allied forces, and the supplies for the army as well as for these people. While it is known that they relate to these subjects, the fact that they cannot be deciphered prevents the department from determining just what General Chaffee means. Orders have been sent him to repeat the messages. It is of course recognized that the Boxers are interrupting the line constructed by the signal corps from Tien Tsin to Pekin. At the same time, with communication by cable to Shanghai, thence overland to Chefoo, by cable to Taku, and a protected line to Tien Tsin, it is felt at the department communication should be more expedient.

Express despatches from Pekin report that the Russian commander has forbidden communication between his troops and the Chinese, with the addition that the Russian commander considers that a state of war exists between Russia and China. The note to the ambassadors and ministers representing countries having interests in China, decided upon at the cabinet conference yesterday, has been prepared and forwarded to our ministers for their guidance in communicating with foreign governments relative to future action by the powers in China.

BACK TO THEIR POSTS.

American Consuls in China to Return to Their Stations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The State Department is taking steps to have all the American consuls in China return to their several posts as soon as immediate danger from anti-foreign outbreaks is passed. The attention of the department has been called to statements emanating from various consuls, to the effect that they left their posts at the direction of the department. The officials say that is not correct; that the consuls merely were permitted by the department to leave their posts on their own responsibility if they considered their lives were in danger. Now that the danger is passing, the department is getting ready to have them go back to their posts and take up their routine work.

NO BASE HOSPITAL AT NAGASKAI.

Wounded and Sick from China to Come Direct to San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—The large base hospital that was projected by the government at Nagasaki, Japan, has been abandoned, and the wounded and sick from China who would have gone there will be brought directly here. The physicians, nurses, and others ordered to Nagasaki will remain here for the present.

The labor council of this city has strongly protested against the employment of Chinese crews on transports.

FEARS A TERRIBLE UPRISING.

Chinese Consul General Hopes Troops Will be Withdrawn.

OAKLAND, Cal., Aug. 25. In a lecture on the situation in China, delivered here, Consul General Ho Yow said: "Recent advices inform me that the United States will keep troops in China. I hope it will not be so. There will be great danger in such a course.

"I fear, when it is known that the Chinese capital is in the hands of foreigners, that there will be a terrible uprising all over China, and it will take much money and many lives to ultimately suppress it. Would your Christ wish you to advance religion at the sacrifice of millions of lives?"

M'KINLEY CANNOT GO.

Public Business Will Keep Him from the Grand Army Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25. Owing to the continued pressure of public business of immediate importance, the President has been obliged to withdraw his acceptance of the invitation to attend the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Chicago and several other invitations incident to that occasion. Secretary Cortelyou today advised Executive Director Harper, Commander-in-Chief Shaw and others of this decision, and of the keen disappointment felt by the President that he will be unable to be present during the encampment.

OFF TO THE ENCAMPMENT.

Three Special Trains Leave Boston, Carrying Veterans.

BOSTON, Aug. 25.—Three special trains containing the delegates and their friends who are to attend the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Chicago left the North Union station today. The Grand Army headquarters train was in the second section.

The officials of this state, as on former occasions, invited the Women's Relief Corps to attend the encampment and travel in the headquarters train, two cars being assigned to them. The national convention of the relief corps will be held in Central Music hall, Chicago, next Wednesday morning.

Shut Down for a Week.

LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 25.—The Tremont and Suffolk mills shut down today and will not resume work until September 4. This will affect 2,500 people.

The Ingrain department of the Lowell Manufacturing company (carpet) also shut down today for a week. Four hundred hands are employed in this department.

To Foster Baptist Missions in the New Possessions.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 25.—The foreign mission board of the National Baptist Convention, a Louisville corporation, has filed articles in the office of the secretary of state here. It proposes to foster Baptist missions in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

Tom Reed to Buy Land at Oyster Bay

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Thomas B. Reed, ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives, will soon buy a large tract of land at Oyster Bay, Long Island, adjoining the property of Governor Roosevelt, says the Tribune. The deal is said to be well under way.

WORTH TWO MILLION.

Treasures Included in the Huntington Art Collection.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The late C. P. Huntington's art collection, if it were sold at auction, would probably bring $2,000,000. In the course of the last six years his commissioners have spent about $250,000, it is said, in buying the works of American artists. Within the last six months he bought an "old master" for $50,000. In his collection are paintings by Meissonier, Millet, Troyon, Rosa Bonheur, Bossen, Sir Frederick Leighton and Landseer.

One part of his collection is a series of pictures of Roman Catholic prelates, from popes to bishops, for which he paid 80,000 francs. His gallery contains also many of Gustave Doré's works. Fine tapestries were always sought by Mr. Huntington. One piece now in his home as a portiere was designed by Teniers, and cost 60,000 francs. The collection includes also miniatures and bric a brac.

EXPORT COAL TRADE.

Its Increase Depends Much upon Cheap Transportation.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—H. S. Fleming, secretary of the Anthracite Coal Operators' Association, will sail today for Europe. Mr. Fleming made a tour of Europe two years ago to investigate the possibilities of increasing the export anthracite coal business of the United States. It is understood that the present trip is to arrange additional facilities for carrying both anthracite and bituminous coal across the ocean and for handling it when it arrives at the various Mediterranean ports. There is reason to believe that the organization of a new transportation company is contemplated for the express purpose of carrying large quantities of coal to Europe. Mr. Fleming, it is understood, has secured bids for the construction of new ocean-going steamers both from American shipbuilding companies and from companies in England, Belgium and Norway.

Current reports of coal export trade prospects seem to be considerably exaggerated. There are several large foreign inquiries in this market at present, including one for 1,000,000 tons, which is said to come from the French government, and another for 100,000 tons, also from France for commercial interests. Considerable coal has been sent and is now being shipped to Mediterranean ports, which at this time is the most inviting foreign market for American soft coal producers. The difficulty of obtaining ships at low rates of freight, however, is a serious drawback to trade. The best informed authorities agree that with cheap transportation a considerable business could now be handled, but they also admit that under present circumstances it is very difficult to say how much business can be done.

KILLED ELEVEN PERSONS.

Outbreak of Latest Savagery in New South Wales Natives.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—An outbreak of latent savagery in two aboriginal blacks, who had lived for years in close association with whites, is reported from Sydney, New South Wales, by steamer Mariposa. The outbreak resulted in the slaughter of 11 persons.

At Breelong, in New South Wales, the Mawby family offended two natives known as Governor and Underwood, who in revenge broke into the Mawbey house, armed with tomahawks and war clubs. In the house were Mrs. Mawby, her two daughters, Grace and Hilda, her niece, Elsie Clark; Miss Kerz, a school teacher, and three boys, Percy, aged 15; George, 12, and Albert, 9. Of these, only the two youngest boys escaped by hiding.

After butchering these defenseless people the blacks fled across the country to the Queensland mountains. At Gulong they killed Alexander McKay and his wife, Mrs. O'Brien and her young child at Merriwa, and Kerin Fitzpatrick, an old man at Mudgee. The police were unable to effect their capture.

OHIO'S PERNICIOUS EXAMPLE.

Texas Protests Against Her Sister State's Uncivilized Conduct.

SHERMAN, Texas, Aug. 25.—At a public meeting of the citizens, presided over by Judge R. R. Hazelwood last night, resolutions were passed protesting against the uncivilized conduct on the part of "our sister state of Ohio," and admonishing her of the pernicious example thus displayed in setting the laws of the land at defiance in this age of civilization and land of Christianity."

Purchased a Reservation for the Montana Cheyennes.

FORT YATES, N. D., Aug. 25.—Colonel McLaughlin has purchased a splendid tract of grazing land on Tongue river, Mont., to be used as a reservation for the Cheyenne Indians of Montana, who at present are wanderers.

No Signs of Trouble at Akron.

AKRON, O., Aug. 25. There was no indication of any trouble in this city last night, and with the exception of the presence of soldiers the city has resumed its wonted quiet. Colonel Adams, the assistant adjutant general, has not yet returned from Cleveland, where he consulted with Governor Nash, and until he does nothing will be decided about the retention of the military.

To Assist a Stranded Steamer.

ADEN, Aug. 25.—A government steamer has gone to assist British steamer India, Captain Burkell, from Passaroean, July 25, for the United States which is ashore 28 miles south southwest of Cape Guardafui.

Bryan at His Home Last Night.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 25.—W. J. Bryan arrived in Lincoln this morning from Beatrice, where he spent the night. He repaired immediately to his home, attended to some correspondence and departed at 1:50 for Omaha, where he will speak tonight.

Leather Breeches. Having secured the services of a skilled leatherbreeches maker, I am prepared to fill all orders for the finest quality of coachmen's and grooms' WHITE BUCKSKIN LEATHER BREECHES. Stock, fit and workmanship guaranteed.

COMMERFORD, Importing Tailor,

218 Thames St., Next to Sealbury's.

Egyptian Deities

—AND—

Nestor Cigarettes.

Waldorf-Astoria Imported Cigars.

J. D. Richardson & Co.,

306 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

CAPTAIN KENYON DEAD.

Had Served Nearly Half of His Long Sentence for Manslaughter.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 25. Captain George N. Kenyon of South Kingstown, formerly owner of the Ocean House at Narragansett Pier, died at 5 a. m. today in the state prison, after having served seven of a 15 years' sentence for manslaughter. He was convicted in September, 1891, but was not sentenced until March 20, 1893.

His victim was John McInnis, a carpenter whom he hired in the spring of 1891 to build houses at the rate of $50 per month. Because McInnis drank, Kenyon refused to pay. August 12, 1891, McInnis demanded what was due him, and on Kenyon's refusing to pay a fight ensued, as the result of which McInnis was shot. Kenyon claimed he shot in self defense.

SAT WITH FOLDED ARMS.

Lieutenant Cordua Meets Death as Becomes a Soldier.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—A special despatch from Pretoria, dated August 24, gives details of the execution Friday of Lieutenant Cordua, of the Transvaal artillery, convicted by a court martial of breaking his parole in plotting to abduct Lord Roberts and kill British officers. Cordua walked fearlessly to the garden behind the jail. At his own request he was not bound and sat in a chair with folded arms. He told Captain Burchard, commanding the firing party, that he was ready, and 10 bullets struck him. The body was buried near the spot where the lieutenant fell.

VESPERS WON.

Philadelphia Crew Took Its Trial Heat at Paris.

PARIS, Aug. 25. The crew of the Vesper club of Philadelphia won its trial heat by 1½ lengths, defeating a crew of the Nautical Club of France. It was an eight oared race, and the distance was one mile and 153 yards. The Vesper's time was 5 minutes 15 2-5 seconds. The final heat will be rowed tomorrow.

Lehigh Valley Road to Discharge its Newsboys.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25. Passengers on the Lehigh Valley trains will not be able to purchase newspapers, fruit and candy on the trains after September 1, as it has been decided to abolish the custom of carrying newsboys on trains. Many complaints have been made about the manner in which the boys peddle their goods. The Lehigh Valley road will probably establish news stands at its largest stations, at which fruit and candy may be bought.

Population of New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25. The population of New Orleans, as announced by the census bureau today, is 287,104, against 242,039 in 1890, an increase of 18.62 per cent.

GRANDE MAISON de BLANC

PARIS.

Table and Bed Linens—Woven by hand on our own looms, Handk's, Curtains, Blankets, etc.

Trousseaux.

WE CAUTION our clients that we have no house nor agent in New York, and beg of them to write us directly for their orders.

J. Louvet et ses Fils, Propriétaires

6 Boulevard des Capucines 6,

O. Boyer, Manager,

(late of New York.)

The Man Who Uses

Judgment in buying his clothes cannot make a mistake if he buys here, because he can have his money back if he wants it.

Men's Suits, $5 to $25.

Men's Top coats, $5 to $15.

Men's Trousers, $1.50 to $7.

Men's Derby and Alpine Hats, $1 to $5.

Men's Straw Hats at half price:

Furnishing Goods—Whole store full.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Outfitters to Men and Boys.

208 THAMES ST. 208

YAQUIS SUE FOR PEACE.

Two Thousand of the Indians Still Under Arms and Refuse to Surrender.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25. A special to the Chronicle from El Paso, Texas, says: The Yaqui Indians, who have been fighting the Mexican troops in Sonora, have sued for peace. Two thousand of the braves yet under arms, refuse to join the tribal negotiations, fearing that it means annihilation.

NO ICE WILL BE LEFT.

Every Ton of the Penobscot Product Expected to be Shipped.

BANGOR, Me., Aug. 25. From present appearances every ton of ice on the Penobscot river will be shipped before the close of navigation. When the river was opened there was a stock of about 150,000 tons here, of which 100,000 tons were controlled by the American Ice Company, which corporation last winter purchased several of the largest plants on the river, thereby almost doubling its holdings here. Of its total of 110,000 tons the American company has now shipped 70,000 tons, leaving 40,000 tons to go, although with the waste deducted this amount will be considerably reduced.

Of the ice held by independent concerns, about 11,000 tons have been shipped, leaving 25,000 tons on hand, which will ship out about 20,000 tons. Of the total of 75,000 tons of ice now on the river, about 70,000 net can be shipped, and it is believed that every ton of this will be sent away. Prices of ice have been fair this year, and freights have been about the same as in past years, 75 cents a ton to Philadelphia, and 55 to Washington.

The New Cliffs Hotel and Cottages,

Located upon the famous Cliff Walk, in full view of ocean.

Recently enlarged with suites, and rooms with baths.

LOUIS P. ROBERTS, Proprietor.

G. E. Vernon & Co.,

Imported and Domestic

Modern and Antique

FURNITURE

—AND—

Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St.

NEWPORT.

FRANK L. POWELL,

Chemist and Druggist.

AGENTS FOR

Richard Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.

COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

This Morning's News.

CHAFFEE WOULD WITHDRAW.

Advises Retirement of Troops When Americans Are Safe.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Major General Chaffee has recommended that the United States troops now in China be withdrawn as soon as all the Americans in Pekin have reached places of safety. His cable despatch advising this and accumulating evidences of lack of harmony among the powers were the main subjects of discussion at today's cabinet meeting.

The President and all the members of the administration are anxious to get the troops out of China at the earliest possible date, but it can be said on authority that there will be no immediate withdrawal of forces unless there is an immediate change in conditions. There is a disposition in administration circles to believe that General Chaffee's recommendation was based on military considerations alone, and that he did not take political conditions into account when making it, though there is reason to think that his despatch was sent after consultation with Minister Conger.

Withdrawal of American troops will be considered permissible when the restoration of order and obtaining those guarantees for the protection of American life and property contemplated by Secretary Hay's note of July 3 can proceed without their presence. The withdrawal of the troops will be required if, through the declaration of war against China by one or more of the powers, a condition should arise which would, temporarily at least, interfere with the accomplishment of the objects which the United States had in view in cooperating with other nations. There is grave apprehension among members of the administration that such a condition of war may arise.

The statement in the Herald's special cable despatch from Pekin this morning that the Russian general asserted that his government had declared war on China has not yet been officially confirmed by either Minister Conger or General Chaffee, nor from St. Petersburg, but it agrees so well with information from various sources as to the intentions of Russia as to be regarded as representing the true situation. It is regarded as probable that knowledge of the attitude of the Russians greatly influenced General Chaffee after consultation with Minister Conger in sending his recommendation for the withdrawal of the American troops, these two officials realizing that this government had sent troops to China to accomplish definite objects, and would not desire to become involved in a war against the Chinese government which would almost inevitably be a war of conquest.

Should any of the powers declare war against China, or begin military operations not within the scope of such as may be necessary to attain the objects for which the United States is striving, the American troops will be withdrawn from Pekin at once, after assuring the safety of all Americans in that city, and pending any war that may follow this government will confine its attention solely to affording protection through its naval vessels by landing troops. If any of the powers embark in war against China, it will be with the ultimate object of acquiring territory.

The administration will do everything that can be done by peaceful means to prevent the dismemberment of China, but this country will not be plunged into war with any power or combination of powers to prevent that partition. It can be said authoritatively that the government will go no farther than to make a formal protest. Whether Great Britain and Japan, the two powers which stand by this country in opposition to the partition of the empire, would go any farther and use force to preserve the integrity of China is not known here.

Notwithstanding the measures adopted by the viceroys of southern China to prevent the anti-foreign demonstration, there was an outbreak today at Amoy, gravely endangering American interests. Consul Johnson, it is believed, has impressed the authorities with the seriousness of the outbreak at Amoy and the probability that it may lead to a revolt throughout southern China. In view of the gravity of the situation instructions were sent late this afternoon to Rear Admiral Remey at Taku, embodying the information from Mr. Johnson, and directing him to order a man of war to proceed at once to Amoy. Should the commander of the warship find American lives and property in danger he will land marines, otherwise not.

The Navy Department has impressed upon Admiral Remey the policy adopted by the President of landing men only for the specific purpose of protecting American life and property. American marines have not been landed at Shanghai, though British troops and French bluejackets are on shore on the spot, nor will they be unless a native uprising should occur and American interests be threatened.

In anticipation of trouble the Japanese consul at Amoy, which is one of the treaty ports of the province of Fukien, comprising the Japanese sphere of influence, requested his government to order several men of war to that point, and in compliance with his request two ships were sent, which undoubtedly landed the marines to whom Mr. Johnson refers.

BOXERS BEATEN BACK.

Defeated with Great Loss by Americans Near Tien Tsin.

LONDON, Aug. 24. Five hundred American troops participated in a signal defeat of Boxers outside Tien Tsin August 19. The fact is briefly reported from Vienna. Details of the engagement come from the Reuter agent at Tien Tsin in a despatch dated August 20.

In addition to the Americans the force consisted of 375 British and 200 Japanese, all under the British General Dorward. The fight took place at a village six miles southwest of Tien Tsin, where the allied forces found a considerable number of Boxers, whom they engaged, killing over 200 and taking 10 wounded prisoners, who were sent to the hospitals of the allies.

The village was burned. The Americans had five wounded, the Japanese six and the British none. Hundreds of Boxer flags, spears and swords were captured.

From Shanghai comes a report, qualified by the assertion that it is from purely Chinese sources, that the empress dowager, after proceeding one day's journey from Pekin, became terrified at the looting by General Tung Fuh Siang's troops and went back to Pekin.

A Chinese telegram from Tsinan Fu says that Prince Tuan has been captured by a detachment of the allies. Other Chinese messages record the formation of a provisional government in Pekin by the allies; but this appears to be a purely military measure and merely an elaboration of the scheme for dividing the city into sections for police purposes.

Li Hung Chang has received word that the allies entered Pekin easily, because the troops of General Tung Fuh Siang utterly refused to face the allies.

According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express Earl Li, recognizing the futility of an attempt to drive the foreigners from China, now professes conversion to reform principles.

Shanghai advices announce the receipt there of a Chinese official despatch asserting that Emperor Kwang Su has been found and rescued by the Japanese.

Messages from Tien Tsin report serious mortality among the American horses, owing to the heat.

Delayed advices to Reuter, dated Pekin, August 14, reiterate the statements regarding the treachery of the Chinese on the night before the relief. They had informed the members of the legations that orders had been issued to cease firing. This was followed by a desperate attack, and it was only the welcome sound of the cannon of the relieving force in the morning that renewed the courage of the foreigners. The correspondent adds:

"The Chinese admit having lost 3,000 in the various attacks upon the legations. Our rations dwindled to one pound a day, consisting of horseflesh and rice. When the American detachment attacked the whole Chinese force concentrated against them, leaving the Sha-Ho gate unwatched, whereupon the British entered there with the loss of a man."

General Gaselee, the commander of the British forces at Pekin, telegraphing from that place August 16, via Chefoo August 23, gives details of how he was disposing of his troops there. He says the British losses were extremely small, announces that he is very short of food, that he was arranging for convoys and that he hoped to assault the Imperial city that day when the men had been fed. The general also says the good spirits and endurance of the troops were beyond praise, and refers to the extremely arduous march, owing to the heat and heavy roads.

A despatch to a news agency from Shanghai, dated August 23, says eight survivors of the 11 English missionaries who started together from Shang Si have reached Hankow, after suffering frightful barbarities at the hands of the Chinese.

FLIGHT OF THE IMPERIAL FAMILY.

Emperor and Empress Supposed to be Bound for Tai Yuen Fu.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Acting Secretary Adee made public tonight the following despatch from Consul Fowler, at Chefoo, giving additional information bearing on events in Pekin:

"Chefoo (undated). Received August 23, midnight. Secretary of State, Washington: On the 23d the Japanese report that the emperor and empress left Pekin, the 14th, and rested at Wanshoushan, their supposed destination being Tai Yuan Fu (Taiyuenfu?). Shen Si. Prince Ching is believed to be in Pekin. Li Ping Heng has died. Half the population has left."

Tai Yuen Fu, the supposed destination of the imperial family, is the capital of Shen Si province, and is a large city of probably several hundred thousand inhabitants. Scattered throughout China are temporary palaces which the royal family occasionally occupy, and it is supposed one of these is at Tai Yuen Fu.

Prince Ching is a well known pro foreigner. Up to a very recent time he commanded a large garrison in the capital city, but a few weeks ago reports came that he had been shorn of his power. By his presence in the city he may be of great assistance to both the allies and the Chinese in bringing about an understanding.

Li Ping Heng is the general who was reported to have arrived in Pekin from the south with 10,000 troops during the latter part of July to assist the imperial armies in the capital. He was decidedly anti-foreign.

FITZSIMMONS WON.

Sharkey Kicked Out in the Second Round of a Sharp Fight.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24. To the satisfaction of 5,000 spectators Fitzsimmons showed tonight that in every respect he was the master of Sharkey, who was counted out in the second round. While the result was decisively fought, Sharkey came near springing a surprise. He started aggressive tactics as soon as the bell opened the first round, and a moment before that round ended the sailor landed a swing on the jaw that knocked Fitzsimmons flat upon the floor. The Cornishman was unquestionably in some distress from the effects of that punch, but the bell came to his rescue and in the ensuing minute which he had in his corner he recovered sufficiently to enable him to make a hurricane fight to a finish in the following round.

Fitz once again showed his tremendous hitting powers. He also illustrated the scientific principles of fighting, because he avoided many dangerous smashes and then stepped in with short, accurate hooks that clearly made the sailor break ground. It is safe to say that there was not a punch delivered by Fitz that did not take effect.

AT THE BATHING BEACH.

The business at Easton's beach suffered a relapse yesterday during the rain, though on such a day the bathing is pleasanter than in hot weather. The heat today caused another rush of bathers, and tomorrow the rush promises to be great; that is, if the sun is anything near as hot as today. The season at the beach has been one of the best in its history. This is partly due to the hot weather, which has continued long, and partly because the boarding houses on Bath road are having one of the best seasons they ever had, all being filled with boarders who are as regular at the beach as they are at meals.

MOSQUITOES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Department of Agriculture to Issue a Bulletin on This Subject.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The Department of Agriculture is about to issue a bulletin prepared by Entomologist L. O. Howard on the mosquito of the United States. It discusses their structure and biology, and indicates the difference in all stages of existence between the kinds of mosquitoes that transmit malaria and those that do not, and also discusses the subject of remedies.

Among other things, the bulletin says that since the opening up of the gold fields in Alaska and the great influx of miners and traders, knowledge of the abundance and ferocity of the Alaskan mosquitoes has become widespread, and government surveying parties in starting for Alaska for their summer work are in the habit of consulting the department for mosquito bite remedies. Those who were in Alaska the preceding year state that they never experienced or even imagined anything in the mosquito line quite equal to those found in our northern territory. About 250 species of mosquitoes are known, of which only about 30 have been found in the United States. The remedies for bites mentioned are glycerine, indigo and household ammonia.

PORTSMOUTH

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

By the deaths of Mr. Robert Elliott and Captain Alfred S. Chase Portsmouth loses two of her oldest citizens, the former being 82, the latter 77 years of age. Captain Chase leaves only one brother, Mr. Constant W. Chase, out of a large family of children. He also leaves a wife and an adopted daughter, Mary Agnes Chase. Mr. Chase was one of the last five members of the Marine Society of Newport, which recently disbanded. His illness had lasted many weeks and was of a very painful nature. Mr. Robert Elliott was well known in Newport and Portsmouth, having lived in each place a number of years and in each holding responsible positions. In this town he was head farmer at "Oakland" for the late August Belmont until the farm was sold to the late Cornelius Vanderbilt. Since the death of his wife a few years ago he has made his home with his children, and it was at the home of his oldest daughter, Mrs. Elbert A. Sisson, that he passed away. He leaves a large family of children, John A. and George Elliott of Middletown, Mrs. Elbert A. Sisson, Mrs. Abner P. Lawton, Mrs. H. Frank Anthony and William J. Elliott of Portsmouth, and Mrs. Clarence A. Carr of Newport, also a brother in Newport and 15 grandchildren.

Mr. and Mrs. Overfield of Conway, N. Y., are visiting friends in Portsmouth and Bristol.

Miss Cora Peck and Miss Lettie Sherman are visiting their sister, Mrs. C. Herbert Chase of Somerset.

Master Gideon Almy has gone to the hospital for an operation on his nose.

Mr. M. B. Means, who has been spending the week in Little Compton, went to Swansea today, and does not expect to return to this section again this year.

Miss May Hall of North Providence is spending a fortnight with Mr. and Mrs. William F. Brayton.

William Bailey of Middletown was guest, Thursday of Mrs. Eliza L. Rogers and Mrs. Ann L. Hughes.

Miss Helen B. Sherman and Miss Edith Rathbone, who have been spending several weeks at Block Island, have returned home.

Miss Susie Littlefield has gone to Rockland, Me., to visit her parents.

Miss Ruth Hall of Bristol Ferry has been visiting Miss Carrie Tallman at the Bay View House at Tiverton.

Mrs. C. Herbert Chase has been guest of her mother, Mrs. William T. Sherman.

Tuesday a party from Pleasant View enjoyed a picnic at Island Park and were entertained by Mrs. Charles Grinnell.

Miss Ann Augusta Manchester is guest of Mrs. Charles Carr at Sandy Point farm.

Mr. Clifton T. Holman, who has qualified as a substitute rural letter carrier at South Portsmouth, performed his first duties yesterday, in place of Mr. Abner P. Anthony.

CAME TO DRESS HIM.

When Sir George Turner of Victoria, Australia, went to London for the Jubilee celebration, two flunkeys were told off to attend upon him at the Hotel Cecil. Being a man of exceedingly simple tastes and accustomed to do everything for himself, he was greatly astounded when one of the servants came into his room and said: "I've come to dress you, sir." "Come to dress me, have you?" was Sir George's reply. "Get out. Do you think I can't dress myself?" At last he got so sick of the sight of these same servants that he summoned his orderly and gave him instructions to make them both drunk. "My orderly," Sir George told a friend afterward, "was an old soldier. He knew how to obey orders."

Jell-O, the New Dessert,
Pleases all the family. Four flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10c. Try it today.

A Sore Spot
Disappears at once when rubbed with JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. It's the foe to inflammation in any part of the body. For 90 years it has been a household remedy famous for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises—nearly 150 ailments and diseases.
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
[illegible] I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

A PILL A DAY
One of Parson's Pills every day for a week will do more to cure Biliousness, Sick Headache and Constipation, and all Liver and Bowel Complaints, than a whole box of irritating, drastic pills or remedies.
Put up in glass phials, boxed, etc.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

JOHN S. LANGLEY,
Funeral Director
—AND—
EMBALMER.
Frederick E. Langley,
ASSISTANT.
Office 14 Franklin St. Residence 1 School St.
Telephone at office and residence

Our Line of Wheels
COLUMBIAS, $50, $60, $75 and $80. HARTFORDS, $35.
STORMERS, $30 and $35. PENNANTS, $25.
SPAULDING NYACKS, $25.
Repairing of all kinds. Carriage tires a specialty. Renting and teaching.
C. C. & A. H. POPPLE, 134 Bellevue Avenue.

PROVISIONS.

The Kind You're Looking for
Lamb chops, tender and juicy; steak which requires no axe; beef and mutton of the same high grade—in fact all kinds of meat but poor meat—are constantly to be found at Norbury's meat market. We quote for Friday and Saturday: Legs of mutton, 12c. to 15c. lb; forequarters mutton, 5c. to 6c. lb; best cuts of roast beef, 14c; other cuts as low as 10c. lb; steaks of all kinds are lower; spare ribs just arrived.
SPOT CASH MARKET,
COR. MARLBOROUGH AND THAMES STS.

MICHAEL'S
Pate de foie Gras
In tins and terrines. All sizes.
Pates au Naturel, Pates en Croute, Mauviettes, Financiere Caille, etc.
—AT—
Sea Side Market.

The Celebrated
Sweet Briar Hams
FOR OUR
Philadelphia and New York Trade.
F. B. Coggeshall,
2 Washington Square.
Telephone 240

JOHN BLUCK & CO.,
CHOICE
Meats, Vegetables, Poultry.
103 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

COAL AND WOOD.

Complete assortment of family
COAL
Such as Lykens Valley, Susquehanna, Wilkesbarre, Old Co's Lehigh, etc
Also Walnut, Oak, Maple and Pine **WOOD.**
Pinniger & Manchester
311 Thames Street, Perry Mill Wharf.

The Great "Has Been" is Out of the Race,
as well as the "might have been," but your great COAL bin, when filled with Pittston White Ash Coal, good and clean, "is right in it" with any coal in this market for all intended purposes. Our Pittston Coal costs less, because it goes farther, and goes farther because it is best. A particularly handsome cargo of Chestnut now discharging by
The Gardiner B. Reynolds Co.,
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

WAGONS GIVEN FREE
For 40 Ozone Soap Trade Marks,
2 Ozone Starch Trade Marks, and
2 Ozone Washing Powder Trade Marks
A Pretty and Useful Wagon. Regular size with Spoked Wheels as shown in cut.

GIVEN AWAY AT

U. G. Scott's, Bicycle Dealer,
342 THAMES ST., NEWPORT, R. I.

OZONE SOAP
TRADE-MARK
OZONE WASHING POWDER
TRADE-MARK
OZONE STARCH

The three kinds of Trade Marks must be presented for wagon. All first-class stores sell the Ozone goods.

Window Signs
In Great Variety.
The following cards for the window are on sale at the Daily News Job Office. Price 10c. each, or 3 for 25c.:
To Let.
Tenement To Let.
Furnished Rooms To Let.
Rooms To Let.
Furnished Rooms To Let With Board.
Furnished Rooms To Let With or Without Board.
Rooms and Board.
Meals at All Hours.
Table Board.
Boarding.
For Sale.
For Sale or For Rent.
Oysters.
Hot Coffee.
The office has a large assortment of wood type and can furnish other card signs in good style at short notice.
207 Thames Street.

CLOTHING.

BLACK TROUSERINGS
A beautiful line of the celebrated Martin's Black Trouserings at a low price.
W. C. LANGLEY & SON
174 Thames Street.

The only place where correct and graceful liveries and riding breeches are made to order is
244 Thames Street.
EDWARD OTTO,
Custom Tailor.

Our 20th Century Styles

Cover everything in straw, split straws, rough and readies, mackinaws, etc. Natty, well-made and durable, these hats will keep their shape, color and newness to the end of the season. It never pays to buy something that will look like a castoff recalled, before its probation is over. Under our straws no one need give bail for his appearance. From 50c. up.
NEIL McLENNAN,
163 THAMES STREET.

Speaking of Dress,
Would not a Nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?
Come in and let me show you a complete line of the above goods.
J. K. McLENNAN, 196 Thames St.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

For Sale.
AT A BARGAIN
If purchased before September 1. Dwelling, Stable and about five acres of land on Harrison avenue.
DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE.

For Sale,
At a reasonable price, the
INGERSOLL ESTATE on the CLIFFS,
Together with the land on the westerly side thereof, running to the Avenue.
JOHN WHIPPLE.

INSURANCE
Of every description written at reduced rates in strongest companies.
A. S. SHERMAN,
MERCHANTS BANK.

For Sale,
Dwelling and Stable on Rhode Island Ave.
Dwelling with about 20,000 feet of land on Old Beach Road.
All modern improvements.
For terms apply to
WM. G. WARD, JR.
169 THAMES STREET.

YOUR POLICY
IS IN FORCE OR RUN OUT.
Insurance
IS GOOD PROTECTION AGAINST LOSS BY
FIRE.
CLARENCE A. HAMMETT, Agent,
323 THAMES STREET.

Summer Cottages
Season of 1900.
To Rent
Several cottages at Renfrew Park, near Newport Beach, 5 minutes' walk from the electric railway. Cottages have from 10 to 12 rooms, and are handsomely furnished, with open fireplaces, decorated ceilings, exposed plumbing and sanitary drainage. Healthy location, view unsurpassed, excellent lawns, large stables for accommodation of horses and carriages. Grounds kept in order by experienced gardeners. Bath house on beach with each cottage. Address for pamphlet P. J. Murphy, 165 Spring street, and all real estate agents.

BICYCLES.

Steam and Gasoline Carriages
Repaired and taken care of, also supplies, oils, waste and parts.
I repair typewriters, sewing machines, cash registers, bicycles, engines and boilers.
Knives and scissors sharpened.
Let me know your wants by telephone No. 155-5. I will call and give prompt attention.
GEO. W. SMITH,
MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.
8 MARLBORO STREET.

Accidents will happen in the best regulated families, especially when you are learning to ride a wheel, but if you have a high-grade ORIENT wheel you will not injure it by the roughest usage. They are well made, light and put together as if it was only one piece. We are selling a handsome wheel for $50 and $65; chainless $75.
SPORTING GOODS AND EDISON PHONOGRAPHS.
U. G. SCOTT, 362 Thames Street.
Telephone 202-4.

DRINK
Eureka Spring Water
SUBMITTED FOR EXAMINATION AT THE RHODE ISLAND STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND TO THE CHEMIST OF THE RHODE ISLAND AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION AND PROVEN TO BE EXCEPTIONALLY PURE.
SUPPLIED BY
B. EARL ANTHONY,
South Portsmouth,
Or for sale by first-class grocers.

Strangers' Directory.

Armory of Newport Artillery, Clarke street.

U. S. Naval Training Station, Coasters' Harbor Island—Open to visitors from 3 P. M. till sunset daily. Band concerts daily from 3:15 to 4:15. Sunday services at 10:45 A. M.

Fort Adams—Signal drill from 1 to 2:30 P. M., and guard mount and dress parade at 11 A. M. daily except Saturdays and Sundays, when held at 9 A. M. Battalion drill immediately after dress parade. Band concerts Tuesdays and Fridays at 3:30.

Fort Greble—Fort Greble, Dutch Island, commanding the western passage to Narragansett Bay. Steamer Sylvan Shore leaves Newport on Thursdays at 2 P. M., stopping one hour at Fort Greble for convenience of visitors desiring to return by boat.

Newport Casino, Bellevue avenue. Concerts daily, except Sundays, from 11 to 1. Evening concerts Sunday and Wednesday evenings.

Redwood Library, Bellevue avenue—Open to visitors daily, Sundays excepted, from 12 M. to 2 P. M. Open to subscribers from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

People's Library, 260 Thames street—Open from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily (except on Sundays), and on Saturdays until 9 P. M.

Trinity Church, corner of Church and Spring streets, open week days to visitors from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Historical Rooms and Natural History Society Rooms, Touro street—Open daily, Sundays excepted, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Visitors are cordially invited.

Sailboats in charge of experienced boatmen to be found at all hours at Kinsley's wharf; sail or rowboats also at Long and Spring wharves.

Drags for Easton's beach and running the entire length of Bellevue avenue to be found at the boats and cars and at all times on Washington square.

Electric Street Cars connect at Commercial wharf for Beach, Mile Corner, Morton Park and Fall River.

Beaches—Easton's Beach, at foot of Bath road; Sachuest, or Second beach, one mile east of of Easton's. Bailey's beach, at foot of Bellevue avenue.

Whitehall—Home of Bishop Berkeley, built in 1728, off Berkeley avenue, Middletown. Keys may be obtained at the adjoining place.

Places of Interest—Forty Steps, on Cliffs, foot of Narragansett avenue; Spouting Rock, west end of Bailey's beach; Paradise and Hanging Rocks, north of Second beach; Purgatory, west end of Second beach. Miantonomi Hill, end of Malbone road, off Broadway.

Cliff Walk—Extending from Easton's to Bailey's beaches, past the residences of Cammells, Goelets, H. McK. Twombly, the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, John R. Drexel, Perry Belmont, Hermann Oelrichs, the Astors, Dr. G. N. Bell, W. K. and F. W. Vanderbilt, E. T. Gerry, H. Mortimer Brooks, C. W. Lippitt and others. Open to the public.

Drives—Bellevue avenue, from Jewish Cemetery to Bailey's beach; Ocean avenue, "ten mile drive," from Bailey's beach along the south shore, by Grave's Point, Bateman's, Castle Hill, Fort Adams, Brenton's Cove, along the crest of Halidon Hill with its superb views of the harbor, the islands and the bay; West road, from Broadway to Bristol Ferry, nine miles, by Lawton's Valley, the Coal mines and Portsmouth Grove, with full view of the bay; East road, from Broadway to Stone Bridge, twelve miles; Paradise road, from Second beach, by Hanging Rocks to Indian avenue; Indian avenue, continuing north along East shore.

OFFICIAL POSTOFFICE GUIDE.

June 1, 1900

Office hours—7 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays, 8 to 9:30 a. m.; 8 to 9 p. m.

Money Order and Registry Department open from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Registered mail opens 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Closes 5:30 and 6 p. m.

Carriers' Delivery at 8 a. m., 2 and 1:30 p. m.

Local mail should be posted at office 15 minutes before departure of carriers.

Carriers' Letters may be called for on Sunday mornings from 8 to 9:30; week day evenings from 7:30 to 9.

Special Delivery until 6 p. m.

OPENING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

New York City and Foreign—Open 8:00 a. m.; 1:50, 4:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30 a. m.; 12:30, 3:30, 7:10, 10:00 p. m.

New York State—Open 8:10, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m.; 12:30, 2:30, 3:30, 7:10, 10:00 p. m.

Boston and Eastern—Open 8:00, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 6:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m.; 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 10:00 p. m.

Providence, R. I.—Open 8:00, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 6:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30 a. m.; 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 7:10, 10:00 p. m.

Connecticut—Open 8:00, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 6:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30 a. m.; 12:30, 7:10, 10:00 p. m.

Fall River and New Bedford—Open 8:00, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 6:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 10:30 a. m.; 2:30, 4:30, 10:00 p. m.

Bristol Ferry, Tiverton and Little Compton—Open 8:00, 9:30 a. m.; 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30 a. m.; 4:30 p. m.

Jamestown, R. I.—Open 9:30 a. m.; 2:30, 6:30 p. m. Close 8:00 a. m.; 1:00, 6:00 p. m.

Block Island, R. I.—Open 10:30 a. m. Close 1:00 p. m.

South Portsmouth, R. I.—Open 1:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 7:30 a. m.; 1:30 p. m.

Portsmouth, R. I.—Open 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 7:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30 p. m.

Mails open Sundays at 8 a. m. Mails close Sundays at 9 p. m.

STREET LETTER BOX COLLECTIONS

	A. M.		P. M.
Aquidneck House	6:00	10:00	[illegible]
Ayrault—Greenough,	4:30	10:00	5:30
Beach—Red Cross,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Bellevue—Bath Road,	6:00	11:00	[illegible]
Bellevue—Bellevue Ct.,	6:00	11:00	[illegible]
Bellevue—Bancroft ave.,	6:00		6:30
Bellevue—Church (Reading Room),	5:00	11:00	7:00
Bellevue ave. (Gerry's),	6:00		[illegible]
Bellevue—Leroy ave.,	6:00		[illegible]
Bellevue—Narragansett,	6:00	11:00	[illegible]
Bellevue—Pelham,	6:00	11:00	7:00
Bellevue—Victoria,	6:00		[illegible]
Broadway—Bull,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Broadway—Caleb Earl,	4:00	9:30	5:00
Broadway—Gould,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
Broadway—Powel ave.,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
Broadway—Mile Cor.,	4:00		5:00
Broadway—Whitehall,	4:00	9:30	5:00
Casino,	6:00	11:00	[illegible]
Cliff avenue,	4:30		[illegible]
Catherine—Elizabeth,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Catherine—Gibbs,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Catherine—Greenough,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Cottage,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Gould—Warner,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
Hall—Van Zandt ave.,	4:00		5:00
Kay—Ayrault,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Kay—Brinley,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Kay—Touro,	6:00	11:00	[illegible]
N. Y. Yacht Club,	6:00	11:00	7:00
Ochre Point,	6:00		[illegible]
Passenger Depot, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.,	4:00	9:30	5:00
Pelham—Corne,	6:00	10:00	[illegible]
Perry House,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Rhode Island—Francis,	4:30	10:00	[illegible]
Rhode Island—Hope,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
Spring—Dearborn,	5:00	10:30	[illegible]
Spring—Mill,	6:00	10:30	[illegible]
Spring—Touro,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Thames—Bridge,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
Thames—Church,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Thames—Dean ave.,	5:30	10:30	[illegible]
Thames—Denniston,	5:30	10:30	[illegible]
Thames—Dixon,	5:30	10:30	[illegible]
Thames—Green,	6:00	11:00	[illegible]
Thames—Mary,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Thames—Mill,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Thames—Pelham,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Third—Cherry,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
Third—Poplar,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
U. S. Hotel,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Washington—Elm,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
Washington Square,	5:00	11:00	[illegible]
Willow—Second,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]
West Broadway—Oak,	4:00	9:30	[illegible]

SUNDAYS—One Collection from the Street Letter Boxes one-half hour earlier than last daily schedule.

CALL AND SEE OUR
New Line of Harnesses
Before buying. It will pay you.
Fly Nets, 50c. each.
Geo. Gratrix, 96 Broadway.

MANY NOVELTIES.

Pan-American Exposition Will be Profuse in New Attractions.

The Midway Will be a World's Fair in Itself, Surpassing All Others.

According to the inspired testimony of the Apostle St. Paul, the ancient Greeks were always craving some new thing. They had great appetites for novelty. That describes the state of mind of the average visitor to an exposition. He wants to see plenty of things he has never seen before, to be amused, to be astonished, to be filled with delighted surprise. He loves to have his curiosity stimulated, to be mystified, to be thrilled with expectancy, to experience a multitude of novel and exciting sensations; in other words, he will consent to be instructed if the education is interlarded with plenty of things which are entertaining. We are all children when it comes to matters of this kind. We may find infinite instruction and a high and holy satisfaction in viewing the products of the soil which tell of the natural resources of this or that country or state, or the products of the loom or mill or other manufactory which speak of man's industry and the activity of his hand and brain. But however interesting the exhibits—and those of the Pan-American will be especially interesting as well as instructive—the average visitor looks for something besides these to satisfy that craving with which he is possessed for something wonderful and startling and absolutely new.

In getting up a great exposition and one which will make money for the holders of its stock and bonds, the weaknesses of human nature in this respect must be taken into consideration, and so the management of the Pan-American has planned to make it dignified and educational in a high degree, it is true, but attractive in the extreme to the pleasure seeker as well. The exposition as a whole will attract and delight by its beauty of color and form and the novelty of its many features, but on the Midway the visitor will find the most profuse and diverting entertainment ever afforded, not even excepting the famous Midway of the Chicago's World's Fair.

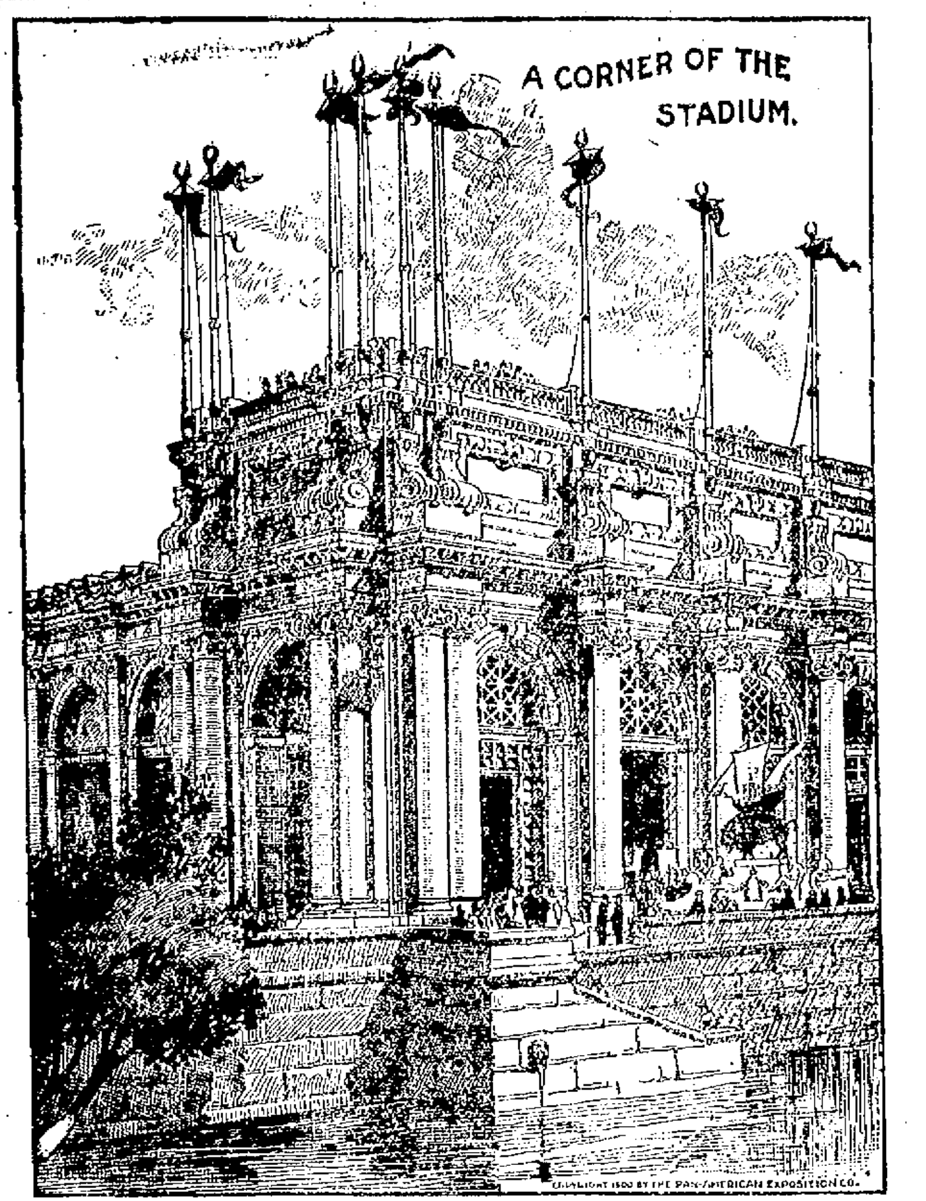
The exhibits of the exposition proper will be confined to the countries of the Western hemisphere, but once on the Midway the visitor will see strange sights from all quarters of the globe and may even take a trip to the moon. To almost every one there is a strong fascination in witnessing the strange customs of savage or semi-civilized peoples, in listening to their weird melodies, the beating of their tom-toms, or in watching their wild and passionate movements in the dance. One of the delights of foreign travel consists in just such opportunities as this. For some reason, civilized and enlightened, polished and cultured man has a peculiar relish for the vagaries and superstitions of his brother who occupies a lower stage in the scale of evolution. He revels in seeing his fellowman go about in the garments nature gave him with the addition of a breech-cloth, paint on the face or feathers in the hair. And despite his attachment to frock coats and silk hats and starched linen for his own garb, he will rue the day when his black or brown brother ceases to wear rings in his nose and next to nothing on his person.

On the Midway the Pan-American visitor will touch elbows with the Bedouin Arab, the Hottentot chief, the Hindu fakir, the Mexican cliff-dweller, the Filipino from our own possessions, the Venetian gondolier, and the Roumanian villagers, not to mention the red men of the Western plains and the black men of the Southern plantations.

The Midway is an adjunct of expositions that has evolved from the side show stage to that of a world's fair in itself, and at the Pan-American will occupy a position greater in importance than has the Midway of any previous exposition. When it is stated that the Pan-American Midway will cost not less than $2,500,000 of itself, it can readily be seen that it must be a very extensive affair. The money expended on this feature of the Pan-American will be more than the cost of the entire Omaha exposition. The street frontage will be four-fifths of a mile in length. Both in size and excellence of attractions it will be greater than the Midway of the Chicago World's Fair.

The hundreds of thousands of readers of the Cosmopolitan magazine have laughed till their sides ached over the clever pictures of the Inferno, up-to-date and vastly improved since Dante's time, with all kinds of modern inventions for the punishment of sinners, which that magazine has published the last summer in serial form. Before these pictures came out in the Cosmopolitan the same idea was worked up as a feature for the "Darkness and Dawn" concession of the Pan-American. In pursuing his journey through this Inferno the Pan-American tourist will see some sights such as Dante witnessed in the realm of the Prince of Darkness and will pass over seas of fire and boiling lakes where unfortunate souls are reaping the reward of their earthly misdeeds. To relieve the strain upon his nerves of these terrible sights and sounds, there will be in some caverns of Hades more jocular scenes such as Arthur Young, the Cosmopolitan artist, has portrayed, showing the punishments meted out to umbrella borrowers, to those who talk rashly and in the other world are compelled to eat their own words, to bad cooks and shyster lawyers, etc, etc. After the tour through Gehenna the visitor is taken to the foot of the golden staircase and given a glimpse of heaven as a reward for his fortitude in looking upon the tortures of the damned. The illusions of this Midway feature are remarkable and baffling. The building for the "Darkness and Dawn" is now under roof, but the grass is still growing where the lake of fire is to surge and there is no water yet in the River Styx, over which Charon will ferry the wondering traveler in 1901.

Another concession, the building for which is now erected, is that of the Old Plantation which will reproduce an old-time Southern plantation before the war with its stately and spacious mansion, cabins for the slaves, cotton fields and cotton pickers and other characteristic scenes of the Sunny South in the old slave days. It will be, of course, the brighter side of slavery which will be represented, with happy darkies dancing and singing before their cabin doors as they did before North and South engaged in bloody warfare over the question of their freedom. The famous Shelby cabin, the former home of the old slave from whose life Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe sketched the principal character of her immortal "Uncle Tom's Cabin," now owned by the Shelby family, will be removed to Buffalo in sections for this exhibit and returned to its owner after the exposition. The Old Plantation will include a spacious theatre where regular performances of old-time minstrelsy will be given regularly every day. Over 200 genuine Southern darkies will be employed in this concession.


A CORNER OF THE STADIUM.
COPYRIGHT 1900 BY THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION CO.

Space will not permit the enumeration of all the features of the Pan-American Midway, but one more must be mentioned, the Beautiful Orient, under the direction of Gaston Akoun, who was awarded this concession out of 12 competitors for similar privileges. It is a display of the charms of the East, both romantic and realistic, and includes a street in Cairo, street in Constantinople, street in Morocco, street in Tunis, street in Algeria, street in Tripoli and street in Teheran, representing typical scenes in these various portions of the Orient. Besides these there will be a Bedouin Arab encampment, a bazar, two theatres and the "Oriental Garden," altogether a dazzling and bewildering array of fascinations for the curious and pleasure-seeking. In the centre of the Beautiful Orient" will be an extensive plaza, representing one of the holy places of Mecca, where the Mohammedans of different countries will meet as if on pilgrimages. The muezzin will call the faithful to prayer and the tourist will witness an Oriental wedding, the departure of the sacred carpet to Mecca with the sacred bull, and a realistic representation of the famous Algerian "Grand Fantasia" by a troup of genuine red warrior Spahis, with their feats of wild riding, shooting and mimic fighting.

The adventurous exposition visitor will be attracted especially by the "Trip to the Moon" and by the Thompson Aerio-Cycle, the invention of Frederic Thompson, which will be the altitudinous novelty of the Exposition and will be to the Pan-American what the Ferris Wheel was to the World's Fair.

There are at least a dozen more leading features of this Midway, not including smaller but nevertheless interesting attractions, and it is clear that to "do" the Midway properly, not to mention the exposition itself, will require several days' time.

from the south, through the beautiful

As one enters the exposition grounds wooded Delaware park, which forms part of the grounds, one comes, after passing the Albright Art Gallery, the New York building and the Park Lake, to the grand approach and forecourt, from which the first general view of the main exposition buildings will be obtained. Immediately beyond is the Triumphal bridge, crossing what are to be known as the Mirror lakes, charming stretches of water opening out from the Grand canal, that encircles the grounds, their margin bordered by luxuriant plants, with brilliant foliage and fragrant blossoms. Beyond the bridge is the spacious Esplanade, capable of accommodating 250,000 persons, about which some of the principal buildings are grouped.

The plan to take the visitor into the midst of the exposition in all its glory by such an entrance as this was a happy conception. There is first the natural woodland and then are seen through the trees and shrubbery the vistas of meadow and hillside, lake and winding roadway and the gleaming white of the marble Art Gallery and the New York state building, which stand apart from the main group upon commanding sites in Delaware park itself. So skilfully is the work of the landscape architect being done that when the task is completed the visitor will be unable to tell where this park has been grafted on, as it were, to the newly-made park in which the main exposition buildings are placed. He will pass up the slight incline of the grand approach until when on a level with the triumphal bridge the sweep of vision will include nearly all the largest buildings of the exposition, with the stately and imposing electric tower directly in front across the Esplanade and the Court of Fountains. The approach and forecourt now present a bare scene as the grading is being done which will make this such an effective entrance way, the grandeur of the scene impressing the visitor more and more as he ascends the plateau upon which the main group of buildings stands.

It is here to the left of the Triumphal bridge in a most richly embellished portion of the grounds that one of the most attractive features of the whole Exposition will be located, the Music gardens. When weary of inspecting exhibits and gazing upon the multitude of wonderful collections in the great buildings near by, the tired sight-seer will come here to rest among the flowers and shrubbery and listen to the concerts which will be regular features of the afternoons and evenings at the exposition. There will be numerous band stands throughout the grounds, and in the Temple of Music on the other side of the Esplanade concerts will also be given and musical programs rendered of a formal character. The formal outdoor concerts will be given at the Music gardens, and the music will be furnished by the most famous musical organizations in the world. Not only will the best that the American continent affords in the way of band music be obtained, but Europe will be ransacked for musical talent for the entertainment of Pan-American visitors. The music committee contemplates the engagement of five leading organizations, all of which shall be employed continuously upon the grounds during the hours fixed for musical programs. Among these organizations will be Sousa's band, which has been engaged for four weeks, the Mexican Mounted band from the City of Mexico, and possibly the Garde Republicaine band of Paris. All this music will be absolutely free to the visitor once he has paid his fee of admission to the grounds. There will be no extra charge for any music except, of course, that furnished on the Midway. In this way the general idea of making the exposition as attractive as possible in every way is carried out and all the senses will be appealed to in the effort to entertain. The charm of the exposition as a whole will thus be increased without in the least diminishing its value as an educational enterprise and designed to further the material ends of trade and commerce.

It is interesting to note that the exposition, which is to illustrate the growth and development of Pan-America, is already attracting attention among the nations of the Old World. Doubtless as the time for opening the gates into this twentieth century Garden of the Hesperides approaches the people of England and the Continent of Europe will have an opportunity to learn more about the wonderful display the Western continent is to make at Buffalo. As an instance of the interest already awakened, an article in the London Express may be cited. It is about one column and a half in length and gives English readers a glowing description of what the exhibit of the two Americas at Buffalo is to be. In the course of it, the writer, Walter J. Kingsley, sums up thus the lofty aims of the exposition and the varied attractions it will possess:

"The Pan-American exposition—what a title of enticement is that to the Old World traveler who, dimly apprehending the manifold wonders of the Western World, whose eastern edge Columbus saw widening beyond the breakers more than 400 years ago, is thrilled by the Grecian 'Pan,' suggesting to him both its ancient symbolism of wild nature and its modern sense of all-embracing scope! He feels at last that the Americas have been epitomized, have been condensed in all their fascinating features into the space of some square miles and that in the city of Buffalo, the Queen of the Ocean Lakes, within sight and sound of Niagara Falls, he can, in 1901, with little exertion and in extremity of delight, realize to himself amid surroundings of beauty all that has been done from Behring's strait to Magellan's in the four centuries since the sway of savagery was broken in upon. Buffalo will be a great centre of tourist travel next year, for she is working out with gold and genius and splendid patience an exposition, not of world-girdling ambition, but of uniform brilliancy excluding all sordid, mean, and common features; an exposition that will sum up the total of Caucasian achievement in North and South America and the West Indies, and will show in their habit as they live the Esquimaux of the North, the Sioux of the plains, the Apache of the scorched southern mountains, the Mexican children of the Aztecs, and the varied wretched savages of the Andes and the pampas. Few parts of the world are less known to Europeans than the bulk of the Americas, and the jaded traveler of England and the Continent, tired with familiar sights and scenes, will find in Buffalo an Eldorado of beauty and wonderment in shapes both strange and new—De Soto's dream a reality."

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10c.

PERSONALS.

....Before starting on his vacation recently, Judge Oliver H. Horton of Chicago sent to the bureau of charities 12,000 street car tickets and 1,000 steamboat tickets, to be used in giving poor children of the city a day's pleasure.

....A portrait of the late Walter Q. Gresham, Secretary of State under President Cleveland, will have a place of honor in the galleries of the Emperor of Japan. This is to be done as a tribute to Mr. Gresham's services in negotiating the treaty between the United States and Japan, which was adopted during Cleveland's second term.

....President Gary of the Federal Steel Company is to build a Methodist church at Wheaton, Ill., as a memorial to Mr. and Mrs. Erastus Gary, his father and mother, who for a lifetime resided in Wheaton and were closely identified with the religious life of that place. The building will cost between $50,000 and $75,000.

....Kogoro Takahira, the new Japanese minister at Washington, has been in the diplomatic service 25 years. He is a graduate of Tokio University, and has been a minister to both Holland and Italy.

....Senator Morgan says he is in better health now than he has been for 10 years past, and indignantly resents any intimation that he is getting feeble, though he is indeed slowly losing weight and his voice is weak. He is now 76 years old, but his friends say he will stay in the Senate until he is 80. He is now at Warm Springs, Va.

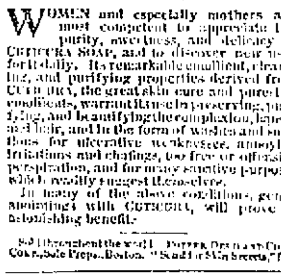
....Dr. George Robertson Sinclair, organist of Hereford Cathedral, England, has been awarded the greatest musical prize, with the exception of the conductorship of the triennial festival that Birmingham can bestow. He has been appointed conductor of the Festival Choral Society, succeeding the late Dr. Swinnerton Heap.

GOSHEN, ILL.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Dear Sirs:—Some days since a package of your GRAIN-O preparation was left at my office. I took it home and gave it a trial, and I have to say I was very much pleased with it, as a substitute for coffee. We have always used the best Java and Mocha in our family, but I am free to say I like the GRAIN-O as well as the best coffee I ever drank.

Respectfully yours, A. C. JACKSON, M. D.



WOMEN and especially mothers are most competent to appreciate the purity, sweetness, and delicacy of CUTICURA SOAP, and to discover new uses for it daily. Its remarkable emollient, cleansing, and purifying properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients, warrant its use in preserving, purifying, and beautifying the complexion, hands, and hair, and in the form of washes and solutions for ulcerative weaknesses, annoying irritations and chafings, too free or offensive perspiration, and for many sanative purposes which readily suggest themselves.

In many of the above conditions, gentle anointings with CUTICURA, will prove of astonishing benefit.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "Send for Skin Secrets," free.

Halleck's Gilt Edge Potato Digger

Was tried and found to be a perfect two-horse machine to dig the potatoes, and the machine was sold at once. Any farmer who wishes one will do well to order it at once, as they are very scarce.

I have a small quantity of Hungarian and Millet Seed left.

Also Budlong's White Rock French Turnip and Round Turnip, all kinds.

Mason and Royal Preserve Jars, in pints, quarts and two quarts.

Screen Doors, from 90c. to $1.25.

Window Screens, from 25c. to 40c.

Lawn Mowers, from $3 up.

Harry L. DeBlois, 80 Broadway.

Peter Faerber

Manufacturer of High-Grade

Carbonated Beverages.

All goods are manufactured from distilled water which for purity is unexcelled.

24 Bath Road.
TELEPHONE 230.

HORSE-SHOEING.

We still continue to shoe horses opposite the old stand on Ferry wharf.

J. B. BACHELLER

MODERN WEAPONS.

[Richard Stillman Powell, in Brooklyn Life.]

Upon the road to Nan's abode
I met that knavish coward,
Dan Cupid, and I bade him stand,
Explain his conduct froward.
Said I: "I'm bound this gaping wound
That pains unto my marrow
And will not heal you did not deal
With any paltry arrow?"

"Faith, then," said he, "times change, you see,
And customs change along, sir;
And what of old was good as gold
Today's not worth a song, sir.
So—lackaday, I've thrown away
Archaic weapons now, sir;
And, letting bow and arrows go,
Am hunting with a Mauser!"

FANCIES.

Mrs. Bunney—Six motherless children, you say? And can't you find work?

Tramp—Oh, they're not old enough for that yet, ma'am.—[Brooklyn Life.

"Hush, not so loud! We're having a conference of the powers."

"Eh! Who is conferring?"

"My wife, my mother-in-law and the cook!"—[Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Bertha—Oh, Nellie, I am so happy! Freddy last night told me he loved me.

Nellie—Yes; Freddy is such a warm-hearted fellow! Really, I don't believe he actually hates anybody.—[Boston Transcript.

"Jane, how do you feel towards me?"

"John, I can't tell you until I know how you feel towards me."

"Well, but you know that all depends on how you feel towards me."—[Indianapolis Journal.

"'Mandy," said her elderly relative, "that young Spoonamore hasn't a cent to his name. You would be simply crazy to marry him!"

"I am, auntie," replied Miss 'Mandy.—[Chicago Tribune.

Kind stranger—My little man, do you not get dreadfully tanned in the summer?

Little Johnny—Naw. Paw licks me in summer; but de teacher tans me every day in de winter.—[Baltimore American.

Mrs. Greene—When Charles comes home late at night I always give him a good talking to.

Mrs. Gray—When Jack comes home late, I say nothing, but let him do the talking. In that way, you see, I find out just what condition he is in.—[Boston Transcript.

Sallie DeWitte—That's Mrs. Allie Moneigh. She has been married and divorced five times.

Noel Little—How remarkable for one so young in appearance! Her matrimonial reigns must have been very short.

Sallie DeWitte—Mere showers!—[Brooklyn Life.

"I don't see any sense in these collecting fads," said Mr. Woophe.

"Nor I," agreed Mr. Goophe.

"Why, some of these fellows seem to make a regular passion of it. They make me tired! And he gazed out of the window, and glared at the rent-collector, who had just left.—[Baltimore American.

MENU FOR MONDAY.

The time for words has passed, and deeds alone suffice.—[Whittier.

Breakfast.
Berries.
Cream of Wheat with Cream.
Hamburg Steak, Brown Sauce.
Potato Chips.
Dried Toast. Muffins.
Iced Coffee.
Luncheon.
Sardine Sandwiches.
Potato Croquettes.
Creamed Peas.
Rolls. Iced Coffee.
Dinner.
Cream of Asparagus Soup.
Roast Beef. Browned Potatoes.
Carrots. Corn Fritters.
Stuffed Tomatoes. Iced Cucumbers.
Berry Pie.
Demi Tasse.

Potato Croquettes—To two cupfuls of mashed potatoes add the beaten yolks of two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of cream, one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, one teaspoonful of butter, one tablespoonful of onion juice, one teaspoonful of salt and a dash of cayenne. Mix well, turn into a small saucepan and stir over the fire until the mixture recedes from the sides of the pan. Remove from the fire, and when cool form into cylinders. Dip into egg, roll in bread crumbs and fry in boiling fat.

Malaria. Malaria

There is considerable malaria in town and we have put in a stock of

Dr. Miles's Malaria Cure

to meet the demand for such a remedy.

If you are a sufferer and wish to try a nostrum that is safe and reliable we would be pleased to give you particulars on inquiry.

The Hub Pharmacy,
E. S. Blumenkranz, Dispensing Pharmacist.
170 Thames St., Cor. Mary.
TELEPHONE 243-4.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Fancy and Plain Cakes and Candies
Always onhand. We have also
CHOCOLAT CREMES
LYON & COMPANY.
NEW YORK—CHICAGO.
Lyon's Celebrated Chocolate Creams on sale.
Chas. F. Frasch.

Thoroughbred Persian Kittens,

Sired by Champion Max, by Ajax, by Victor (first
Sired by Champion Max, by Ajax, by Victor (first
by His Majesty (first prize Boston 1900).
THE OASIS KENNELS,
27 Rhode Island Avenue.

GROCERIES.

Received today, a large lot of Twitchell-Champlin Co's

CLAM CHOWDER,

In large cans sufficient for six people, at

15c. per can.

—AT—

James A. Eddy's,
Cash Grocery and Market.
250 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 110.

Something New.

JAPANESE RICE BISCUIT.
15c. a package.

ALSO A NEW CEREAL,
Midler's Cream of Cereals,
THE BEST ONE YET,
FOR SALE BY
PHIL. STEVENS,
48 & 50 Thames Street.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

New Goods Just Received!
Of our own importation.
Sur Ex. Fine French Peas.
Sur Ex. Fine Mushrooms.
Macedoine, Haricot Verts and Artichaut Fonds

EW GINGER ALE.
Cantrell & Cochrane Belfast,
cask, $12.50; per dozen, $1.35.

Arethusa G. Ale, $1 per dozen.
Delatour's G. Ale, $1 per dozen.

A large stock of Teas at old prices until further notice.

C. SHERMAN & CO

Madame Yale's HAIR TONIC

Ladies and Gentlemen.—It has gone on record that Madame Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic is the first and only remedy known to chemical science found to be a genuine hair specific. It has an affinity for the human hair for nourishing and invigorating its entire structure. It is antiseptic in character, as well as strengthening; its action upon the scalp and hair is truly wonderful. Instead as it has never been known in a single instance to fail to cure scalp diseases and create a luxuriant growth of healthy, beautiful hair. It stops hair falling within twenty four hours and brings back the natural color to gray hair in nearly every instance. It is not a dye; it is not sticky or greasy, on the contrary it makes the hair soft, youthful, beautiful and glossy; keeps it in curl. It is a perfect hair dressing, and can be used by ladies, gentlemen or children as a daily toilet requisite. Its fragrance is delightfully soothing.

All Dealers sell it, $1 per bottle. Mail orders may be sent direct to the manufacturer.

MADAME YALE,
[illegible] Michigan Blvd., Chicago

COUPON.

Name of paper ....

This coupon may be exchanged for one of Madame Yale's celebrated books on health, grace and beauty. Please cut out coupon and send it to Madame Yale with a request for a book.

Madame Yale may be consulted by mail free of charge. Address all communications to her, [illegible] Michigan Blvd., Chicago.

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND MOST DESIRABLE
AWNINGS
—TRY—
Wilmarth, 174 Bellevue Avenue
Telephone 205-3.

GROCERIES.

To Arrive
A carload of
CROSBY CO.'S WASHBURN FLOUR.
—GOLD MEDAL BRAND.—

On or about Sept. 1 we shall have a carload of this celebrated flour on track, and in order to avoid the expense of storing we will sell to be delivered on arrival for

$4.65 a barrel.
$2.45 1-2 barrel.
60c. 1-8 sacks.

These Prices Subject To Change Without Notice.

—AT—

Kenyon & Smith's,
100 Broadway.

Perfectly Satisfied

Is what all say who have used our Tea and Coffee, and that is just what we knew would be said about them, for we get them from two of the LARGEST and BEST importers in the United States, and we warrant them the best for the money in the city. If you want good Tea and Coffee try them. We will blend the Tea to suit you. We have Oolong, Japan, English Breakfast and India Teas. The prices are

40c. 50c. 65c. a lb.

And our Coffee—Private blend (Java and Mocha) at 35c. a lb.; Ocean House Coffee at 30c. a lb; Bellevue Coffee at 25c. a lb.

We have just received a lot of extra fine Maple Syrup, in quart bottles, at 25c.
We are still selling two Jellycon and one Cream Custard for 25c.
Grape Ketchup, per bottle, 25c.
New England Pickles, full quart bottle, 25c.
We are still selling Dayer's lovely Starch at 5c. per lb.
[illegible] Soaps, 6 bars for 25c.
Another good trade is the Crystal Spring Starch, 1b. package, 5c.

J. H. Brierley's
Grocery and Market,
477 Thames Street.
Telephone 338-5.

Fresh Fried Potato Chips.

We are selling the "surprise brand" put up in half pound pasteboard boxes which are superior to any on the market. Nothing but the best materials are used in their production. We receive them fresh from the factory daily. They are always crisp and nice. They are rightly named, and will "surprise" you when you try them. They are simply delicious. Get them

—AT—

The Boston Grocery
BROADWAY, OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL.
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

F. A. Ferris & Co.

Fresh Smoked Tongues, Hams, Bacon and Dried Beef
JUST RECEIVED AT
Peckham & Manchester's
BROADWAY.
Directly opposite the New City Hall.

MRS. A. SMITH,
Practical Midwife and Nurse
May be seen at her residence any time after 2 P. M., 11 Dean avenue.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL,
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00

TELEPHONE CALLS,

Business Office, down stairs,	17-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs,	17-3.
Publisher's Residence, 24 High Street,	822-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well appointed job office.

Newport Daily News

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1900.

FINDING A CLEVER WOMAN.

The secret of the identity of Elizabeth of the German garden is quite generally thought to be settled by a letter to the New York Times, in which it is stated that she is Countess von Arnheim, daughter of Henry Beauchamp of England. This is according to the understanding in Newport, one of our citizens having a copy of the first of Elizabeth's charming books, in which, it is whispered, the countess has written her name as the author. The statement in the Critic, pointing out the Princess of Pless as Elizabeth, had its foundation in London gossip, where all the English women married to Germans of position have been passed in review in the hope of detecting the clever countrywoman.

The friend of the Countess von Arnheim who has given her secret to the public here says that it is no secret in Germany. This statement is a little at variance with the anonymous publication in the current number of the National Review of the latest thing written by the author. In "The Pious Pilgrimage" a visit to her childhood's home is described, and there is a seeming attempt to increase the mystery by contradicting the idea of English birth, as the home is thoroughly German. It is almost a pity to know so much about the real Elizabeth. We have come to hold her in warm regard, a little creature of fire and dignity and dreaminess and infinite variety, happy when the sun shines, and aiming to live up to the qualities of patience, kindliness and simplicity that are the essence of good breeding. She shows a keen insight into things as they are, and has the knack of making a picture with a few words.

It is said that the life described in the book is very much as her life is, and this is better than to find, as has been suspected, that Elizabeth was all romance and a pet on without the servants and upholstery that she derides, and without even the blessed April, May and June babies. There were indications that she might even be one of the starved and forlorn governesses of whom she speaks with much sympathy. "Poor Seraphina! What courage to weigh an elbow at 18, and go into a foreign country, to a place where you are among utter strangers, without a friend, unable to speak a word of the language, and not even sure before you start whether you will be given enough to eat."

Elizabeth herself has an illustration of the superior knowledge that may be gained of one through written communication. She writes of corresponding with a person who grows inexpressibly dear to her, as he puts his very self into his letters, unconsciously revealing how beautiful is his soul, how fine his intellect and how generous his heart. But she meets him, and all illusions go. He is, as always when face to face, good and amiable, but some trick of manner or gesture or attitude is indifferent, and she has forgotten what has been learned through his letters. "He no doubt feels the same thing about me," says Elizabeth, who may be taken not as particularly good to reveal a personality behind that of the whimsical and lovable little heroine, the real mistress of the great German estate up near the Baltic.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

New York has had a Peterkin family episode, with no lady from Philadelphia to point out the right thing to do. It was a case of fire in a tenement house, where an entire family were fleeing by means of the fire escape. The first to descend was a child six years old, who reached the ground in safety and stopped there. A girl of five came next, followed by a boy of seventeen, and then the father, carrying a three-year-old child, and close after him the mother with a wee baby. Next and last came the ten-year-old daughter, and in the excitement she lost her wits and went up the escape instead of down. Thereupon all the others on the ladders lost their wits or turned and went to the roof in a body. Father, mother, babies in arms and boy and girl were seen by the frantic throng climbing steadily up with faces bearing over the window sills. The mother and wee baby reached the girl and faced her about, and then the whole procession turned down and arrived finally on terra firma, but in a badly scorched state.

AMERICAN COAL ABROAD.

Conditions have prevailed in England for nearly a year that have finally resulted in a coal famine, or rather coal at famine prices. The cost of production has increased tremendously, and despite the fact that the demand for coal is greater today than ever before in the history of the world, England cannot sell her coal on the Continent at prices that will pay for its mining. Europe can no longer afford to buy British coal, and in such an emergency the Continental countries are looking to the United States. It is confidently predicted that 1901 will mark the beginning of a new epoch in the development of the coal trade of this country, and that the United States will take England's place as the purveyor of coal for the rest of the world. The business is worth trying for, as England's export coal trade to the Continent is said to be worth something like $200,000,000 annually.

LAST YEAR'S LYNCHINGS.

Some one has counted up the lynchings in 1899 and finds that there were 107 of them, in 17 different states and territories of the United States. Of these 103 occurred in the South and 4 in the North, Kansas having 3 and Pennsylvania 1. Of the victims of these summary "acts of justice," 84 were negroes and 23 were whites. Georgia is credited with the largest number, 28; Mississippi had 14, Louisiana 15, Arkansas 11, Texas 8, Alabama and Florida 6 each, Tennessee 4, North Carolina, Kentucky and Missouri 3 each, and South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia and Oklahoma 1 each. Maryland alone of the Southern states was free from lynchings during the year. The record is better than for any year since 1885, the largest number being 235, in 1892. So far this year there have been only 22.

WOMEN MUST GO WITHOUT.

Mrs. Potter Palmer and Mrs. Manning are not to have the French decorations of the Legion of Honor, Mr. Peck's application in their favor having been refused. The women commissioners to the Paris Exposition have not had particularly responsible or definite work. Any irritation on their part over the humble position of being in everybody's way was to be allayed by this bit of honor, but the French authorities have no idea of aiding the American commissioner to this extent, and he will be obliged to submit to the return of the ladies to this country in a disgruntled spirit that will not add to his reputation, already assailed by every disappointed visitor to Paris this summer.

Captain William E. English of Indiana, son of the Democratic candidate for Vice President in 1880 on the ticket with General W. S. Hancock, has announced his intention to champion the Republican party and its principles. Captain English has always been a gold Democrat and declined to take an active part in the campaign four years ago, although he voted for Bryan. He was a volunteer captain on the staff of "Fighting Joe" Wheeler, and took part in the battle of Santiago, and has always believed that the McKinley administration has judiciously handled the Spanish war and that in the Philippines.

The growth of three Ohio cities whose population has been announced is quite remarkable, especially when this year's figures are compared with those of 1880. In 20 years Cleveland has grown from a population of 160,146 to 381,768, an increase of 138.38 per cent; Columbus from 51,647 to 125,560, an increase of 143.11 per cent, and Toledo from 50,137 to 131,822, an increase of 162.92 per cent. Cleveland has outstripped Cincinnati and is now the largest city in the state.

Mr. Bryan told the Democrats that he was theirs, and when he came to be notified by the Populists he had the same declaration to make, and the two stories were not by any means identical. The Democratic-Populist candidate evidently believes in being all things to all men, but not at all times.

If there were not other good things in it, the provisions of Millionaire Huntington's will that his fine gallery of paintings shall become eventually the property of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the gift of $100,000 to the Hampton Institute, make it a good will.

The water tandem cycle is invented by a Chicago man, and is a great success, going over rough waves like a cork, but its riders are as much subject to seasickness as if in a boat, and the motive power on a wild sea is therefore apt to fail.

The Boston Herald remarks that "it is due to Captain B. H. McCalla of the Newark to say that he would make a mighty good war correspondent if he would only aspire to that sort of an occupation." The captain certainly tells a very interesting story.

Mother Margaret of New Orleans has been imitated by a humble grocer in Philadelphia, who has left $80,000, the fruit of thrift and economy, to 23 charitable institutions in that city.

The administration's decision to land no more soldiers in China doesn't look as though the United States intends to remain in that country any longer than is necessary.

The winner of last night's prize fight seems to have given the other fellow Fitz.

The place in South Africa known as Warm Baths must be own cousin to Hot Springs, in this country.

What's the matter with Omaha?

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

After three months' work sculptor Hippolyte L. Hubert has completed a bust of the leader of the American Band of Providence, D. W. Reeves, considered by Mrs. Reeves and the members of the family to be an excellent likeness. The bust is still the property of the sculptor, but is intended for Roger Williams Park, where a site opposite the band stand has already been selected. Park Commissioner Dexter hopes to be able to have the bust placed in the park, either by purchase by the city or by a popular subscription. In his treatment of his subject the sculptor has made a departure from the conventional bust. The shoulders of the dead leader are covered with a military cloak, the collar thrown back and the folds gathered around the breast, where they finish the figure. At the base is a scroll of music with the title, "Immortales," the only funeral march Reeves, who more than any other is justly entitled to be called the "March King," ever composed and the march played at his funeral.

The city of Woonsocket will tender a warm reception to Hon. Aram J. Pothier, Rhode Island commissioner to the Paris exhibition, upon his return home. Commissioner Pothier is expected to arrive home within the next fortnight, and from present indications it will be a prominent event in this year's history of the city. The movement to hold a reception to the distinguished Woonsocketer started upon the re-organization of the Fremont Club, a French Republican club, a few nights ago, but the members of the club decided not to allow politics to enter into the affair and to have the reception a representative one of the citizens of the city. Thursday night the committee appointed by the Fremont Club, with a large number of outsiders who had been invited to join with the committee in the formation of a general committee for the reception, held a meeting and the matter was taken entirely out of the hands of the Fremont Club.

The laying of the corner-stone of the new Church of the Holy Nativity at Thornton took place this afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. B. Blunt, curate, of St. Stephen's, and the speakers were Rev. Preston Barr, rector of St. Matthew's, Enosburgh Falls, Vt., Rev. H. C. Dana, rector of the Church of the Ascension of Auburn, and Colonel H. Anthony Dyer. A large number of clergymen were present.

IS OUR COOKING OUR UNDOING

[New B. Bed Standard.]

American cooking has been the subject of frequent diatribes on the part of foreigners—not epicures, but sensible people who, while preferring plain food, wish it good and properly prepared. It is generally maintained that Americans do not know how to make dishes that are at once palatable and digestible. In meats the American depends upon the frying pan, and the frying pan, with its method of grease coating its contents, is a sworn enemy of healthy digestion. Two pleas are made in its favor—that it is convenient and that the meats prepared in this way are more savory than when roasted or boiled. But the criticisms of American cookery are not directed only toward the frying-pan. Whether the criticisms are wholly justifiable the kitchen magazines must decide, but there is an interesting source of conjecture in regard to the connection between our cooking and our doctoring.

A writer in the Medical Record is authority for the statement that there is in the United States one physician for every 600 people. This is twice as many proportionately as there are in Great Britain, four times as many as in France, five times as many as in Germany, and six times as many as in Italy. Because we have five times as many doctors as they have in Germany does not prove that we have need of five times as much medical treatment as the Germans, but it is fair enough to assume that there is encouragement for the profession in this country or its ranks would not be so well filled. So the questions arise: Are we a sickly people? Are we, generally speaking, less strong and well, in the proportion of one to two and four and five and six than the people of Great Britain and France and Germany and Italy? Or is it, perhaps, that we are more watchful of our condition, either through nervousness that apprehends something wrong or through wisdom that appreciates the delicacy of the human mechanism? Or, again, is it, as has been suggested, our cooking that keeps us in a disturbed condition requiring constant dosing? The reason for our many physicians must be left to wiser heads to state.

TO MOVE A LIBRARY.

[Engineering News.]

The Carnegie Library at Pittsburg, Penn., may be moved bodily a distance of 1,000 feet and over a ravine 100 feet deep; that is, if the plans are carried out as made by Mr. E. M. Bigelow, director of public works of Pittsburg. This library was built by Mr. Carnegie at a cost of $500,000, and is a steel-and-stone structure, 382 feet long by 118 feet wide, and three stories high. It stands at the left of the main entrance to Schenley Park, and the improvements being made there would leave the library in a cramped and undesirable location. Mr. Bigelow now proposes to move it to a better site on the west of the park entrance. He would jack up the building, put car trucks under it and lay rails to the new site; the ravine to be crossed is 200 feet wide, and this would either be filled up or falseworks would be used. The estimated weight of the building is about 58,000 tons. The plan is under consideration, and Mr. Carnegie proposes "to pay the freight."

Nerve Power

Strong, Steady Nerves Depend Upon Rich Blood

The Great Blood Enricher and Nerve Tonic is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Strong nerves are essential for success in business. It is the man of good physical health and well balanced mental powers, the man of calm judgement, the "nervy" man, who is sure to make good bargains, conduct business on a paying basis, and achieve success in life. Steady nerves are also needed by busy housewives, teachers, students. Feed the nerves upon pure, rich blood, and you will not be nervous. To have rich blood and strong, steady nerves take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands of tired, nervous men and women have found health, strength and happiness in this good medicine. It is the true nerve tonic, giving natural strength to the nerves by feeding them upon nourishing blood.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is the Best Medicine Money Can Buy.

For Sale,
At a moderate price,
a modern,
strongly built and
attractive house,

In full view of the ocean. A favorite location and well adapted for both winter and summer residence. Also the property will rent well. The owner is ready to consider any reasonable offer for its purchase. For particulars apply to

R. C. DERBY
188 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

SOURCE OF OPHIR'S GOLD.

King Solomon's Mines Discovered in Portuguese South Africa.

The golden Ophir of King Solomon and King Hiram, according to the serious assertion made by Dr. Carl Peters, the explorer, has at last been found. "There is ample proof," he says, "that the Fura we discovered and explored last summer in Portuguese South Africa is the Ophir of the Old Testament."

This startling statement, which has sent a thrill of excitement throughout the scientific world, was made by Dr. Peters on his arrival in London from Africa. Along with it goes the solving of a problem more mysterious than that of the Sphinx. The location of the great emporium of Biblical times has long puzzled the best scholars and geographers of the world. Dr. Peters, however, has lifted the veil which for centuries has enveloped the mystery, and now the Eldorado of the ancient world where King Solomon sent his fleets for gold wherewith to build his great temple has been definitely located.

Dr. Peters concludes that the territory known today as Portuguese East Africa and Eastern Mashonaland was, 1,000 years before the commencement of the Christian era, the great commercial and gold producing country colonized by the Jews, Phoenicians and Western Arabians, who built a great empire, the capital of which was Ophir, located on the banks of the Zambesi river, whose waters became a highway for the fleets of the then known world.

The ancient mines were situated in the northern portion of Portuguese South Africa, some 15 miles south of the Zambesi, and halfway between the towns of Sena and Tete. An old Portuguese map was consulted by Dr. Peters before leaving London. It was based on the early reports of the Portuguese navigators of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, who were the first to sail to the East African coast, and to carry on a trade with the Arab merchants. The natives told the early navigators stories of having found great quantities of gold in the interior. On this old map an important clew was obtained by finding a place designated as "Afur," which is a south Arabian form of the Hebrew name Ophir, which means "mine." Fura is the name now given to the locality by the present race which inhabits the district, while Fura today, in its language, means mine, and is a native corruption of the word Afur, by which name the Arabs of the sixteenth century knew the district.

With this geographical data Dr. Peters reached South Africa and commenced the search for the ancient site of Ophir. Following the map he pushed into the interior until he had reached the supposed locality. The country was found to be occupied by a people calling themselves "Malanka," and ruled over by a powerful chief, who at once became hostile to the entry of the white men, refusing for five weeks to sell them food. Finally the chief sent his brother to parley with the explorer, and after his mission was fully explained the chief became friendly and subsequently gave valuable information as to the position of the ruins.

Continuing his search south of the Zambesi and midway between the settlements of Sena and Tete, Dr. Peters came upon the site of the ancient city. Here was found a series of immense ruins, consisting of temples, fortifications, dwelling houses, workshops, all constructed of solid masonry, and which bore the unmistakable stamp of antiquity. The outer walls and pillars were covered with astronomical signs and other ornamentations, which are identical with Phoenician and Semitic symbols employed at that time. One of the largest of the ruins covers an area of several acres, having massive walls, towers and monoliths. It is supposed to have been a huge temple of worship, a counterpart of the great Temple of Solomon itself. Smelting furnaces, shafts and other appliances for metal working were found, which leaves no doubt that gold working was the chief occupation of the former dwellers of the city.

A full survey of the ruins, giving complete details and measurements, together with an examination of the ancient workings and the quartz gold reefs will be made on Dr. Peters's next return to Africa. Traces of diamonds, coal, white mica and saltpetre were found, and Dr. Peters feels assured that all the products of the ancient Ophir are to be found on the Zambesi.

These massive and mysterious ruins stand out in startling contrast with the primitive huts of the present natives. Undoubtedly a large population having thousands of skilled artisans once lived here, and erected double walls to protect their splendid city and the great quantities of gold which they extracted from the quartz reefs against the pillaging of hostile tribes. Dr. Peters concludes that such a style of architecture and such a civilization as it signifies could not have originated and developed in South Africa.

Architecture and the art of gold working died long ago in southeastern Africa, while those who practiced them are believed to have been swept off the face of the earth in some catastrophe, possibly an uprising of the aboriginal people, during which they and their civilization perished together.

One of the objects found which adds to the proof that the ruins are those of Ophir was a zodiacal calendar, well preserved through all the centuries of its interment. The zodiacal drawings are such as could not have been made by the Kaffirs. One of the pictures is a representation of the sun, similar to the sun pictures found in Asia Minor, which belong to the Assyro-Babylonian period. The centre is represented by a crocodile, which was frequently used in olden times as representing the polar constellation of the northern hemisphere. These identical similarities show that there was an early connection between the inhabitants of this region and the ancient races who practice solar worship and astronomy. Even the present natives who live in the district are sun and fire worshippers, and are unlike any of the other African tribes. They have a distinct Jewish type of face, and it is the opinion of Dr. Peters that they are a mixture of the Asiatic conquerors with the original inhabitants.

The probability of Ophir being in East Africa was not realized until a Portuguese navigator, Vasco da Gama, rounded the Cape in 1497 and opened the East African coast to the western world. In all of the ports he called at the Arabs told him wonderful stories about the gold fields in the interior. The next Portuguese expedition, in 1505, founded the town of Sofala. With this began the modern history of this country. A German traveler, Carl Mauch, first visited the interior of Mashonaland, and reported on the finding of ruins in this region. Theodore Bent 20 years later also visited the same ground and investigated the ruins. Dr. Henry Schlichter, an English traveler, was the last to explore this country, in 1898. Dr. Peters's discoveries will undoubtedly be ranked as among the most noteworthy archaeological finds of the age.

Dr. Peters will return to the scene of his discoveries where he has left a European in charge of the station. He will then commence systematic excavations, when new revelations will undoubtedly be made.

TELEGRAPHING CHINESE WORDS.

[Scientific American.]

All the principal cities of the Chinese empire have telegraph service. An arrangement was made with the Russian telegraph authorities in 1892 by which communication was established between Pekin and Europe. The apparatus and methods used in telegraphing in China are of the most primitive description. The Chinese have no alphabet, but each word has a sign. In order to telegraph them, each sign has to be numbered and the number is sent by wire. The receiving clerk refers to his tables and translates the numbers into the Chinese signs. The tables resemble logarithm tables, the signs being printed in vertical columns and each column containing 20 signs, and as there are 10 columns, there are 200 signs to the page. There are 49 pages to the complete book, consequently there are 9,800 numbered signs. Each square contains a sign for a word. The sender must write his message in Chinese on a blank form; this is then converted into numbers and they are telegraphed. The average length of the words is four letters, but the words frequently run to 10 or 12 letters.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Shingling the Roof of Odd Fellows' Hall.

SEALED PROPOSALS for shingling the roof of Odd Fellows' Hall will be received at 22 Washington square until 5 o'clock P. M., Monday, August 27, 1900. Specifications at Wright's drug store, 22 Washington square.
By order of the Board of Trustees.
JAS. T. WRIGHT, Secretary.

OFFICE CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, 396 Thames St., Newport, R. I., August 25, 1900. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for constructing at Fort Wetherill, R. I., Barrack for 20 men, and one Double Set non-commissioned Officers' Quarters, will be received until 12 M., Sept. 8, 1900. Separate bids required for construction, plumbing and electric light wiring. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all bids or any part thereof. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for public buildings, Fort Wetherill." H. P. YOUNG, Q. M. 8-25-1900.

INSTRUCTION.

NEWPORT
Business College
Fall Term Opens Sept. 10.

Pupils are now enrolling for September. Office hours: 10 A. M. to 12.
A. M. STEED, Prin.,
4 Washington Sq.
Residence, 11 Everett St.

Madame A. Tanty,

The well known French teacher of New York, on the request of several pupils, has decided to stay here during September, and will accept a few more pupils. For application apply Redwood Cottage, 101 John street.

Highest references from the consul general of France.

Private Pupils.

Charles A. Pitkin, Ph. D., of Thayer Academy, Braintree, Mass., will spend the summer here as usual with private pupils. To those desiring the services of a private tutor, for college or other work, he can furnish references to a very large number of summer residents. May be found or addressed at **The Aquidneck.**

ARTHUR BUMSTEAD, Ph. D. (Yale)
PRIVATE TUTOR,
75 JOHN STREET.

GERMAN AND PIANO LESSONS.

By first-class, North German instructress. Classes arranged. Address "Germania," Box 40, Daily News Office.

MISS OPITZ,
Of Dresden and New York,
Instructress in Piano and German.

Pupils taught Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 31 Clarke street.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,
PRIVATE TUTOR.
Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

Mrs. M. F. JOHNSON,
CHIROPODIST,
Will be in Newport Aug. 29 and 30.

Orders left at T. M. Seabury's shoe store will receive prompt attention.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, Sc.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.
NEWPORT, AUG. 11 A. D. 1900.

WHEREAS, Alice C. Reynolds of the City of Newport in the County and State aforesaid has filed petition in said office praying for a divorce from the bond of marriage now existing between the said Alice and John E. G. Reynolds now in parts to the said Alice unknown and for the custody of her minor child, George D. Reynolds, notice is therefore hereby given to the said John E. G. Reynolds to appear, if he shall see fit at the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, to be holden at the Court House in said Newport, within and for the said County of Newport on the 17th Monday of September A. D. 1900, then and there to respond to said petition.
STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE
CHARLES E. HARVEY, Clerk.

Office of the Clerk
of the Supreme Court,
APPELLATE DIVISION.

NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern.

The account of E. Ellery Anderson, Executor of the last will and Testament of MARTHA MARY ANDERSON, late of Newport in the county of Newport and state of Rhode Island deceased, setting out the legacies to be paid out and the property to be turned over to residuary legatees named in said Will pursuant thereto, having been filed in the Court of Probate of said City of Newport, and having been sent by said Court of Probate with its report thereon to the clerk's office of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in the County of Newport, according to law, where said account and report have been duly filed, and it having been ordered that hearing in chambers thereon be had on MONDAY, the 17th day of September, A. D. 1900, at eleven o'clock A. M. at the Court House in said City of Newport:

Notice is hereby given that at said time and place said account will be heard in chambers, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided.
CHARLES E. HARVEY, Clerk.

Artistic and New Designs
—IN—
BELT BUCKLES,
Pulley Belt Rings, Purses,
Shirt Waist Sets, Silver Tableware,
Watches and Clocks
OF THE BEST MAKES AND WARRANTED.
E. C. Blaine, 246 Thames Street.

EDWIN T. BANNING
Architect,
209 Thames Street
ROOM 26.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25, 8 A. M.—For New England—Generally fair tonight and Sunday; light to fresh northwest winds.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Aug. 25, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Generally fair weather tonight and Sunday; continued warm; southwest winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The barometers have risen slightly in the Middle and South Atlantic coast states, and are highest this morning, with readings of 30.14 inches, in the south Atlantic coast, while in other parts of the country the pressure is below 30 inches. Though the weather of the country this morning is generally fair, there is considerable local cloudiness, with light rains at scattered sections. The temperature is higher and rising in northern parts of the country east to the upper Missouri valley, and in central and southern sections it continues high. At 8 a. m. the temperature at Boston was 78; New York, 72; Washington, 78; Atlanta, 71; Jacksonville, 78; New Orleans, 78; St. Louis, 70; Chicago, 70; St. Paul, 60; Omaha, 68; Denver, 56; Los Angeles, 62; San Francisco, 59; Portland, Oregon, 60.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature,	76	84	81
Barometer,	29.84	29.86	29.80
Wind,	S W	S W	S W
Weather,	Fair	Fair	Fair

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25.

Sun rises	5 h 01 m
Sun sets	18 h 31 m
Moon sets	18 h 22 m
Length of day	13 h 30 m
Day's decrease	1 h 11 m
High water	7 h 20 m; 19 h 15 m

SUNDAY, AUGUST 26.

Sun rises	5 h 02 m
Sun sets	18 h 16 m
Moon sets	18 h 46 m
Length of day	13 h 27 m
Day's decrease	1 h 50 m
High water	8 h 05 m; 20 h 22 m

MONDAY, AUGUST 27.

Sun rises	5 h 03 m
Sun sets	18 h 27 m
Moon sets	19 h 11 m
Length of day	13 h 24 m
Day's decrease	1 h 53 m
High water	8 h 41 m; 20 h 59 m

TUESDAY, AUGUST 28.

Sun rises	5 h 05 m
Sun sets	18 h 26 m
Moon sets	19 h 37 m
Length of day	13 h 21 m
Day's decrease	1 h 56 m
High water	9 h 20 m; 21 h 31 m

Moon's Phases.

New Moon, August 24, 22 h 53 m, W.
First Quarter, September 2, 2 h 56 m, W.
Full Moon, September 9, 0 h 06 m, W.
Last Quarter, September 15, 15 h 57 m, W.

NEW TODAY.

Found—Money; 7th page.
Mortgagee's Sale; 4th page.
Wanted—Nursing; 7th page.
Lost—Field Glasses; 7th page.
Lost—Bull Terrier Pup; 7th page.
Wanted—An Office Boy; 7th page.
Wanted—Energetic Man; 7th page.
Kenyon & Smith—Flour; 5th page.
Dundee Mfg. Co.—Agents; 7th page.
Kay Street House Lecture; 5th page.
Proposals for Construction; 4th page.
Brown's Market—Low Prices; 5th page.
Wanted—Situation as Butler; 7th page.
Wanted—Situation as Maid; 7th page.
Newport Casino—Song Recital; 5th page.
Perry Bros.—Susquehanna Coal; 5th page.
Wanted—Cook and Servant Girl; 7th page.
Wanted—Situation as Laundress; 7th page.
Lost—Yellow Dachshund Bitch; 7th page.
Geo. H. Chase—Brownie Camera; 7th page.
Kazanjian & Co.—Domestic Goods; 1st page.
Madame A. Tanty—French Teacher; 4th page.
Mrs. M. F. Johnson—Chiropodist; 4th page.
Freebody Park—Gorman's Olympia Co.; 5th page.
Application for Transfer of Liquor License; 5th

FOR SALE.
On Paradise Avenue,
SmallFarm

Of about four acres, with story and one-half cottage, barn, etc., most desirable for poultry raising and market gardening.

Herbert I. Dyer, 1 Travers Block.

Gas and Electric Lighting,
Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms
Steam and Hot Water Heating.
Philip F. Conroy,
TELEPHONE 273. 181 THAMES ST.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Losses paid at this agency from January 1, 1900, to date.

Amount $31,449.71.

None but reliable companies represented and all losses promptly paid.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
197 THAMES STREET.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

We offer the southerly half of double house, situated 62 Spring street, east side, lot contains 2,131 square feet of land.

This building adjoins estate on the corner of Touro and Spring streets.

Particulars on application.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Sole Agent,
197 Thames St.

Hot Salt Water Baths.
Easton's Beach Pavilion,
Especially suited for invalids.
Bathing Houses now ready.
THOMAS CROSBY & SON, Proprietors.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

A. W. LUTHER,
Real Estate Agent,
OFFICE ON FERRY WHARF,
JAMESTOWN, R. I.

Furnished Cottages for rent from $150 to $1,500 for the Season.

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
LOT ON THE "CLIFFS."

For sale at 50 (fifty) cents per foot, about 1¾ (one acre and three quarters) acres of land on the Cliffs, with magnificent outlook over the ocean. The tract would suit for a gentleman's private residence, or for several moderate houses for summer occupation, or for a very superior first-class hotel.

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
Real Estate Agent,
Office 121 Bellevue avenue, Newport.
Telephone No. 520.

BORN.

BUCKLEY—In this city, 24th inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Dennis J. Buckley.

DIED.

ELLIOTT—In South Portsmouth, 23d inst., [illegible] Elliott, in the 83d year of his age. Funeral services at the residence of his son-in-law, Elbert A. Sisson, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

SHEFFIELD—In Norwalk, Conn., 22d inst., Frances Leonard, wife of Maudslie A. Sheffield, of New York, in her 25th year.

FINK—In Providence, 23d inst., Daniel W. Fink, in his 41st year.

WHITAKER—In Providence, 21st inst., Phebe Ann, wife of John Whittaker, in her 81st year.

GOULD—In Providence, 23d inst., Francis Gould, in his 86th year.

DAVIS—In Pawtucket, 23d inst., Frank Manning, son of John H. and Ella F. Davis, in her 1st year.

BUCKLAND—In Woonsocket, 24th inst., Alpheus W. Buckland, in his 58th year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 101 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

JAMES A. DUNPHY, Undertaker and Embalmer, graduate Massachusetts College of Embalming, 613 Thames street. Residence 5 Mount Vernon street. Telephone at office and residence.

Bad blood is a bad thing to inherit or acquire, but bad blood may be made good blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FOR RENT.
SOME EXCELLENT COTTAGES
On Broadway.
Also One on Bedlow Avenue.
PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.
Small Tenement on Channing Street.
Small Tenement on Clinton Avenue.
BUILDING LOTS IN ALL SECTIONS OF THE CITY.
SIMEON HAZARD,
TELEPHONE 359.

GRAIN,
HAY AND
STRAW
Of the very best quality.
H. L. MARSH & CO.,
(H. L. Marsh. Howard R. Peckham)
TELEPHONE 205.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House lot on Elliott place. To be sold cheap; easy terms. Apply Box 17, Daily News Office.

Manufacturing Business for Sale. An opening like this is seldom offered. No large established cash trade. Price $2,500, for cash. Address or call L. Beef Co., 422 Cranston St., Providence, R. I.

FOR SALE.
One Good Milch Cow. Price $20.
P. S. & S. P. Barker, Fort Hill Farm,
Middletown, R. I.

TOP BUGGY.
FOR SALE—A brand new top buggy, rubber tires. Apply at Shanahan's stable, Weaver Ave.

LIVERY STABLES.

THOMAS KITCHEN,
Livery and Boarding Stable
35 FRIENDSHIP STREET.
Telephone 47.

Hayward's
Stables
Tew's Ct. Office Cor. Downing St. and Bellevue Ave.
CARRIAGES OF ALL KINDS TO LET BY DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
COACHMEN IN LIVERY.

A. H. WASHBURN'S
Private Boarding Stables
12 & 14 DeBlois Street.
Telephone 243-3.

REMOVAL!
JOHN E. LEDDY has removed his horseshoeing shop from 8 to 33 State street.

GOOD DRY
Storage for Carriages
FLUDDER BROS.,
15 BEACH STREET.

"Add nothing but water"
—TO—
"HIGGINSON PREPARED MORTAR"
And you have a superior wall or ceiling for tinting, painting or papering.
FOR SALE BY
A. & H. G. HAMMETT,
Lumber, Hardware, Brick, Lime, Cement
Drain Pipe, etc., Paints and Varnishes
Yard and Store 321 & 347 Thames Stree

ROYAL

The Absolutely Pure

BAKING-POWDER

Made from Grape Cream of Tartar.

Baking powders made from alum and other harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but inferior in work and injurious to the stomach.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SIX SUBMARINE BOATS.

Contract Awarded to the Holland Company by the Navy Department.

Acting Secretary Hackett yesterday awarded contracts to the Holland Submarine Torpedo Boat Company for six submarine torpedo boats, and specified that they should be completed within 14 months. Two of the boats are to be built within eight months, one on the Atlantic and one on the Pacific coast; two within nine months, and delivered at New York and San Francisco, respectively, and the last two in 10 and 11 months, to be turned over to the government on this coast.

The boats which will be built in the East will be stationed at Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Hampton Roads, and the Holland, now at Newport, will probably be sent south. The boats constructed on the Pacific coast will be assigned to San Francisco and Puget Sound, respectively.

The Holland company will sublet the contracts for the construction of the boats. The contract price for the boats is $170,000 each, the company having accepted the department's figure. In case the completion of the vessels is delayed beyond the period prescribed, deductions will be made from the contract price at the rate of $25 per day, Sundays excepted, during the first month's delay, and thereafter at the rate of $75 per day.

When the submarine torpedo boats are completed and ready for delivery to the United States each of them will be subjected to tests and trials to show its capability of making surface runs, and awash and submerged runs, the former for a distance of 10 nautical miles at a speed of seven knots per hour, and the latter for a distance of two nautical miles at a speed of seven knots per hour. At the end of the submerged run a service torpedo will be discharged and must strike a target 100 feet long by 16 feet deep, the upper edge of said target being awash and placed at right angles to the course. During these submerged runs the vessel will not come to the surface more than three times from the time of starting until the discharge of the torpedo, the duration of each appearance not to exceed one minute.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Miss Mary Morris, who was found dead in her room Friday morning, was buried today in the town burying ground, on Narragansett avenue.

General Greene's steam yacht Wild Duck arrived this morning. She has recently had some necessary repairs made in New York.

Mr. J. M. Nelson of St. Louis, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Stewart and Mr. Alexander Stewart of Shippensberg, Penn., Mr. Edmund Kelley of Worcester and Mr. J. de M. Walsh of St. Louis are registered at the Bay View Hotel.

Mr. Andrew McKinley, a nephew of President McKinley, and Mrs. McKinley of New York, are at the Bay View Hotel.

The regular weekly hop was held last night at the Bay View Hotel.

Mr. Thomas E. Dunn of Germantown, Miss Christine G. Lewis of Philadelphia, Mrs. Wilkinson of Cheswell, England, W. A. Moffitt, of the Kentucky and Mr. Julian S. Jones of Baltimore are registered at the Gardner House.

Mr. Thomas L. Wallace of Harrisburg, Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Blair of Chicago, Mrs. A. E. Roberts and Miss Roberts of New York, Mr. Arthur D. Shaw of Germantown and General T. J. Wood, U. S. A., and Mrs. Wood are registered at the Thorndike.

The engagement is announced of Miss May Hubbard Wetherill, daughter of the late Captain Alexander Macomb Wetherill, who was killed at the battle of San Juan hill July, 1898, and Dr. Benjamin Franklin Van Meter of Richmond, Ky. Dr. Van Meter met Miss Wetherill at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, two years ago. He is not an army man, but volunteered his services at the beginning of the Spanish war. He has been during the past year at Manila and came 8,000 miles to ask Miss Wetherill to marry him. The wedding, it is understood, will take place the latter part of September in Jamestown.

Yesterday's rain made it necessary to postpone the annual bazaar of St. Matthew's Church until today. Steamer Conanicut has her flags up today, indicating that the weather is considered fine enough, which it undoubtedly is.

The survey which the Jamestown Light & Water Company recently had made of land on which to construct a reservoir will have to be taken again, as some one, probably a child, has removed the stakes which were driven by the surveyors.

At Conanicut Park Wednesday a lawn party was held on the grounds of Mr. C. H. Beach for the benefit of the Episcopal church. Tonight Mr. Beach will give a hop in the dining hall of the Conanicut Park Hotel.

At the Central Baptist Church tomorrow, Rev. Howard B. Grose, D. D., of Jamaica Plain, Mass., will occupy the pulpit in the morning, and Rev. Sumner W. Stevens of Philadelphia, Penn., in the evening.

At the Mount Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church tomorrow there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. Isaac Emory, in the evening, his subject being "A Friend That Sticketh Closer Than a Brother."

Miss Ayer of Washington will sing a solo at St. Matthew's Church tomorrow.

GORMAN'S OLYMPIAS NEXT WEEK.

At Freebody Park next week will be the last but one of the open-air theatre season. The attraction will be J. W. Gorman's Olympia Company, which includes entertainers in nearly all departments of vaudeville. In the company will be seen Satsuma, an expert juggler and foot worker, in a rare exhibition of Oriental juggling; L. E. Morgan, favorite descriptive vocalist, in a repertoire of the latest and most popular songs; Sam F. Corry, singing comedian in a budget of his latest comic songs; the Tally Ho Duo, character artists, in their original specialty, "The Countryman and the Sport," and Miller & Besnach, in a comedy sketch, introducing singing, dancing and Hebrew rag-time songs.

This week's company has been very satisfactory and the business has been good.

YACHT SHAMROCK NEVER IN DANGER.

Schooner yacht Shamrock, reported ashore at Block Island, is in the harbor. Captain Allen says she was never in any danger, and that the report sent out from Block Island that Mr. Ward and the crew had abandoned her was incorrect. The yacht, with a 21-foot boat in tow, and with a party on board, went to Block Island for bluefishing. The weather was not fit and so she made for the old harbor. Captain Allen gave the end of the breakwater a wide berth, as he supposed, but the yacht struck and was fast. There was no sea on and the craft suffered no damage.

The life saving crew came on board and Captain Dodge gave the yachtsmen the information that about 70 yards of the breakwater end had been washed away during the blizzard so that the rock was out of sight, and that the yacht had just touched on the extreme point of the submerged section. She came off later. The life savers assisted but the crew could have done the work unaided. The rest of the night was spent in Block Island harbor, and when the wind came up the Shamrock came to Newport.

PAGE OR HAMILTON.

[New Bedford Standard.]

Thomas Nelson Page and Rev. Braddin Hamilton do not agree on the question whether the millions of the people of this country are looking to the Newport summer colony for example and inspiration. Mr. Page says they are not; Mr. Hamilton says they are. Probably of the two Mr. Page is the nearer to being right; but it is probably also true that many men and women look with envious eyes on the rich amusement seekers at Newport, and make themselves more or less miserable in wishing they could do likewise and more or less uncomfortable in trying to. There is a good deal of indiscriminating talk about this Newport business, of which both the clergyman and the story writer furnish examples. Newport is unlike some other places with respect to quantity, but it is very like a good many places with respect to quality. To use a Bible simile which both preacher and story-teller should recognize, the wheat and the tares grow together at the summer resort much as they grow in the factory or the tenement house. Perhaps the growth is a little more rank or conspicuous in the one place than in the other, but the essential quality is the same.

LOW PRICES

On pieces of

MUTTON, LAMB AND BEEF

To close the week's sales at

BROWN'S MARKET.

NEW WAGE-EARNING ART.

Landscape Architecture Offers Opportunities to Women.

The special branch of horticulture which has for its object the production of plants under more or less artificial conditions of light, heat and moisture, and which has come to be generally known as the growing of plants under glass, has been made the subject of exhaustive study by B. T. Galloway, chief of the division of physiology and pathology in the Agricultural Department.

Mr. Galloway has found that in this country the business includes all plants grown in specially constructed glass houses and in hot beds and old frames. The growing of plants under bell jars, as practiced in Europe, is not followed here. Probably nowhere in the world, says Mr. Galloway, has the growing of plants in green housese attained such importance as in the United States. Other countries may have more imposing structures and larger individual areas of glass, but, taking the business as a whole, it may be fairly claimed that in up-to-date methods in almost everything pertaining to this special field of horticulture this country leads.

It was not until about 1825 that real progress in growing plants under glass began. The reason for this may be assigned to a number of causes. The country had been through several wars and had now settled down to growth and prosperity. The Eastern states were rapidly increasing in population and wealth, this being the case especially in the vicinity of the cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia. It was natural, therefore, that with the accumulation of wealth in such places and the relaxing of the strain necessary in the struggle for existence money should be turned into other channels than those of necessity.

By 1860 commercial floriculture and the forcing of vegetables had assumed important proportions, the latter being confined almost entirely to hotbeds. The breaking out of the civil war checked the work, however, and but little progress was made for the next six or eight years.

When business had assumed something of its normal condition after the close of the civil war there was a marked interest in plants both for bedding and decorative purposes. Many establishments were therefore started for the purpose of growing such plants, and there was a revival of interest all along the line. It was at about this time (1867-1868), furthermore, that vegetable growing under glass began to attract more widespread attention. Boston had long been the centre of this important industry, but, as already pointed out, it was confined almost entirely to hotbeds and frames. Recognizing the inadequacy of their methods, however, a few of the more progressive growers in the vicinity of Boston took the sashes used for hot beds and made houses of them. deners that to properly grow lettuce it must be near the glass; hence, the first housese built for this crop were low, flat affairs, with barely sufficient head room to permit a man to walk erect. Another crop which had long been grown in frames was violets, the belief being that they had to be near the glass. The rigor of the climate made this method impracticable in many sections, and pits or low-roofed houses made of sash came into use about the year 1861 or 1865.

By 1870 there were several thousand comercial establishments in the United States devoting their attention to the growth of plants for decorative purposes, for bedding and for flowers, and to the growth of vegetables for winter use. The growing of vegetables was as yet a comparatively small industry, embracing probably less than one tenth of the amount of glass devoted to plants and flowers. The increased demand for flowers was marked at this time. Camellias, tuberoses and such flowers had seen their day, and roses, carnations, violets and chrysanthemums were superseding them. The rose, however, was the principal flower, and much attention was given to improved forms and the methods of growing them.

Between 1875 and 1885 Southern-grown vegetables began to have a marked effect upon the Northern markets. In order to compete with the Southern growers better facilities were erected in the vicinity of Boston and were at first of the lean-to type. They were from 20 to 25 feet wide and 10 to 12 feet high at the back, with the slope to the south side, where there was a five-foot wall, the upper half of which was of ventilating sash. Many houses of this type were erected around Boston and Providence and some were put up near New York.

What proved to a marked impetus to horticultural work was the organization at this time in Washington of the Society of American Florists, which held its first meeting in 1885. At this first meeting of this society the president, Mr. John Thorpe, gave some authentic facts of a statistical nature relating to the work of growing plants under glass. He stated that the actual number of flowers produced at this time was almost incredible. To his personal knowledge nine growers of roses sent to New York 4,000,000 flowers produced at this time (1885), and yet this was not 50 per cent of the roses sent to that market alone.

He estimates that the aggregate number of roses grown around Boston, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Chicago, Washington and in all other places could not have less than 24,000,000. The number of carnations grown could not have been less than five times as many, or about 120,000,000. He estimated, furthermore, that at least one fourth as many roses and carnations were grown by private establishments and represented as much value as if they were thrown upon the market. The amount of space occupied by flowering plants and bulbs in the open air was estimated to aggregate at least 12,000 acres, in addition to several thousand acres used for seeds.

The growth of the industry for the past few years has been remarkable. As a rule the improvements in methods of producing and handling the crops have kept pace with the improvements of the crops themselves. Competition is so keen that specialization has been carried into details which a few years ago were not thought of. In the handling of cut flowers and plants, retail dealers play an important part. Many of these men are not producers at all, but depend wholly on producers and wholesale dealers for their stock. The retail stores in the large cities are models of artistic elegance and do much toward developing a taste for the highest ideals in floricultural effects; hence, it is not surprising to find the business, as a whole, divided into many special fields. Houses, frames, boilers and other accessories are now made by specialists, and cut flowers are grown by specialists and handled by specialists, wholesalers and retailers, who are specialists. What is true of cut flowers is also true, with certain exceptions, of both ornamental and bedding plants.

It is a difficult matter to reach even approximate conclusions as to the amount of capital invested in the work, the value of the products, etc. A careful investigation of the question has been made, and, from all the data obtainable, it is believed that there are now in the United States not less than 10,000 establishments devoted to growing plants under glass. Summarizing the forcing of vegetables under glass in the United States, the following is given: Number of square feet devoted to the industry, 1,700,000; value of establishments, $2,250,000; wholesale value of annual product, $2,250,000; retail value of annual product, $1,500,000; number of men employed, 2,250.

There are probably not less than 9,000 commercial florist establishments in the United States. Taking the country as a whole, it is estimated that there is an average of 2,500 square feet of glass for each establishment, or 22,500,000 square feet in all. The estimated value of the establishments in this country is placed at $11,250,000 in all.

It is estimated that the retail value of cut flowers sold annually is $12,500,000, the estimated apportionment of this sum being, for roses, $6,000,000; carnations, $4,000,000; violets, $750,000; chrysanthemums, $500,000; miscellaneous flowers, including lilies, etc., $1,250,000; and that the total number of all kinds of flowers sold annually in the United States amounts to not less than 275,000,000. The retail value of the plants sold is placed at $10,000,000. Taking the plant trade as a whole, and the country in the aggregate, the average-sized pot used is estimated to be three inches, and the average retail price 10 cents per pot. This means that there are no less than 100,000,000 of plants sold every year. To handle this business in its entirety requires probably 15,000 men in all.

Viewing the work as a whole, and considering its marvelous development, it stands out as one of the most striking examples of the advance of wealth and culture. The increasing love for flowers denotes a growing refinement and a higher appreciation of all things artistic, which promises well both for the individual and the nation.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. Daniel J. McGowan is in New York.

—Detective Doyle of Narragansett Pier is in town.

—Mr. E. L. Winthrop will entertain at dinner tonight.

—Steam yacht Senator has been hauled out for painting.

—Mr. J. S. Stevens of New York is guest of Mr. E. H. Bulkley.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Lawton have returned from a brief wedding trip.

—It is understood that the new organ at St. Mary's Church will not be used tomorrow.

—The Lafayette Band gave concerts and had excursions on the trips of steamer General this afternoon.

—Miss Crosswaite of China will speak at The Lighthouse, Two Mile Corner, next Wednesday evening.

—Mr. Robert Hunnick, gardener for Mr. F. W. Vanderbilt, has returned from the gardeners' convention in New York.

—Mr. George B. DeForest gave a musicale and reception this afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Jr., of New York are visiting Mrs. DeForest.

—J. W. Beachman, E. F. Anderson and J. H. Craig of New York, H. Bizart of Philadelphia, J. Gosford of Worcester, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Strong of New York, A. Fleeman of Chicago and Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Currier of Boston are registered at the Perry House.

—Steamer Warwick makes matinee excursions from Providence today and Monday, and the Pioneer will make matinee excursions from Pawtucket every day, except Saturday, next week. Steamer City of Worcester will make another excursion from New London and Greenport to Newport tomorrow. The last New London excursion this season will be made Sunday, September 2.

—Monday's polo match will be for the Westchester Polo Club special cups for teams, to play without handicap, and the teams entered are the same as for today—Country Club of Westchester vs. Myopia. The Myopia has its first team in today's match, but the Westchester Club may strengthen its team by putting in some high-handicapped players, as their handicaps do not count in the series for these cups, the conditions being the same as for the championship match.

J. P. MORGAN'S ART GIFT.

[New York Tribune.]

The friends of J. Pierpont Morgan in this city were interested in the announcement made in Hartford that the Wadsworth Athenaeum, of that city, had just received from London art dealers as a gift from Mr. Morgan the painting by Benjamin West of "The Raising of Lazarus." It is said that the first intimation that Rev. Francis Goodwin, president of the Athenaeum, received of Mr. Morgan's gift was when he got a letter from Thomas Agnew & Sons of London, saying that they had shipped the picture, and asking its acceptance with the compliments of Mr. Morgan. The cases containing the picture and frame reached Hartford a day or two ago and have just been unpacked. It is said that the canvas, which is 10 feet 10 inches by 8 feet 5 inches, will be hung next week by George H. Story, curator of the New York Metropolitan Museum, who is honorary curator of the Athenaeum.

Benjamin West's "Raising of Lazarus" for years hung in the Cathedral of Winchester, England. About a year ago it was removed, and the announcement was made that it had been purchased by some one in this country.

POLICE COMMISSION BUSINESS.

The police commission met last evening as usual, but had very little to do. Apparently it took no action on the sentencing of Fred Merchant for illegal selling, for it received an application to transfer his license. The business reported was as follows:

Eating house licenses granted to John E. Spank and N. T. Jackson, intelligence office license to Letta Murborg; transfer of liquor licenses, Fred Merchant, 79 William street, to Ernst Voigt; William Quigley, from 5 Ball's wharf to 189 Thames street.

JAMESTOWN ADVERTISEMENTS.

Another Jamestown Day!

GRAND PARADE

—AND—

GARDEN PARTY

For the benefit of the Jamestown Improvement Society, will be held at the corner of Brook street and Walcott avenue, Wednesday, August 29, at 1 P. M.

Prizes will be given for the best decorated carriages, express wagons and other vehicles.

After the Parade there will be a large number of other attractions within the enclosure.

Admission, 50c. Reserved seats, 75c. Tickets on sale at the Hotels.

BEAVER TAIL STAGE.

Leaves Ferry Wharf, Jamestown, 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. Returning, leaves Beaver Tail 12 M. and 5 P. M.

JOHN ROBINSON,

Narragansett avenue, Jamestown, R. I.

Practical Horseshoer and Blacksmith.

Special attention given to overreaching and interfering.

A. R. CORY,

Jamestown,

Plumbing, Painting

Repairing and General Jobbing.

Hardware, Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.,

Ferry Wharf.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

FOR

Piazza Furniture,

Window Shades,

Awnings

—AND—

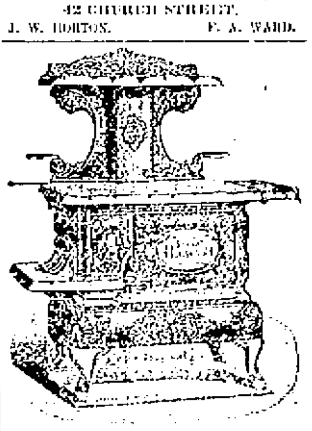
Upholstering in All Its Branches

—GO TO—

J. W. HORTON & CO.,

42 CHURCH STREET,

J. W. HORTON. F. A. WARD.



CLOSING OUT!

Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Wire Cloths, Ice Cream Freezers [illegible] Household Ranges, all prices.

JAMES F. MARDEN,

228 THAMES STREET.

A. E. Burland & Co.

ELECTRIC LIGHT

and BELL REPAIRS.

200 Thames Street.

Telephone 455.

CORRIGAN'S

EXPRESS,

Rear 173 Thames Street.

Delivery Wagon from Avenue Stores.

Teams on Arrival of Boats and Trains

Furniture Moving,

HEAVY TRUCKING.

Telephone 453 3.

Washing

Machine.

American round washing machine is one of the best in the market. Over 200 now in use in this city. Every one warranted. Price $4.

Walsh Bros.

Received this week

A NEW LINE

Of the Latest Styles of

LADIES'

UNDERSKIRTS,

In Sateens and Mercerized Silks, in black, blues, reds, lavender, green, purple, pink, etc., which we are selling at

60c., 90c., $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.62 each.

Levy's

76 BROADWAY.

Marked-Down Sale

Every Saturday Afternoon

—OF—

Small pieces of Beef, Mutton Lamb, Corn Beef and Veal.

Also Vegetables of all kinds to close the week's sales.

—AT—

H. F. Rooney's, 251 Thames St.

TENTH

EYE TALK.

"Testing the eyes for glasses is a profound science, worthy of the best intellects." While a brilliant operation occasionally benefits an individual, a pair of good spectacles is one of the most useful aids to the world's intellect, and even to its spiritual comfort. It is a science whose bounds reach from childhood to the grave and every reader who lives the allotted time must sooner or later seek this gift from science of new life to the eyes.

But when you do seek it, be sure you have your eyes examined by an optician of experience. Mistakes are fatal. Over twenty years devoted to this science makes me competent to discover and make correct glasses for the most intricate cases of defective sight.

Honest methods.

Fair prices.

MUELLER, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN, 106 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Telephone Number 180.

Branch Store 120.

DRINK

Pure Distilled Water.

This is distilled in its purest form at our laboratory. The water flowing from our artesian well through 180 feet of rock is entirely free from organic matter. It is quickly evaporated under a high pressure of steam, condensed in pure block tin condensers and immediately run into 5-gallon glass receivers and sealed. At no time does this water come in contact with the air. All our mineral waters are made from

Pure Distilled Water.

SIPHONS OF CARBONIC VICHY, LITHIA, SELTZER, ETC., $1.50 PER DOZEN.

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO.,

212 Thames Street. 6 Casino Building

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

SONG RECITAL

—BY—

HEATHE GREGORY.

ASSISTING ARTISTS:

Miss Harriette R. Woods,

Misses Kieckhoefer.

NEWPORT CASINO, Aug. 29, 1900.

AT NOON.

STEINWAY GRAND PIANO USED, COURTESY [illegible]

[illegible] GRAND PIANO USED, COURTESY [illegible]

OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, AUGUST 27.

The Everlasting Success!

The World Famed

BROTHERS BYRNE,

In the greatest laughing show on earth, the

NEW 8 BELLS

TONED UP-TO-DATE.

[illegible]

ALL NEW TRICKS, NEW FEATURES, NEW EFFECTS.

Lots New Surprises.

[illegible]

PRICES: 25c., 50c., 75c. and $1.

KAY STREET HOUSE,

[illegible]

SATURDAY, AUG. 25, 8.30 P. M.

Castles on the Rhine and German Student Life.

[illegible]

Newport Casino.

MUSIC FOR THE SEASON.

Commencing Monday, July 9.

MORNING CONCERTS,

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,

FROM 11 TO 1

EVENING CONCERTS,

SUNDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

BEGINNING AT 8 O'CLOCK

CASINO THEATRE,

MUSIC AND DANCING

EVERY THURSDAY EVENING,

FROM 9.30 TO 12.30

Music by Mullaly's Orchestra,

JOSEPH BARRETT, Superintendent.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

[illegible] "Some Interesting Insects," [illegible]

[illegible]

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Notice of Application for Transfer of Liquor Licenses.

[illegible]

GEO. H. VAUGHAN, Clk.

Ferdinand Armbrust,

PLUMBING.

Stove, Furnace and Tin Work

Repairing Promptly Attended to.

Caswell Block, Narragansett Avenue, Jamestown.

CROQUET!

In All the Different Grades.

Fine Club Sets for $4, $5, $8 and $10.

Cheaper grades for 95c., $1.49, $1.90, $2.50 and $3.50.

LANDERS & SON'S,

167 Thames St., Covell's Block.

Headquarters for Games and Sports.

The J. R. Coggeshall Farm

EGGS!

LANDERS & PECKHAM,

112 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 1225.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

FREEBODY PARK.

Afternoon and Evening.

Daily Matinees at 3. Evenings at 8:15

J. W. Gorman's Summer Theatre.

[illegible]

NEXT WEEK, OPENING MATINEE, Monday, Aug. 27.

J. W. GORMAN'S

OLYMPIA CO.

THIS WEEK.

[illegible]

VAUDEVILLE.

[illegible]

Excursion to Rocky Point,

SUNDAY, Aug. 26.

BASE BALL,

[illegible]

PROVIDENCE vs. HARTFORD.

Steamer H. S. Caswell

[illegible]

Polo Tournament

AT THE

Westchester Polo Club's New Grounds,

BATEMAN POINT.

Westchester Polo Club

Special Cups

To be played for with handicap.

Monday, August 27, at 4 P. M.

Country Club of Westchester vs. Myopia.

[illegible]

Ready Today.

This week's Newport Journal enlarged to seven columns to the page will contain as leading features—

Funeral of the Late Hon. Thomas Coggeshall.

Mrs. Fish's Harvest Festival and Other Social Entertainments.

Practice Cruise of Training Ship Vicksburg.

More Contracts for the New City Hall.

End of the Tennis Tournament.

St. Mary's New Organ.

Notable Entertainments at Jamestown.

Polo and Yacht Racing.

Besides a large amount of other matters of local interest, and several columns of late and interesting family reading.

Single copies in wrappers ready for mailing, 5c.

Go to Southwick's

—FOR—

Fishing Tackle of Every Kind;

Boat Supplies, Paints, Oils, Rope, Hardware, Tinware,

Powder and Dynamite.

Should you want something and don't know where to find it, try my store.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,

185 Thames Street.

HALF-PENNY AN HOUR.

Modest Increase Asked by Welsh Railway Men.

England's Coal Suyply Threatened by the Strike.

[Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.]

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Forgetting the Chinese cryptogram and the unending war in South Africa and the reconstruction of that country, a strike on a little 100-mile Welsh railroad stirs up more serious interest than anything else in England this week, because it is closely related to the coal supply and the manufacturing vitality of the kingdom. The Taff Vale railroad carries the product of 60,000 coal miners into Cardiff. The fifth day of the strike sees small quantities of the best steam coal commanding 35 shillings. All the Cardiff factories are shut down; and the merchant fleet is unable to leave the harbor because it has not been supplied with coal. Most of the miners are still piling up coal at the pit mouths, but all will probably be idle in another week. The cause of the dispute is that 2,000 railway servants want a half penny an hour more and are upheld in that demand by the union of railway men of the United Kingdom, with £250,000 in the treasury and a strike income of £3,000 a week.

Interwoven with the discussion concerning the coal scarcity, trouble is brewing elsewhere in the railroad world. The Great Eastern men have handed in an ultimatum, demanding increased wages and threatening to strike if this is refused. The probabilities are that American coal will be imported. The arrival in the Thames Thursday evening of British steamer Queenswood, with 4,000 tons of coal and the sailing of British steamer Arnstor from Norfolk, Va., Wednesday, with 4,000 tons destined for Bantry bay for the British navy, afford a text on which hangs abundant speculation. English writers seem to take a melancholy satisfaction in pointing out America's exhaustless coal supplies, and the ultimate certainty that large exports will be made from that country.

"Passengers are requested to beware of gambling." This pencilled notice was posted in the Campania's smoking room when she arrived a week ago. Several Americans who had lost rather heavily at poker after the game compared notes and decided to repudiate their debts, being convinced that they had been playing against card sharps. The principal loser was a South American ranchman, whose "paper" debts amounted to over £1,800. The winners were two New Yorkers, who were apparently unacquainted with each other when the steamer left New York. The South American alleged that he had been cheated. He paid £10, and notified the winners that he would pay the balance of his losses when they produced satisfactory references. He also telegraphed from Queenstown for a detective to meet the steamer at Liverpool. One did so, but beyond telling the victim that the winners were well known sharpers he could do nothing.

The taking of the exchequer bonds by American bankers seems to greatly impress the Shah of Persia. The St. James Gazette has some curious information from Paris on the subject. It says: "The shah is convinced that financial reasons render the alliance between France and Russia less important every day, because France is tired of giving money to Russia. The only nation that can give money to Russia is the United States. The shah has a brilliant idea that by cultivating friendship with America he may secure himself against Russia, whose relations with America are likely to become very close before long."

Mr. Charles Stewart Smith, a member of the New York rapid transit commission, who has gone to Scotland to visit Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, has devoted considerable time to studying both the Paris and London underground electric railroads. "I have been afforded every opportunity to study the workings of both systems," said Mr. Smith to a representative of the Associated Press, "especially in London, where I have ridden during almost every hour of the day, and I am prepared to make a complete report to the commission on my return to New York.

"The London electric railroad is certainly a great improvement over anything London has ever had. But, after all, it is not rapid transit in the sense we understands it in the United States. The distance from the Bank of England to Shepherd's bush is 400 yards short of six miles. This is covered in 25 minutes, including 13 stops. This is done by means of two single track tubes which, of course, prevent the running of express trains. The New York line will contain four tracks, and express trains will run from the city hall to the northernmost end of the island in from 18 to 20 minutes. The engineering work in London is admirable, and the rolling stock is an improvement even on that of the New York elevated railroad, as the cars are better lighted and better furnished."

The middle of August finds London in the apogee of the season, while the exodus of returning tourists is limited only to the carrying capacity of the outgoing steamers. Mr. C. A. Gillig, who is an expert at calculating American travel in Europe, said to a representative of the Associated Press: "It is nonsense to talk about 150,000 Americans crossing the Atlantic this season. Their numbers are always exaggerated. There is only a certain number of trans-Atlantic lines, each limited to a number of ships of well known capacity. Going over the question with a little care, I estimate that there will be about 85,000 Americans in Europe during the season. The tide of travel is western now, and until October 1, it will be tremendous. The Oceanic took 300 cabin passengers Wednesday, and the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse 280 to 300. The fact that 86 Americans left the Carleton Hotel that day shows how strong the homeward procession is."

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, swollen feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. W. J. Underwood is in the White Mountains.

—Gunner Vanderbeck of the Kearsarge is visiting his family here.

—Mr. Blanchard and Miss Blanchard of Boston are guests at "Elmhyrst."

—Miss Annie Goggin has sailed for Europe on steamer Augusta Victoria.

—Hon. Thomas B. Reed is expected next week as a guest at one of the cottages.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carroll today took a party of guests to Narragansett Pier.

—Miss Bessie Brassman of New York is guest of Mrs. George Vellenhover on Spring street.

—Steam yacht Vision is hauled out at the Newport shipyard to have a new wheel shipped.

—Miss Anna Finkler and Miss Belle Finkler of New York are visiting Mrs. William Weiner.

—Misses Mary Murphy, and Annie and Mary Tracy of Fall River are spending a week's vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Lyons on Webster street.

—Alexander Nicol has received the contract to build a cottage for Mr. James Matthewson on his land on what was formerly the polo lot.

—Next week will be the last for paying city taxes without paying interest. As usual, many will wait until the last day, when there will be a big crowd.

—Sixteen members of Newport Lodge of Elks were elected members of the Edwin Forrest Club of Boston at the recent outing of the club at New Bedford.

—Hon. Chauncey M. Depew and Chauncey M. Depew, Jr., were among the passengers on steamer New York, which arrived today at New York from Southampton.

—Mrs. H. W. Brown of Fall River and Misses Edith and Gladys Burroughs of Danielson, Conn., returned to Fall River yesterday, after a visit of several days with Mrs. C. H. Smith.

—Rev. J. F. Fleming will leave early next week to join Mrs. Fleming at their farm at Flemington, N. J. Mr. Fleming's vacation will last during the entire month of September.

—The apprentice boys and others at the Training Station enjoyed a good exhibition of sleight-of-hand work last evening in the gymnasium. It was one of the cleverest performances ever seen there.

—The orders of August 18 to First Lieutenant Samuel C. Vestal, Seventh artillery, are amended so as to assign him to Battery L of that regiment. Battery L is at Fort Slocum in New York harbor.

—The stroke on the fire alarm this morning was caused by a pickup. A man wielding a pick on Warner street, on the new sidewalk, struck the cable—and the whole town knew it. The emergency force repaired the break.

—Dr. Henry Zick, late of Adelphi College, will give this evening on the veranda of the Kay Street House an illustrated talk on the Rhine and German student life. The lecture has been given at the prominent summer resorts along the coast and has been received with favorable comment.

—Mr. Southwick of Providence, state entomologist for the Rhode Island board of agriculture, is in the city today making preparations for his illustrated lecture at the Natural History museum Monday evening next. During his stay in Newport he will be guest of Mr. A. O'D. Taylor on Francis street.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. Dean, Mrs. E. B. Fiske, Brooklyn; Granville W. Browning, Chicago; J. D. Lynch, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Marshall, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Hamlin, Rochester, and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hornbeck, Kansas City, are registered at The New Cliffs Hotel.

—Arrivals at The Aquidneck include Mrs. A. C. Baldwin, Washington; Mrs. C. J. Goldwaite, New York; G. H. Miller, E. W. Swett, Worcester; P. H. Lanehan, Birmingham, Ala.; William Cobb, Rockland; Miss M. J. Brown, Denver; W. S. Hough, Providence; E. C. McClintock, Boston.

—The crossing from the emergency house to the Boston passenger depot is all right when the weather is dry, but all wrong when it is wet. The crossing on Spring street at the head of Franklin is also practically useless when it rains, and it is used a great deal. Part of this belongs to the city and part to the street railroad, but the city's part is the worse.

—The following transfers have recently been made from the Training Station: Chief Boatswain's Mate William R. Lynn, to the Vermont; Chief Master-at-Arms Walter G. MacDonald and Chief Yeoman J. J. Monahan, to the Dixie. The Dixie is going to the Philippines. Chief Machinist John E. Owens has been transferred at his own request to training ship Topeka.

—Miss Elizabeth Wetmore Hunter has decided to retire from theatrical life, upon which she had entered with gratifying success. She says: "I regret very much that I am unable now to continue in taking advantage of my very successful debut. Kindly deny the report of my appearing in the theatricals at the Casino next month." Miss Hunter's retirement was caused by the poor health of her mother.

—Tomorrow the H. S. Caswell will make another excursion to Rocky Point, giving Newporters a chance to see the Point, have a shore dinner and witness the game between Providence and Hartford, and arrive home at a seasonable hour. These two clubs are making a strong fight for first place in the Eastern league, and a fast game may be looked for. Flemming, formerly of Newport, is playing centrefield for Hartford.

PRAISES ADMIRAL SEYMOUR.

Captain McCalla Asks the United States to Honor the British Admiral.

The Navy Department has made public the report of Captain B. H. McCalla, who was in command of the American contingent of the international column under Admiral Seymour that, June 10, made the first move in the relief of Pekin, but which was cut off by the Chinese troops on the road and forced to turn back from Yang Tsun, being in danger of complete annihilation before coming in touch with the reinforcements sent out to meet them from Tien Tsin. The report is most interesting, despite the official brevity with which the romantic features of the story are dismissed, and the corresponding wealth of official, but to the lay mind, unimportant detail.

Captain McCalla, in conclusion, says: "I hesitate somewhat to refer to the senior naval officer's admirable direction of the naval forces acting concurrently for the relief of the several legations in Pekin, both while attempting to reach the capital over a railway partially destroyed, and during the far more difficult and hazardous operation of falling back from Yank Tsun to Tien Tsin, encumbered by wounded, who could not be left to a merciless foe, and opposed by infantry, artillery and cavalry of the imperial Chinese army, assisted by Boxers, who, there was evidence to show, had recently received arms from the arsenals of China.

"But Vice Admiral Seymour's knowledge and ability are so eminent, and his tact and consideration so great and constant, that I may say that the officers and men of the eight nationalities were only too pleased to execute his wishes, which were accepted in reality as orders; so that the 2,000 seamen and marines under his command, or associated with him, became a harmonious body actuated by but one purpose.

"But I should fail altogether in my duty to a brother seaman did I not call to the attention of the government the honor which Admiral Seymour conferred upon our navy by not hesitating to call upon the officers from the Newark to assist his own magnificent body of bluejackets and marines; the esteem which he showed for our country by assigning me to the charge of the first train and afterward of the construction train; the confidence which caused him to place officers and men from his fleet under my personal command, and his great kindness in permitting his overworked medical officers to care for our wounded, who were, I am mortified to state, without the services of one of our own surgeons.

"During the almost continuous engagements with the enemy Admiral Seymour was constantly with the advance, and so freely exposed himself that both his own officers and mine feared lest we should be deprived of his conspicuous skill in directing our movements. It would be a source of unqualified gratification to the officers and men of the Newark who were associated with Vice Admiral Seymour's command if our own government would offer this distinguished officer some appropriate and tangible recognition of his services to our nation."

Captain McCalla concludes his report by asking that a number of foreign officers be offered medals for aiding the United States forces in action. Those mentioned are:

Captain J. R. Jellicoe, Major J. R. Johnstone, Gunnery Lieutenant E. G. Scrofton, Fleet Surgeon Thomas M. Sibbald and Surgeons Edward B. Pickthorn and Eric MacNamara, all of the British navy; Captain von Usedom, German navy; Captain de Moralles, French navy; Captain T. Chagin, Russian navy; Captain Mori, Japanese navy; Lieutenant Sirianni, Italian navy; Midshipman E. Prochaska, Austrian navy, and C. W. Campbell of the British consular corps.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Over 100 persons attended the meeting of Aquidneck Grange Thursday evening, which was open to guests. A program consisting of readings, singing and instrumental music was rendered. An especially pleasing feature of the evening was the milkmaids' drill and chorus by a number of young people who carried milking pails and milking stools. Considerable enjoyment was also had in the grand march which preceded the closing of the program. Dancing was then enjoyed until a late hour, refreshments being served.

Miss Martha Smith spent Thursday as guest of Mrs. Thomas Ward.

Mr. John Peckham left for Brooklyn last night, where he is to be guest of his uncle, Mr. Southwick Sherman, and daughter, who also returned to Brooklyn last evening.

Miss Annie M. Burlock, who has been at Mrs. Oscar Peckham's for several weeks, returned to Newport Wednesday.

About 75 colored farm hands held a social and dance in Music hall Thursday evening.

Miss Edith M. Baker of Jersey City, who has been guest of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peckham, has gone to Newport for a few days, previous to her return home.

Mrs. George H. Irish has as guests three of her nieces, daughters of Mr. Alvin P. Smith.

LADIES'

White Gloves

White Lisle Thread,

White Silk,

White Chamois,

White Kid.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

201 THAMES STREET.

Hazard's Drag,

TWO OR FOUR HORSES.

For parties, moonlight drives, etc.

S. H. HAZARD,

53 THAMES STREET.

For Table or Medicinal Use

Londonderry

LITHIA WATER

Absolutely Pure and Reliable.

OPTICIANS.

$3.00 Glasses Reduced to $1.00 For 15 days.

Metropolitan Optical Co. of New York, EYESIGHT SPECIALISTS

To advertise our new store we have reduced the price of our regular $3 eyeglasses and spectacles to $1, this offer for 15 days. For the next 15 days we will examine eyes free of charge, with the famous optometre of Dr. Burrow of Konigsberg, Prussia. When we say examine eyes free we mean a thorough and accurate examination of each eye separately, and satisfaction guaranteed.

There is no need of getting your glasses of watch cleaners or jewelry repairers when you can get them from an eyesight specialist that does nothing but fit eyes.

No matter how much your vision is impaired or how many oculists have given your case up, we will guarantee to improve your vision, providing there is any vision left.

Astigmatism and all errors of refraction scientifically corrected. If you are troubled with headache or your vision blurs, if you see double objects, if you are nervous and forgetful you should be sure to call at our store and have your eyes thoroughly and accurately examined. Remember this offer for 15 days. We are going to sell our regular $3 eyeglasses and spectacles for $1. They are the best quality lenses that are manufactured. It is no need of paying fancy prices for glasses when you can get them as above stated.

We sell all solid gold and gold filled eyeglasses and spectacles at one half the regular prices; also fill all prescriptions at same rates. We make very low prices for repairing frames and replacing broken lenses.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

METROPOLITAN OPTICAL CO.,

146 Thames St., Opposite Boston Store

NEWPORT, R. I.

Many Do Not See

As well as they should. Others see well, but their eyes soon become tired. Still others suffer with constant headache, which medicine does not relieve, because the headache comes from eye strain, and the only remedy is a pair of good glasses, properly fitted. If for any reason your sight is not good, call on us. We have the appliances, skill and experience to fit any eye that glasses will help.

Examination free by a Graduate Optician.

H. A. HEATH & CO., Jewelers and Opticians,

162 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.

Frames repaired and broken lenses replaced.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

Ye Olden Style

Prevention of Eye Trouble.

Prevention is better than cure; it is cheaper. It is possible when cure is impossible. Eye troubles may be avoided by the timely use of glasses, averting discomfort, suffering and permanent impairment of sight. I use first quality lenses only and my method of examining eyes must not be compared with the inexperienced.

L. N. Vaughan, Optician,

88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

TIME IS PRECIOUS

With most people. To make the most of it you must keep track of it by the aid of an accurate watch. Our timekeepers are known and praised by everybody. We select watches on the principle that our customers are entitled to the best things obtainable. Our guarantee goes with all goods sold.

W. O. Glazier, 96 Spring St.

ESTABLISHED 1816.

We have resumed business in our wine department. The same purity and excellence of quality will be maintained, as has characterized our goods during the past 54 years.

PELEG BRYER,

25, 27 Broadway, 9 and 11 Spring St.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

BALANCE OF

Flowers,

Ribbons

—AND—

Straw Hats

AT ONE HALF ORIGINAL VALUE.

M. E. TOBIN,

46 & 48 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Removal Sale.

A great sacrifice in all my stock. Must close it out. Selling at cost and below cost.

F. N. Dawley, 111 Thames Street.

Hats, Frames, Ornaments

—AND—

Millinery Novelties

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

G. H. KIRBY, - 85 Broadway.

Special Sale of Flowers

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 25, 26 and 27.

N. L. MASON, 18 BROADWAY

A. M. DUNPHY, DRESSMAKER,

Formerly of Park Square, Boston.

Has opened parlors at 5 Mt. Vernon St.

DRUGGISTS.

Blackberry Cordial.

This cordial is highly recommended as an efficient and pleasant astringent remedy for all forms of Summer Complaints and diseases of like character. Blackberry Root and Catechu are both well known; these in combination with Wine and Compound Elixir of Pepsin form an exceedingly active remedy.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Washington Sq.

USE

DOWNING'S RUM AND QUININE,

For the Hair.

An elegant toilet preparation for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair—rendering it soft and glossy, curing all diseases of the scalp, free from all irritating matter; it softens the hair when hard or dry; acting upon the roots, keeps the scalp in a healthy condition.

Downing Bros., Pharmacists,

42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Cydonine

Is unequalled to prevent or cure sunburn and to use after shaving. It contains no oil and renders the complexion smooth and clear.

PREPARED BY

GEO. A. WOOD,

166 BROADWAY.

WM. H. COTTON,

Druggist and Apothecary,

Old No. 144. New No. 236 THAMES STREET.

Columbia Automobiles

For Sale or to Rent.

We especially call your attention to our Gasoline Runabouts, which we will be pleased to show to all those who are interested.

These runabouts are for sale and can be delivered in two weeks from receipt of order.

We have several Electric Wagonettes, holding twelve people, in commission, which can be engaged for the Ocean Drive, picnics, etc.

Rates on application.

We will also repair and care for private gasoline or steam automobiles at our station.

NEW ENGLAND ELECTRIC VEHICLE TRANSPORTATION CO.,

E. G. HAYWARD, Business Manager.

7 to 19 Downing St., Newport, R. I.

TELEPHONE CALL 270.

Arctic Ice Co

Wholesale and Retail

Dealers in

Natural and

Artificial Ice.

THIS COMPANY IS PREPARED TO FURNISH ICE OF THE BEST QUALITY AND IN ANY QUANTITY DESIRED.

PROMPT ATTENTION AND DELIVERY BY EXPERIENCED DRIVERS. TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Office Commercial Wharf

JOHN H. GREENE, Supt.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.

The Chas. E. Spooner Co.,

DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Hay,

Straw, Salt, etc.

COMMERCIAL WHARF.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Sulpho-Napthol.

Hay, Grain and Straw, Salt, etc.

D. Shanahan, Commercial Wharf.

THE TRADES.

C. A. HILCKEN,

Bookbinder.

ALL KINDS OF BINDINGS DONE PROMPTLY AT REASONABLE PRICES.

178 Thames Street, Corner Mary.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,

Contractor and Builder.

Residence and Shop, 15 Gibbs Ave.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

MICHAEL KIRBY,

Contractor and Builder,

Corner Homer and Garfield Streets.

ALL WORK DONE IS FIRST-CLASS AND PLEASES PATRONS.

GIVE ME A TRIAL ON A HOUSE, STABLE OR ANYTHING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

M. A. McCORMICK,

Carpenter & Builder.

ESTIMATES GIVEN AND JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Office and Residence, 309 Spring St.

Telephone.

Stoddard & Gladding

COTTAGE ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

Plans for interior and exterior alterations.

Wood mantels of all descriptions.

Hardwood floors laid and waxed.

Sole agents for Berger's Classified Metal Ceilings.

SHOP, REAR 11 POPLAR STREET.

Smith Bosworth & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,

WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.

WEST BROADWAY.

U. G. NASON,

Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Furnace Work

Tin Roofing and General Jobbing promptly attended to.

12 WEST BROADWAY.

TAYLOR & HOWARD,

House Painters and Decorators,

14 WEAVER AVENUE.

LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.

32 MILL STREET.

General House Fitters.

Plumbing and Electric Work.

Yacht Plumbing a Specialty.

GODDARD & BARLOW,

PRACTICAL

Tinsmiths and Metal Workers.

Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

REAR 192 THAMES STREET.

STONE FENCE POSTS.

J. B. COTTRELL, Warner street, opposite Island cemetery. Every variety of stone work to order.

W. H. COFFIN,

Carpenter and Builder,

Langley's Wharf, Opp. Postoffice.

RESIDENCE 23 BROADWAY.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

It is Surprising

How a little paint and putty will improve matters.

Try HURLEY, Cross & Bridge Sts.

Henry Biesel & Son,

Saddle, Harness and Trunk Makers,

Harness and Stable Supplies,

DOG COLLARS, LEATHER GOODS.

REPAIRING.

250 & 258 THAMES STREET,

TELEPHONE [illegible]

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

Providence, Fall River & Newport STEAMBOAT CO.

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days 7:15, 10:30 A. M., and 5 P. M. Sundays, 8, 11:30 A. M., and 5, 6:15, 9 P. M. Leave Providence for Newport, week days, 9 A. M., and 2 and 5 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M.; 2 and 8 P. M.

Excursion Tickets, 60c.

The first A. M. boat from Newport to Providence and last P. M. boat from Providence to Newport stop at Conanicut and Prudence Parks daily, Sundays included.

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Narragansett Pier

Week days, 10:15 A. M. Return, 4:55 P. M. (Sundays, 11:50 A. M. and 3 P. M.) Return, 12:30, 4:20 P. M.

For Block Island

Week days, 10:45 A. M. Return 2:15 P. M. Sundays, 11:15 A. M. Return, 3 P. M.

Leave Newport for Fall River

5 P. M. (Sundays, 6:15 P. M.). Leave Fall River for Newport, 9 A. M. (Sundays, 10 A. M.)

H. BUTFUM, Supt. Transportation.

ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.

From Foot of Market Square, Newport.

JUNE 20, 1900.

Steamer Conanicut

Will run as follows:

LEAVE NEWPORT—6:15, 8:30 Mail, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:30 Mail, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 Mail, 7:30, 9:15 P. M.

LEAVE JAMESTOWN—6:15, 8:00, 9.00 Mail, 10:00, 11:00 A. M.; 12:00 M.; 1:00, 2:00 Mail, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, a*8:20 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

LEAVE NEWPORT—8:30 Mail, 9:30, 10:45 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 4:00, 5:00, 6:15, 9:00 P. M.

LEAVE JAMESTOWN—8:00, 9:00, 10:15 A. M.; 12:50, 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:15 Mail, a*8:30 P. M.

20 cents round trip, 12 tickets for $1.

Subject to change.

*Touching at Fall River Line Wharf on way over.

aNo trunks taken on this trip.

25c. through ticket, Newport to Saunderstown.

Steamer Beaver Tail,

Connecting with Sea View Railway at Saunderstown, for

Narragansett Pier and Wickford,

Will run as follows:

LEAVE JAMESTOWN—7:25, 9:05, 10.05, 11:05 A. M.; 12:05, 1:05, 2:05, 3:05, 4:05, 5:05, 6:05, 7:05 P. M.

LEAVE SAUNDERSTOWN—8:15, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, a7:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

LEAVE JAMESTOWN—8:00, 9:10, 10:10, 11:25 A. M.; 1:10, 3:10, 4:10, 6:10, 7:05 P. M.

LEAVE SAUNDERSTOWN—8:30, 9:35, 11:00 A. M.; 12:00 M.; 2:00, 3:30, 5:05, 6:00, a7:35 P. M.

Subject to change.

aConnecting with New York boat at Newport.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

Newport & Fall River Street Railway Co

Leave Newport for Fall River—*7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:15, **10:00, **10:30, **11:00, **11:30.

Leave Fall River for Newport—*6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 8:15, 9:15, 9:15, 10:15, 10:15, 11:15, 11:45, 12:15, 12:15, 1:15, 1:15, 2:15, 2:15, 3:15, 3:15, 4:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 6:15, 6:15, 7:15, 7:15, 8:15, 8:15, 9:15, 9:15, **10:15, **10:15, **11:15.

** To Portsmouth car barn only.

* Except Sundays.

Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.

Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.

H. S. GOFF, General Manager.

For Block Island.

Steamer B. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island at 7 a. m. Weather permitting.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route." June 11, 1900.

LEAVE	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	7.45	10.00	1.20	4.10	†2.25		*11.15
Prov. ar.	8.50	11.50	3.15	5.50	9.50		
Boston, ar.	10.18	1.18	4.30	7.00	11.00		
New York, ar.	1.58	4.30	6.58	11.00	B		
	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	A
LEAVE	Night	A M	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M
New York,	†12.02		5.00	10.00	1.02	4.12	5.0[illegible]
Boston,	12.00	8.42	10.38	1.02	3.40		7.1[illegible]
Providence,	1.25	8.02	11.11	2.10	4.15		8.2[illegible]
Newport, ar.	6.35	9.10	1.01	4.10	6.10	6.35	10.[illegible]
	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M

†Saturday only until September 1.

*Daily.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:0 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:20 A. M.; Washington, 11:0 A. M.

**Through train between Wickford Junction Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change.

G. H. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger King and Hill Top Cottages,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottages, opposite Newport Reading Room,

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

NASON COTTAGE, 26 Mill Street.

A home-like and comfortable place for board permanent or transient.

GEO. NASON, Proprietor.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE FAST TWIN-SCREW SERVICE

BOSTON TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL

PALATIAL STEAMERS

Modern, Safe, Fast. Average Voyage under 7 days.

Sailing from Hoosac Tunnel Docks, Boston, as follows:

New England,

September 12, October 10.

Immense New Twin Screw S.S.

Commonwealth

Sails Oct. 17, Nov. 14.

Canada,

Dates announced later.

Saloon passage, $60 and upward. 2d saloon, $37.50. 3d class, $25.50.

For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 77 State St., Boston, Mass., or J. J. Gibson, M. S. [illegible] Thames St. Geo. Lamonton, 147 Thames St. [illegible]

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,

—FROM—

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday,

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to

J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.

or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

Wilson's Nurseries

Have a first-class stock of Fruit Trees, Purple and Fern-Leaf Beech, Scarlet Oak, and a full stock of California Privet, Hydrangea, Japan Maples, and Shrubs of many varieties.

FOREST AVENUE.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced second man in private family. Best Newport and New York references. Address Box 55, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation as lady's maid, seamstress or attendant to a lady; experienced and capable. References. Box 1, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation as butler by young Englishman who understands his business; 6 years' service. Address Box 58, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A seamstress wishes situation. Is capable of assisting in other work. Good reference. Address Box 12, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced cook; first-class reference. Apply rear Hook and Ladder house, Long wharf.

WANTED—Nursing by the day, week or month, at 6 Division street.

WANTED—Sewing by the day; understands cutting and fitting. Call or address 41 Bath road.

WANTED—Situation as a competent laundress. Apply 13 John street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A cook and second girl. Apply at 1 Kay street.

WANTED—Energetic man to manage branch; $125 month, extra commissions. Old established house. Must be well recommended and furnish $600 cash. Manager, Drawer 28, New Haven, Conn.

WANTED—Immediately, an experienced woman for general housework, in small family. Box 1, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Hustling young man can make $60 per month and expenses. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. Write quick for particulars. Clark & Co., 4th and Locust streets, Phila., Penn.

AGENTS—If you are looking for quick sales and large profits, send for Dunker booklet. Dunker Mfg. Co. 10 A Park Sq., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—A boy, 15 or 16 years old, to make himself generally useful. Apply at Box 45, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A white girl as cook and laundress in a family of three; wages $5. References required. Address Box M, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Well-recommended girl as first-class waitress and chambermaid. Apply at 60 Rhode Island avenue.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—Saturday morning, a sum of money, which owner may have upon paying for this advertisement. Apply at D. J. Sullivan & Co., 88 Thames street.

LOST—Aug. 21, Boston bull terrier pup; short tail, white and gray. Please return to 45 Kay Hill street. Reward.

LOST—One pair field glasses. J. W. Nicker, Fort Berlin, Conn.

LOST—A small yellow Dachshund bitch, with collar, near Webster and Spring streets. Reward will be paid if returned to Mrs. Ladenburg, Willow Bank.

FOUND—Eyeglasses. Owner may have on paying for this advertisement, at 205 Spring St.

$10 Reward.

LOST—Between Golf Club and Narragansett avenue, covert coating driving coat; maker's name inside, Old England. Finder will return same to "Ocean View," Bellevue avenue.

$10 REWARD—For recovery of large Angora male cat; silver, with white breast and feet. Otis Callery, 27 Rhode Island avenue.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—A first-class tenement of 6 rooms; a good location; low rent. Apply 15 William St.

TO LET—For light housekeeping, two or three furnished rooms. For particulars apply at 27 Church street.

TO LET.

LARGE AIRY ROOMS, in fine old mansion, near Bellevue avenue. Unsurpassed table. Board or not. Terms reasonable. References exchanged. Mrs. Morris, 16 Berkeley avenue.

Select Board

FOR A FAMILY, OR BY THE ROOM. CALL OR ADDRESS THE MISSES HAZARD, 53 RHODE ISLAND AVENUE.

Furnished Rooms to Let,

with or without board. Apply Mrs. C. Anderson, 22 Prospect Hill street.

MASSAGE.

Hjalmar Beckman,
Massage and Medical
Gymnastic Specialist,

Graduate of Stockholm, Sweden.
THE ANCHORAGE, 8 BATH ROAD.
Telephone 399.

Miss E. C. Dimock, Masseuse.
Refers to DOCTOR DOUGLAS GRAHAM, BOSTON, by whom was graduated. 205 Spring street. Telephone 375 1.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse,
General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired. Also Swedish movements.
15 Newport Avenue.

DR. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN
Office, 74 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

Emiel Lindgren,
MASSEUR,
Graduate of Christiania, Norway.
Established in Washington, D. C., 1885.
Summer address Clifton House, Bellevue avenue. Telephone 166-2.

RESTAURANTS.

I WILL BE SUITED IF I PATRONIZE

The Philadelphia
Restaurant and Lunch Cafe,
105 THAMES STREET.

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

I do not take other people's word for it but will try it myself and be convinced.

OPEN ALL NIGHT.
SHORT ORDERS. HOT MEALS.
Satisfaction guaranteed.
N. T. CASEY. JULIUS ANDERSEN.

Broadway Restaurant,
31 Broadway, Newport, R. I.
FIRST-CLASS MEALS ON THE AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
Catering for weddings and dinner parties a specialty. Table board by day or week.
N. T. JACKSON, Proprietor.

SHORE DINNER
SERVED DAILY AT
Hygeia Spa Pavilion,
EASTON'S BEACH.
Fish dinner and lunch on European plan.
Come when the bell rings.
ALLEN'S RESTAURANT, 133 THAMES STREET
D. B. & J. T. Allen, Proprietors.
Telephone connection.

CHAMPION'S LINE,
28 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.
Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats.
TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.

NOTICE.

Now is your time to send in your orders to me to have your tubs, vases, boxes, etc., filled with choice plants. Also have your flower beds ready. All kinds of Plants can be had at my store or greenhouse at low prices.

Telephone Connection. H. J. HASS.

BERKELEY'S HOME.

Residence of the Good Bishop at "Whitehall."

(Edward Everett Hale.)

"Westward the course of empire takes its way."

There is hardly another incident in the American history of the first half of the eighteenth century as romantic as the little episode of Dean Berkeley's arrival in Rhode Island, and his residence there. It was remembered recently on the spot, and Berkeley himself was honored anew in a pleasant fete at Newport. Whitehall itself, the house he built there, was reopened on this occasion, to be a monument of his life here, and as a sort of clubhouse or museum, which may be of use in the future for students of his life and work.

Here was one of the most popular, attractive, and successful—one of the most brilliant—men in England, arriving, with his wife, at the beginning of what he meant to be a lifelong exile from the hope of his childhood. All around him at the moment supposed that such exile had begun for him. He was 44 years old. His bride, a charming woman, enlisted heartily in all his projects, and gave her life to their success, as he had given his. What were those projects?

It is easy enough now to say that they were foolish and futile, that "of course" they could not succeed, and that no one but a visionary would have embarked on them. It would be a pity if we did not know more than Berkeley did, living, as we do, 170 years after his adventure. At the same time there is no harm in remembering that Berkeley knew some things which some of his critics have forgotten.

He knew, for instance, that, in the year 1115, Bernard of Citeaux led into the wilderness of Champagne 12 other well-educated men, among others his own brothers, with the direct purpose of making a civilized home where was a den of savages and robbers. Men of intense apostolic purpose, they took their spades and mattocks on their shoulders, and marched, singing psalms, into a wilderness, surrounded by savages of a grade of civilization as low as that of our Blackfoot Indians when Lewis and Clark met them in 1801. Here Bernard and his men laid the foundations of Clairvaux, and in 60 years made it the centre of Western civilization. While he lived he had himself sent out into England, Ireland, France, western Germany, Sweden and Hungary 70 other of such colleges,—as they should be called—religious houses, which took upon themselves the civilization of the savages around them and the education of mankind. Before another century ended there were hundreds of such places in western Europe.

Before other methods had superseded them and their work, the number of such establishments was to be stated in tens of thousands. To such enterprises, beginning with the establishment of Clair Vaux, the Clara Vallis, or Valley of Light, for many centuries the civilization of Western Europe today is due. It would be fair to say that I should not be writing these lines, nor this reader holding this newspaper, but for that march of Bernard and his brethren into the wilderness.

Dean Berkeley proposed an enterprise not unlike that of Bernard, with the white paper of the American continent to write upon. He meant to establish what he called a university, which would be practically the same thing as the convent, or religious house, of Bernard. He proposed to receive pupils here from all parts of North America, red men or white men, for the same purpose and with the same privileges, and so to educate them that they should return to their homes fit to level up the life of "this strange, new world, which hath such wonders in it."

Of this religious house he proposed himself to be the head. He proposed to take with him 10 well-educated scholars, with purposes as high as his own. He fixed his own modest salary at £100 a year. The fellows were to receive £50 each. Such security, at least, had the friends of the enterprise that the teachers whom they sent out were not attracted by the hope of gain. And it is interesting to see that Berkeley had no difficulty in enlisting his apostles. He found all he wanted, and more—men in whose characters and purposes he had confidence, scholarly men, of courage and faith, who believed in the future, in America, and in Berkeley. The adventure did not fail from any lack of adventurers.

Strange to say, also, it did not fail because people of position thought the adventure wild or the scheme impracticable. Berkeley made them think it practicable. He talked of it to everybody. He gives an amusing account of a dinner party of wits and other fine gentlemen, where they made him talk about his plans. He talked with such enthusiasm that he converted them all. They all insisted on contributing very considerable sums, which he does not seem to have expected or asked for. He had announced that he should expend on the scheme a legacy of £4,000, which Miss Van Homrigh had left to him; and he had the audacity to appeal to Parliament to bear the expense of the university. England had just acquired the island of St. Christopher, and Berkeley had found that £80,000 would be paid into the British treasury from this island. He had the courage to propose to the king, to Walpole, and to Parliament, to endow his university with £20,000 of this money. The king was well pleased, and agreed. Walpole agreed, and pretended to be interested, but probably really supposed that Parliament would never assent. Little, however, did he know Berkeley, if he did suppose this. Berkeley attacked each member of Parliament separately, and with such success that the appropriation proposed passed the House almost unanimously, only two members voting against it.

Berkeley felt as any other honest man would have felt—that his battle was gained. He engaged the first of his companions. He married the woman to whom he was engaged, chartered a vessel, and sailed for America. It was time to begin his preparations here. With that queer passion for island homes which had misled Ralph Lane, Gosnold, and even John Smith, among the early adventurers, he had selected the Bermudas as the seat of the university. But he knew that they could not raise their own food, and he came to Rhode Island to arrange for regular commerce with the Bermudas, understanding well that he wanted close connection with the English colonies, and that Newport was the best port for his correspondence and supplies. Here, on a winter day in January, 1629, he landed with his party. Mr. Honeyman, the minister of Trinity Church, heard of his arrival in time to announce it from the pulpit to his people, and led them in a body to what is now Ferry wharf, to welcome him.

Here Berkeley and his bride and his friends landed, and there he lived very happily for three years. Here he wrote his ode, of which the fine closing lines are so often quoted in America:

> "Westward the course of empire takes its way.
> The four first acts already past,
> A fifth shall close the drama with the day:
> Time's noblest offspring is the last."

Berkeley was in the prime of his life when he landed and lived in Newport. And he is so near the time when George Fox preached there that he must have talked in Newport with men who had listened to that great idealist of what was then the last century. For the old man, George Fox, might have led the little boy, George Berkeley, by the hand. He could have told him what a child comprehends as well as a grandfather, how God is in the flower and in the butterfly, how he breathes in the wind, and traces the curves of the waves upon the beach. I think that, like other great men, Berkeley was at his best in conversation. In the simplicity of the life of the place, he found just the society he had dreamed of, and just what he liked. I have not wondered, therefore, that he stayed happily in Newport, while those rather doubtful plans for the Indian college dragged along in London. How one wishes that there had been some phonograph to repeat to us today the serious yet brilliant talk of this great idealist of idealists with the quiet Friends at Newport of that day! Berkeley would find among these men those not unprepared for his high speculations.

With Roger Williams and George Fox in one century, with Berkeley in the beginning of another, with absolute toleration, as he observes, among all communions and this not only among Christians, but with Jews and with the agnostics of the time—no wonder that Rhode Island became almost from the first the home of idealists. You must count even Hopkins among them. Then Channing comes, escaping from the horrors of Hopkins's Calvinism; and then Channing's friend, the philosopher, Rowland Gibson Hazard, who was born in the first year of this century. With these I must name Job Durfee, jurist and philosopher, and two remarkable preachers, Alice Peckham—who became by marriage Alice Rathbone—and Jennie Wilkinson, who afterward led with success a colony into the country of the Iroquois Indians in New York. She was the first who soothed their natural jealousy of their white neighbors. She called her town "the New Jerusalem," and was known herself as "The Universal Friend." That place is known as Quaker Town to this day.

In our time all religion which deserves the name, in whatever communion, is based on the glad sense of the real presence of God. From the pope on his throne round to the most individual of comeouters or the most scientific of Christian Scientists, every one is now eager to recognize the immanent presence of the God who is, who is here. The kingdom of God is at hand. This is the religion of the new century. Emerson is its spokesman, and Emerson's spiritual descent is direct through the life of Channing. In the midst of such universal idealism in the year 1900, it is useless to inquire with much anxiety as to the details of Dean Berkeley's statement in 1732 of the material universe, or what men call the material universe. Simply, his philosophy, so-called, was his statement, in the best forms of words which he could contrive, of the central truths of God's present power, of God's present love. Does a butterfly cross from honeysuckle to locust-tree, God is in the life and beauty of the butterfly. Does a white pile of mountain cloud make a new picture on the blue, God directs the cloud. God flings its shadows across its snows; and God curves its outlines on the sky. Berkeley will not talk of "laws of nature." He will insist on the present life of God in the changes of Nature, or in her rest.

Of all which the interested reader will get no better sketch from Berkeley's own hand than in "Alciphron," the "Minute Philosopher," as he wrote it in his Whitehall, or in the shade of the rocks of Purgatory or Paradise, not far away. That book is constantly referring back to the beauties and the pleasure of his Newport life. It is such a mixture of what he saw and what he thought as might come today into the letters written by any young man or young maiden who enters into cheerful and hearty intercourse with God or nature in the better life of the Newport of today.

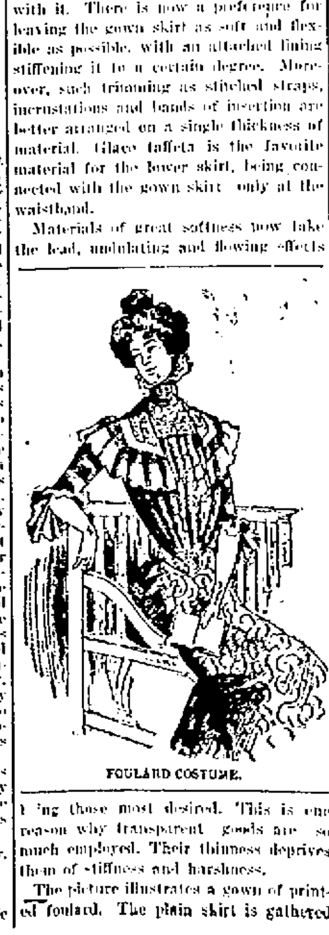
"Put not your trust in princes." When Berkeley's friends asked Sir Robert Walpole for the £20,000, he laughed at them, and said that the act designated no time for its payment, and that it was not convenient to pay it then. In a word, Walpole had lied in promising the grant to Berkeley. It was never paid to him. Berkeley learned with grief that his king and his king's great minister had deceived him. He had to release from their engagements the fellows who had wished to join in the enterprise, and, with his wife and his American son, he returned to Ireland. An infant daughter died here, and was buried at Newport.

And thus ended the dream of his American university. He made the acquaintance of Harvard men and of Yale men, and to each college he made liberal benefactions. In our time our wise California brethren have given to their university, more than princely in its endowments and purposes, the fit name of "Berkeley."

STYLES IN SKIRTS.

Many skirts of wool or silk material are made with a lower skirt of taffeta. It is very important that this lower skirt should be cut exactly like the outside one, although it is not to make one with it. There is now a preference for leaving the gown skirt as soft and flexible as possible, with an attached lining stiffening it to a certain degree. Moreover, such trimming as stitched straps, incrustations and bands of insertion are better arranged on a single thickness of material. Glace taffeta is the favorite material for the lower skirt, being connected with the gown skirt only at the waistband.

Materials of great softness now take the lead, undulating and flowing effects being those most desired. This is one reason why transparent goods are so much employed. Their thinness deprives them of stiffness and harshness.



FOULARD COSTUME.

The picture illustrates a gown of printed foulard. The plain skirt is gathered at the back. The bodice has a full front and is mounted on a small, square yoke of guipure, the fullness being held by a band of the same. The wide collar is of plain foulard matching the ground of the figure and is bordered with a band of guipure and a foulard ruffle edged with guipure. The sleeves are of elbow length, with horizontal bands of guipure and a terminating frill of the same.

Constipation
Sleeplessness

I have taken Senalt Tablets for constipation and sleeplessness, and I am convinced they are as recommended.

WM. W. FOLEY, JR.
Fall River, Mass.

Senalt is sold by all good druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

COLONEL HIGGINSON'S CHOICE.

[New Bedford Standard.]

Colonel Thomas W. Higginson has formally joined the Massachusetts Bryan club, thus putting his position in the campaign outside of any doubt. He voted for McKinley four years ago, but previous to that he had voted for Cleveland since the first Cleveland campaign. Originally, Colonel Higginson was a Republican, having come into the party as a pronounced anti-slavery man.

His health is not good, and he will probably not take an active part in the canvass as he has in some past years. Colonel Higginson's record is such that his adhesion to the Bryan cause cannot be taken as other than the expression of his sincere belief. He commenced his political life by espousing an unpopular cause, and in his whole career his honesty and patriotism have been undoubted. Nothing whatever can be gained to the Republican cause by jeers and sneers at such a man when he frankly joins the other side. We may see him go there with regret, but scoffing is misplaced.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

Kay Street House.

Open for the Season of 1900.

15 KAY STREET.
L. M. LINFIELD, Proprietor.

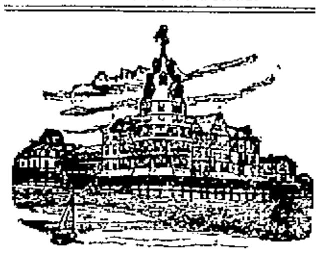
PERRY HOUSE.
WASHINGTON SQUARE.
Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

La Forge Cottage,

(Formerly Conkling Villa)
TOURO PARK WEST,
OPEN FOR THE SEASON OF 1900.
PHILLIPP LA FORGE, - - - - Proprietor.

BATEMAN'S.
Finest ocean view. Adjoins new Polo Field and Golf Links. Private Beach.
Thirty acres situated on Ocean Drive. All attractions of city and country.
Table unexcelled. Butter, cream and poultry our own. References.

JAMESTOWN HOTELS.



Bay View Hotel,

Open June 1.
FURNISHED COTTAGES.
O. T. KNOWLES, Prop'r.

Gardner House,

JAMESTOWN.

N. S. LITTLEFIELD & SON
Proprietors.

Hotel Thorndike,

Jamestown, R. I.

Delightfully Located on Narragansett Bay, Opposite Newport.

Extensive improvements; thoroughly renovated; new furniture, etc. Open June to October.

F. H. CHESTER CO.

SUMMER RESORTS.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
SARATOGA SPRINGS.
Many new improvements. Appointments, Cuisine and Service perfect.
OPEN UNTIL OCT. 1, 1900.
GAGE & PERRY, Proprietors.

POPULAR PRICES.
GRAND UNION HOTEL,
Saratoga Springs.
Transient rates $1 per day and upward. Special terms per week and season.
WOOLLEY & GERRANS, Proprietors.

FINANCIAL.

INDUSTRIAL TRUST COMPANY,

Newport Branch,
303 THAMES STREET.

Capital, - - - - - - $1,200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits, $619,525.55

The Industrial Trust Company transacts all the lines of business of a modern Trust Company, including a general banking business and the execution of all forms of trusts.

The company is a Depository of funds of the State of Rhode Island, of the Cities of Providence, Pawtucket, Newport and Central Falls, and of many of the Towns in the State.

The Company has the largest Capital of any banking institution in Rhode Island—20 per cent. of which is, under the provisions of its charter, deposited in approved securities with the State Treasurer.

Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Assignees and Trustees depositing the funds or property of their estates with the Industrial Trust Company are exempt by law from all personal liability.

Interest Paid on Deposits subject to check at sight.

Depositors on Participation Account with the Industrial Trust Company receive all the advantages of savings banks, and in addition thereto the security afforded by the large Capital and Surplus of the Industrial Trust Company as stated above.

Aquidneck National Bank,

Lewis L. Simmons, Pres. Chas. T. Hopkins, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Lewis L. Simmons, Dudley Newton,
Samuel McAdam, Peter King,
William P. Clarke, George E. Vernon,
Chas. T. Hopkins.

Every Facility will be Afforded Depositors Consistent with Conservative Banking.

For SAFETY and SECURITY deposit your funds in a National Bank where TWICE A YEAR the condition of affairs is THOROUGHLY EXAMINED by two different persons, directed so to do by the COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, and FIVE REPORTS EACH YEAR, UNDER OATH, are published in a local paper.

EACH STOCKHOLDER IS LIABLE FOR TWICE THE AMOUNT OF HIS STOCK FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE DEPOSITORS, and the Bank is prohibited from making excessive loans.

Safe Deposit Boxes and Storage Room for Valuables to rent in our Safe Deposit Vault.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $74,648.

The National Exchange Bank,

38 Washington Square, Newport, R. I.,
WILL PAY
INTEREST ON ALL DEPOSITS
Of $300 and over, beginning Aug. 1, 1900.
Accounts respectfully solicited.
Safe deposit boxes and storage room to rent.
Edward A. Brown, President. Perry G. Case, Vice President.
George H. Proud, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Perry G. Case. Edward A. Brown.
David Braman. Edward S. Peckham.
Gardiner B. Reynolds. Fred. B. Coggeshall.

E. L. Doucette & Co.,
BROKERS
—AND DEALERS IN—
LOCAL STOCKS.

Investment Securities.

233 Thames Street.

The Metropolitan Stock Exchange

(Incorporated under Massachusetts law in 1890.)
$150,000 00 full paid.

Stocks, Bonds,
Grain and Cotton.

Daily list of quotations can be had upon application.

Send for our "WEEKLY RECORD of PRICES" on NEW YORK, BOSTON and CHICAGO markets.
NEWPORT BRANCH:
Room 1 and 2, Kinsley Building,
Over Aquidneck Bank.
TELEPHONE 79.

PRINTING AT THE NEWS JOB OFFICE.

BLAIR & CO.,
BANKERS,
33 Wall Street, - - - New York.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
Travelers' Letters of Credit.
AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

JAMES W. NOYES,
90 Broadway and 6 Wall Street.
(Successor to WM. C. NOYES),
Dealer in
NEW YORK & BROOKLYN FINANCIAL
Trust Co's Stocks.
(Specialties for 30 years.)
See my correct and reliable daily tables of quotations, etc., in most of the Wall Street publications.
—ALSO—
Guaranteed R. R. and Telegraph Stocks and Miscellaneous Securities.

TAYLOR, CARR & ANDREWS,
61 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON.
Contractors for present sidewalks of the city of Newport,
ARTIFICIAL STONE,
Tar, Concrete and Asphalt Walks and Drives.
Stable Floors, Water-Tight Cellars.
Branch Office 7 Oak St., Newport.
WM. SHEPLEY, Agent.

Awnings.

All the new style goods,
Thoroughly made
In the best manner.
GEO. NASON, 23 MILL STREET.
Telephone 184-4.

IF YOU WANT GOOD HELP
Drop a postal to
LEARY'S INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
108 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25, Wall Street—The stock market opened irregular, with American Steel & Wire at 31⅝, Atchison preferred 70, Burlington 125⅛, Brooklyn Transit 55½, Federal Steel 34, Missouri Pacific 51, New York Central 129¾, Northern Pacific 50⅝, People's Gas 95⅜, Rock Island 106⅜, Reading first preferred 58, St. Paul 113½, Sugar 122, Southern Pacific 33⅜, Union Pacific 58½, and Union Pacific preferred 75⅜.

10—With the exception of a rise of 1½ in Lackawanna, changes in prices at the opening were small. The market was unsettled, improvements occurring in some stocks, while others were depressed. St. Louis Southwestern preferred and Steel & Wire preferred were leaders in strength, while Brooklyn Transit, Sugar and Burlington were heavy.

11—The usual dullness of a Saturday, coupled with a disposition to curtail ventures pending the publication of the bank statement, caused an almost lifeless market. Continuous pressure against Brooklyn Transit lowered it 1⅛ and Rubber sagged 1½. Earlier pressure against other specialties ceased. A somewhat steadier tone prevailed generally.

Closing—Money on call, steady, at 1 @ 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4 @ 5 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand and $4.83¾ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85 @ 4½ and $4.88½ @ $4.89; commercial bills, $4.83½ @ $4.84½; bar silver, 61⅝; silver certificates, 61½ @ 62½; Mexican dollars, 48⅛; government bonds, steady; state bonds, easier; railroad bonds, irregular. Some pronounced gains were made in usually dormant stocks. Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred and Lake Erie preferred gained a point, while St. Paul preferred figured for 1½. There were no changes of importance in the active list until the bank statement appeared. The showing was [illegible] appreciating, cash increasing only [illegible] 5,000,000. General weakness followed its publication. Brooklyn Transit exceptionally losing over two points. Sugar lost 1½, but other stocks yielded only fractionally. The closing was weak at the lowest.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25	Closing
Atchison	27¼
Atchison preferred	69⅞
Canada Southern	49
Chi., Burl. & Quincy	121⅝
C., C., C. & St. Louis	58⅛
Delaware & Hudson	112½
Del. Lack. & Western	178½
Erie	10⅞
Illinois Central	116½
Lake Shore	209
Louisville & Nashville	71¾
Manhattan	91¼
Metropolitan Traction	153¼
Missouri Pacific	50¾
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	9¾
New Jersey Central	136
New York Central	129
Northern Pacific	50⅝
Northern Pacific preferred	71¼
Northwestern	162
Ontario & Western	20⅞
Oregon Navigation	42
Reading	16¾
Rock Island	106¼
St. Paul	113⅜
St. Paul preferred	173
Southern Pacific	33¼
Texas & Pacific	14
Union Pacific	58½
Union Pacific preferred	75⅝
Wabash	7¼
Wheeling & Lake Erie	8½
Adams Express	123
Wells, Fargo Express	125
American Spirits	1¼
American Tobacco	93
Continental Tobacco	26
Continental Tobacco preferred	77½
General Electric	138
Lead	17
Pacific Mail	29¾
Pullman Palace Car	180½
Sugar Refining	121
Tennessee Coal & Iron	70
Leather	10⅝
U. S. Rubber	29⅞
Western Union	79⅝

HOTELS.

HOTEL GRENOBLE,

NEW YORK,
7th Avenue and 56th Street.
New, Fireproof, All Modern Conveniences.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
WARREN LELAND, JR.

The Langham,
FIFTH AVE., and 52d St., New York.
WILL RE-OPEN OCTOBER 1st.
A FAMILY HOTEL OF THE FIRST CLASS.
Situated in the most select and desirable part of New York's greatest avenue. Apartments elegantly furnished. CUISINE UNEXCELLED. All arrangements for the comfort and satisfaction of guests as perfect as careful and experienced management can secure.
F. E. PUTSCHOCKES, Manager.

OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE.
Everett House,
17th St. and 4th Ave., New York.
For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, the Everett heads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence. European plan. Popular Prices.
WM. M. BATES. B. M. L. BATES.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK.

BOSTON.
American and European plans.
Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE, the most fashionable locality in the city.
BARNES & DUNKLEE, Proprietors.
HERBERT H. BARNES, Manager.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

$1 BROWNIE CAMERAS. $1
The Brownie army is still advancing. Why not get a Brownie and join the ranks?
Complete assortment of Kodaks, Films, Plates and general photographic goods.
Electric novelties and goods a specialty.
GEO. H. CHASE Over 201 Thames Street.

PORTRAITS
from miniature to life size finished in a variety of styles. Copying, Interior or Exterior Views of any kind. Sittings by appointment.
THE "REMBRANDT" STUDIO,
202 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 121-2.

Now is the time
Before cold weather comes to have your
FURNACE
Looked at and made ready for winter. Get ready now and do not wait until you are actually in need of heat.
W. K. COVELL,
163 Thames St.
SOLE AGENT FOR
Winthrop & Beebe Furnaces and Hot Water Heaters.

PHOTOGRAPHS
Where to get them at
10 cents each.
THERE IS A PLACE ON MILL STREET (THE NUMBER IS 69). YOU CAN GET VIEWS OF ALMOST EVERY PLACE IN NEWPORT, AND THEY ARE FINE VIEWS TOO. DROP IN AND SEE THEM.

◆◆◆

KINDLING WOOD.
4 BARRELS for $1, delivered in any part of the city; all kiln dried, nice, clean, pine wood. Kindles quick, burns long, and is the delight of the housewife. Leave your orders at
69 OR 75 MILL STREET

Fresh Mined Coal!
Lay in now at summer prices.
Abram Almy, 173 Thames Street.

Newport Illuminating Co.
Electric Lighting.
Electric Power.
Residences and stores furnished for electricity at lowest rates.
Electric Supplies, Fixtures and shades.
449 to 455 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Diamond Watches.
Call and see them. They are beauties, from
$175 to $800.
Herrmann
210 THAMES STREET.

Alligator Pears,
Island Figs,
Island Peaches,
Island Melons.
BURLINGAME & CARRY.

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS
AND
NEW PROCESS RECORDS.
Our stock is now very large and complete of both **Records** and **Machines**, all of the latest production.
Machines, $10, $20 and $30.
Piano Tuning.
[illegible] FIRST CLASS WORK AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE

COFFEE!
We have a splendid coffee
5 pounds for $1.
Positively on this grade no deviation of quantity or price will exist.
The above is absolutely pure, hand-picked and delicious in drinking quality.
F. P. Garrettson & Co.,
16 & 20 Washington square,
NEWPORT, R. I.
111 Front St., New York.

Barge "Berkley"
THE BARGE BERKLEY IS IN TODAY WITH A NICE CARGO OF
"SUSQUEHANNA" COAL
IN STOVE AND CHESTNUT SIZES. THIS COAL IS IN FINE CONDITION TO PUT INTO THE CELLARS FOR WINTER USE. NO SLATE, NO STONE, NO DIRT AND AT LOW PRICES.
PERRY BROS.'

MINEOLA WON YESTERDAY.

But Barring Protests, the Yankee Takes the Cup.

The final race in the series for the cup offered by the Newport Yacht Racing Association was sailed yesterday and was won by the Mineola, with the Yankee second. It was an exciting race, sailed in conditions somewhat similar to the race of July 5, when all the boats were badly strained. It blew very hard from the south and at times severe squalls were experienced.

Early in the morning the chances of a race were poor. It was threatening overhead, and there was light wind. About 9 o'clock a breeze came out from the southeast and as the day advanced it increased in force. When the yachts got outside it was blowing hard off shore. There was a question as to whether the race would be sailed in the weather, but the owners finally agreed that they would sail and the start for the lightship was made about 10:30. Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt had a party on board which included Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Marquis de la San dera, and James DeWolf Cutting. On the Virginia were Arthur T. Kemp and Richard Peters.

When the committee boat Mirage reached the lightship the wind had shifted to almost due south and code flag D was set, indicating that the course would be the triangle, the first leg 5½ miles dead to windward, with a reach for the other two legs. There was some trouble about the start and after the preparatory signal had been set a postponement was made. While setting her clubtopsail the Virginia met with an accident and she finally sent her working topsail aloft, which she carried through the first round.

The warning signal was finally made at 11:45, and the starting signal 10 minutes later. There was some manoeuvring for the start, but the Mineola and Yankee kept apart. Mr. Duryea on the Yankee did not cross the line until the other boats were well away, and he and the Mineola had no trouble throughout the race.

The yachts rounded the first mark in the following order: Mineola, 12:48:00; Rainbow, 12:49:01; Virginia, 12:56:20; Yankee, 12:57:25.

The Mineola made the best time on the wind and beat the Rainbow by 59 seconds and the Yankee by nearly four minutes. On the run to the second mark the Rainbow made the best time and covered the distance in 26 minutes and 19 seconds. The yachts rounded the second mark in the following order: Mineola, 1:14:20; Rainbow, 1:15:20; Virginia, 1:22:51; Yankee, 1:23:50. It was a broad race to the lightship. The Mineola gained 10 seconds on the Rainbow. The time at the lightship and the elapsed time for the first round was as follows:

Yacht.	Mark.	El. Time
Mineola	1:44:[illegible]	1:55:37
Rainbow	1:45:[illegible]	1:[illegible]
Virginia	1:52:40	1:56:37
Yankee	1:53:51	1:31:05

Soon after the second round was started the Virginia tried to send her clubtopsail up but did not succeed, and she withdrew from the race and returned to the harbor. The Virginia had a green crew on board, just shipped before the race, and they were not accustomed to the boat.

On the wind the Yankee sailed like a witch, and although she over-stood somewhat at the mark she had gained on all the boats. At the outer mark this time the yachts rounded as follows: Mineola, 2:21:12; Rainbow, 2:23:58; Yankee, 2:28:21.

On the run to the second mark the yachts carried their spinnakers until well upon the mark, and handing sheets they rounded it as follows: Mineola, 2:54:01; Rainbow, 2:55:41; Yankee, 3:00:16. Here the jaws of the Mineola's gaff became unshipped, but they kept on to the finish as if nothing had happened. On the reach the Yankee gained considerable on the Rainbow, just enough to take second place by 25 seconds. The summary of the race was as follows:

Yacht.	Owner.	Start.	Finish.	Time.
Mineola, A. B. [illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rainbow, [illegible]				
Yankee, H. P. Whitney [illegible]		11:55:00	3:22:[illegible]	[illegible]
Virginia, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.		[illegible]	3:[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] Withdrew.

According to the totals of the several races the standing of the yachts for the Newport Yacht Racing Association cup is as follows: Yankee, 11 points; Mineola, 10; Rainbow, 8; Virginia, 1. There are, however, five protests pending before the committee, two being counter protests, and until these have been determined the result of the series cannot be definitely announced. As the races were sailed the Mineola won five firsts, the Yankee three firsts and 5 seconds, the Rainbow two firsts and four seconds and the Virginia one second.

THIRTIES HAD TROUBLES OF THEIR OWN.

The 30-footers raced yesterday afternoon in a light southwest wind, thick weather and a smooth sea for sweepstakes. The course was from Brenton's cove to and around Bishop rock, twice over, a distance of about 13 miles.

The contest was a run up the bay and a beat back, and was not without mishaps. The Asahi, sailed by W. Starr Miller, ran through a "field" of eel grass, and in the light wind it held her almost at a standstill. When she cleared herself she was so far behind the rest of the fleet that her sailing master concluded that it was useless to continue the race.

The Pollywog, sailed by A. H. Paget, was equally unfortunate, and ran aground on a bar near the Training Station and also withdrew. The race was perhaps the least satisfactory of those sailed this summer. The summary, the start being at 2:10:

Name and owner.	Elapsed.	Time.
Wa Wa, R. Brooks,	6:48:05	2:16:[illegible]
Vaquero, W. Rutherfurd,	6:31:30	3:01:[illegible]
Dorothy, H. Yale Dolan,	6:31:25	3:21:15
Esperanza, W. H. Wilford,	6:42:05	2:32:10
Asahi, W. S. Miller, Withdrew.		
Pollywog, A. H. Paget, Withdrew.		

MYOPIA VS. WESTCHESTER.

This afternoon's polo match will be the finals for the Westchester Polo Club cups, between teams of the Myopia club and Country Club of Westchester, the latter having won the first match from the Point Judith Country Club, Thursday. The teams will line up as follows:

Myopia, light blue, with white sash and cap. C. G. Rice, 4; R. G. Shaw, 2d, 8; R. L. Agassiz, 9; F. B. Fay, 4; total handicap, 25.

Country Club of Westchester, scarlet with white cap 12. Reynal, 3; J. M. Waterbury, Jr., 7; R. J. Collier, 3; P. F. Collier, 3; total handicap, 16.

The Myopias will give their opponents a handicap of nine goals, and it is expected that there will be a very lively match, as the Myopias will play hard to overcome the nine goals that will be against them at the start.

HORSE SHOW ENTRIES.

The number of exhibitors for the Newport Horse Show, which will be held at the Casino September 3, 4 and 5, is as large as, if not larger than, last year. The lists include many of the summer residents and the best known among the exhibiting dealers. Messrs. Eben D. Jordan and Thomas W. Lawson of Boston will be the largest individual exhibitors. The management has found it difficult to induce Newporters to enter in the classes for the delivery wagons and heavy draught teams, and in spite of the fact that no fee is charged in these classes entries have not been very many, there being only 12 in the two classes. There will be no class for public cabs this year.

STAGE TRICKS AND SCENIC EFFECTS.

The Brothers Byrne are a progressive firm of clever artists, and for this season's production of "Eight Bells" have perfected a number of new and startling tricks, besides several scenic effects that are said to be a marvel of stage-craft. An outlay of a large sum of money by these pantomimists results in one of the most realistic stage productions before the public. The Byrnes stand at the head of their profession in this particular line of work, and bring a strong company with them, all well known in their special line of business.

TO "OPEN" ST. MARY'S ORGAN.

The "opening" of the new organ at St. Mary's Church Thursday evening of next week will bring together two well known artists, who have been engaged specially Dr. William H. Pilcher, concert organist, and Helen L. Gilmore, dramatic cantatrice. No other organists or singers of note have "opened" so many new church organs. Dr. Pilcher's programs number some 1,300 and he never repeats except by request, and Helen L. Gilmore's repertoire is equally extensive. Speaking of her singing at the Ohio Saengerfest the Chillicothe Daily News says:

"The appearance of Helen Logsdon Gilmore was the signal for a hearty round of applause. Her selection was the prayer from 'Der Freyschutz.' She has a very winning stage presence, also fine ease and absence from constraint, and a rich soprano voice which she understands how to manage perfectly. Her voice, at once powerful and sympathetic, soared supreme above the strength of the full orchestra. Her personality and her 'verve' fairly carried the audience away, the chorus leading in the applause."

TAXING WHEELS.

[New Bedford Standard.]

The Springfield assessors, after trying for six years to levy a bicycle tax, have decided to abandon it. The reason is the same that has caused the abandonment of the tax in nearly every place where it has been tried—the receipts are not large enough to pay the expense of collection. Bicycles are really not worth very much in money. Many persons in Springfield when assessed as little as $10 on their wheels, protested that even this low valuation was excessive. In a large number of instances no doubt they are right.

The day of $100 wheels has gone by, and that of $30 wheels has come. Manifestly, there is no profit in the taxation of wheels on the valuation basis, and it is hardly probable that the taxation on an arbitrary basis—so much a wheel regardless of its value will never meet acceptance. Still, under the theory of taxation which we endeavor to carry out in Massachusetts today, there is no reason whatever for exempting a bicycle from taxation. That theory is that all property shall be taxed, so that the burdens of taxation shall be spread out in proportion to a man's possessions. The theory breaks down in practice, not merely with regard to bicycles, but with a good many other articles of more value, a circumstance which raises the question whether the theory itself is not faulty.

NIAGARA TENNIS.

In the Niagara international lawn tennis tournament yesterday, the semi-finals in single were played, E. P. Fischer of New York beating Kreigh Collins of Chicago, 6-1, 6-1, and H. H. Hackett of New York beating Sumner Hardy of San Francisco, 6-2, 6-2. In the first round of doubles Collins and Waidner of Chicago beat McMaster and Glassco of Toronto, by default; Alexander and Little beat Bond and Bard of Chicago, 6-1, 6-1; Sumner Hardy and Samuel Hardy beat Tate and Norton, 6-2, 7-5, and Fischer and Hackett beat Kinnaster and Muir, 6-1, 6-3. In the semi-final round the Hardy brothers beat Fischer and Hackett, 7-5, 6-1.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Special Announcements for the Churches Tomorrow.

At the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church there will be public worship in the morning, with a sermon by the pastor, Rev. C. H. Smith, on "A Morning in the Mountains," and a praise and prayer meeting in the evening at 7 o'clock.

At the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Church, Corne street, the pastor, Rev. C. J. A. Holmgren, will preach in the morning from the text, Matthew XXIII: 1-12, and in the evening on "The Question, What Lack I Yet."

At the Mount Zion African Methodist Episcopal there will be preaching morning and evening by Bishop W. B. Derrick, D. D., who is expected to assist in the annual rally of the church.

Rev. J. D. Herr, D. D., of Norwich, Conn., will officiate at the Central Baptist.

Rev. D. Parker Morgan, D. D., of New York will officiate at All Saints' Memorial.

At the First Presbyterian Church the pastor, Rev. George Whitefield Mead, will preach at both services, his sermon in the morning being on "Jesus at a Wedding."

At the Shiloh Baptist the pastor, Rev. H. N. Jeter, will preach at the morning service on "The Good Shepherd's Care for His Sheep," and in the evening there will be a sacred concert led by Miss N. Bloxom, the subject being "The Kingdom of Heaven Opened." The pastor will give an account of the negro business meeting recently held in Boston.

At the Union Congregational the pastor, Rev. Byron Gunner, will preach in the morning on "The Sanctity of the Body," and in the evening an address will be given by Miss Victoria Earle Matthews, founder of the White Rose Mission in New York city. At the morning service Mrs. M. Carrie Copeland of New York will sing a solo, "Fear not, O Israel!" and at the evening service Mrs. C. E. Washington of New Bedford will sing.

At the Young Men's Christian Association the morning prayer meeting will be conducted by Mr. William B. Franklin and the open-air meeting on Washington square in the afternoon will be addressed by Mr. Walsh of London, England.

Rev. John Cornell of Washington, D. C., will officiate at the Chapel of the Transfiguration, Conanicut island, at 3:45 in the afternoon.

At the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Marlboro street, the pastor, Rev. Thomas E. Chandler, will preach at the morning service, and in the evening there will be a praise service, with special music by a male quartet.

At the United Congregational Rev. T. Calvin McClelland, Ph. D., will preach at both services.

Rev. J. Frank Fleming, the pastor, will preach at the Second Baptist both morning and evening.

Rev. Sumner W. Stevens of Philadelphia will preach at the morning service at the First Baptist. The pastor, Rev. B. G. Boardman, will speak in the evening on "The Open Door."

At the Mount Olivet Baptist the pastor, Rev. Elijah Richardson, will preach at both services. In the evening at 8 o'clock he will preach a special sermon to the missionary society of the church.

Rev. J. L. Porter of Dansville, N. Y., will officiate at St. George's.

At the Channing Memorial, Rev. C. H. Porter, Jr., the pastor, will preach from the text: "Where there is no vision the people perish." The Sunday school is closed until the end of September. The vesper service will be held at 4 o'clock.

At the Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church, Annandale road, there will be service at 10:30, when the pastor will speak from Luke xi: 28. The Sunday school meets at 12 and the Epworth League at 6:15 p. m., and there will also be preaching in the evening at 7:15 by the pastor.

Rev. James Fry Bullitt of Clifton Heights, Philadelphia, will preach at Emmanuel in the morning.

Miss Marie de Rohan will sing the offertory at the 10:45 service at Trinity Church.

SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENTS.

Mr. Lispenard Stewart entertained at luncheon yesterday and in the evening dinners were given by Mrs. H. M. Brooks, Mrs. Edwin Parsons, Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., Mrs. J. D. P. Lanier, Mr. Julian Potter, Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, Mrs. Lloyd S. Bryce, Mrs. Heber R. Bishop and Mrs. H. B. Duryea.

Mr. J. J. Van Alen will entertain at the Clambake Club this afternoon and a large dinner will be given by Mrs. Ogden Mills.

Mrs. J. P. Kernochan will give a dance September 8.

Mrs. Frederick Neilson will give a dinner dance at the Casino September 6.

AN ICE WAGON RACE.

Yesterday there was reported a race on Broadway, at perhaps a 20 mile gait, between one of the Fall River cars and Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.'s, automobile racer. No arrests followed.

There was another race yesterday, on West Broadway, and the chief performers were two ice wagon drivers. The start was near Marlboro street and the end at Collins street. One of the drivers was white and one was colored. The white man took advantage of his colored brother and started first, and to make sure that he would not be passed he criss-crossed the roadway in front of the other horse, holding him in second place. The race, despite this exhibition of English yachting practice, was very exciting, the noise was greater than even some of those dumb automobiles make when at rest, and everybody turned out to see what would happen.

It happened just at the junction of Collins street, Burnside avenue and West Broadway. There was an abundance of street room, but very little was available for the colored driver to pass the white man, in fact to some of the onlookers it seemed that there was but one chance, and that was to jump Mr. P. Sheehan's wagon, which stood on the street. He tried it. Everybody agreed that it was a "sporty" attempt, but it failed. The driver was thrown out and broke the tailboard of the cart, and the horse was stopped. The other horse was also stopped, after a sort of Graeco-Roman wrestling match, in which Officer Quick had one throw scored against him. Some one rang for the police and the patrol wagon and half a dozen officers hastened to the scene. Both drivers were landed in the Police Station.

The next time they race they are going to have automobiles or electric cars, and the colored man may have his face whitened.

MR. VANDERBILT'S COACHING TRIP TO BOSTON.

This morning at 8 o'clock Mr. Alfred G. Vanderbilt left his cottage, "Rocky Hall," on Bellevue avenue, on a four-horse break for a road drive to Boston. He was accompanied by four young men and two footmen. He drove at an easy rate along Bellevue avenue, Kay street, Powel avenue, Broadway and the main road, intending to make the trip by easy stages.

The first stop was made at Fall River about 11 o'clock, when horses were changed to proceed on the way. One of the four horses which left Newport gave out while going up a steep hill in Tiverton, and the coach was drawn by three horses when it went into Fall River. The delay caused by this incident made the party about half an hour late at that place. Taunton was reached about 2 o'clock and the next stopping place was Stoughton, relays of horses being in waiting at each place. It is expected to reach Boston late in the afternoon.

ENGLAND AND THE TRANSVAAL.

[New York Tribune.]

Some surprised comment has been provoked by Great Britain's failure to proclaim the annexation of the Transvaal, as she some time ago did that of the Orange Free State. The case is, however, susceptible of an easy and logical explanation. Great Britain formally annexed the Orange Free State because that had been an indisputably independent sovereign state. But she does not annex the Transvaal because—according to her own consistent contention—it is already annexed and always has been. To issue such a proclamation in regard to the Transvaal as she issued in the case of the Orange Free State would be dangerously near self-stultification. It would indicate that her claim of suzerainty was insufficiently grounded, and that she has been waging war against and subjugating a state which was legally independent. As it is, she is simply maintaining her old ground—that the Transvaal is and has all along been a part of the British empire, and that in this war she has not been conquering a foreign state, but merely subduing a domestic insurrection.

A WOMAN'S INVENTION.
The Gilchrist Fruit Jar
Has a cone-shaped, porcelain lined cap, which presses the fruit down under the syrup, and by means of which the simple act of screwing on the cover forces out every particle of air, so that mould and fermentation are absolutely impossible. This jar has also a mouth wide enough to admit the hand, for the purpose of arranging the fruit or cleaning the jar.
AN EXAMINATION OF THESE JARS IS INVITED.
ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

Schooner Chas. A. Wood,
From Virginia,
Has arrived with a cargo of
SOUTHERN PINE WOOD.
No better wood for kindling. We have it prepared in any manner desired.
HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,
WM. H. BOONE, AGENT.

Our Store to be Made a Co-operative Store.
Shares are $1 each, fully paid and non-assessable, and are now paying one per cent a month dividend. The shares will cost you nothing if you trade at our store. If you buy $20 worth of goods at one time, we give you one share of stock. If you do not want to buy $20 worth of goods at one time, we sell you one share for $1, and give you 5 cents off on every dollar's worth of goods you buy until the $20 worth has been bought, then the share will have cost you nothing. This company sells goods direct from the producer to the consumer, saving you at least 25 cents on the dollar, on the average. There is no reason why, as a co-operative store, in another year the dividends on the stock will not be increased and the shares increase materially in value. We believe that in a few years these shares will go a long way towards keeping their owners supplied with groceries, as there will be at least 10 customers to every shareholder, and he will receive the profit on the trade of the others. Several hundred have already availed themselves of the opportunity, so it is sure to be a big success. There is no doubt but what in a few years all the grocery business will be done on the co-operative plan, as most of it is now done in England, and it will be to your interest to get into the largest one that has the first start, as the dividends will undoubtedly be larger. In a short time it will be the only way that a man with a moderate income can live. All "trusts" are combined to raise prices, and the only thing that will combat it is the combination of the purchasing classes.
E. A. Edes & CO., 149 Thames St.

LOTS ON EASY TERMS.
Bliss road, Brooks avenue, Whitwell avenue, Almy court, Easton's pond. Commissions to all agents. W. G. Peckham, 111 Broadway, N. Y.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
Multum in Parvo.
SOME OF THE GREATEST MEN THE WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN WERE SMALL IN STATURE. NAPOLEON DID NOT IMPRESS PEOPLE WITH HIS PHYSICAL APPEARANCE, BUT HIS FAME WILL EVER ENDURE. THE NAPOLEON OF PIANOS IS JACOB BROTHERS' "LITTLE GIANT," WHICH, THOUGH SMALL IN STATURE, IS A GIANT IN TONE AND IS MADE TO FILL THE DEMAND FOR A SMALL PIANO OF FINE QUALITY. THESE PIANOS CAN BE SEEN AT
John Rogers's, 210 Thames St.

Pianos to Rent.
Several fine upright pianos to rent for the season at reduced rates. As I have but a few, come early or you will lose a good opportunity.
John Vars, 126 Thames St.

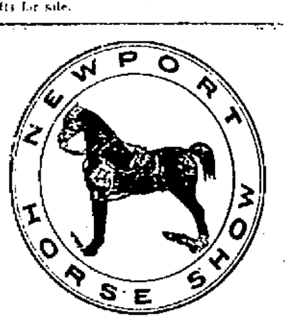
PRESERVE JARS.
The old reliable Mason porcelain lined top.
The Lightning and Vacuum,
In pints, quarts and half gallons.
Jelly Tumblers and Preserving Kettles.
White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers
IN ALL SIZES.
TRY ONE OF THE NEW
Ideal Freezers
That makes ice cream in three minutes; guaranteed as represented, or money refunded, at
The Geo. A. Weaver Co's,
BROADWAY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
FIRST IN THE DANCE,

The street, store or office, Martin's shoes afford comfort and satisfaction to hundreds of pleased customers in Newport. You can share their benefits by a timely call here any week day in the year, assured of full value for your money, courteous treatment and a good fit. The shoe is at the bottom of the your foot, but how invaluable a good "understanding!"
ARMORY SHOE STORE,
277 Thames Street. Joseph Martin, Prop.

Seabury's Safe Shape Shoes
FOR
Misses and Children.
The T. Mumford Seabury Co.,
214 THAMES STREET.

The Old Reliable Shoe Store,
186 THAMES STREET
Is still here, doing business on the good old principle of 100c. worth for a dollar in Medium footwear for Men, Women and Children, and doing the most up-to-date Renovating and Repairing in the city.
M. S. HOLM.
Agency for White Star, Anchor and Dominion Lines, Atlantic Steamship Co.'s Tickets and Drafts for sale.



September 3, 4 and 5.
NEWPORT CASINO,
2 P. M. EACH DAY.
Reserved Seats
ON SALE AT
Casino Office.

PINARD.
Pinard Cottages,
NARRAGANSETT AVENUE,
Annandale Road and Ward Avenue.
JOHN A. PINARD, Owner and Proprietor
Office: Ward Avenue.
Cavean Pinard, Manager.

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Beating Works.
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 556 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 55 Broadway. Telephone Connection.

NOW IS THE TIME TO LOOK AND SEE IF YOUR PATH DOESN'T NEED SOME OF
Peckham Bros.' Blue Stone Path Gravel
Or crushed stone to fill up the washout places from the winter. Peckham Bros., Middletown, R. I. Newport P. O. address Box 196.

NEW BOOKS.
LADY BLANCHE'S SALON,
By Lloyd Brice.
ADA VERNHAM, ACTRESS, by Richard Marsh.
BOHEMIAN PARIS OF TODAY, by W. C. Marrow and Edouard Cucuel.
THE COLOMBIAN AND VENEZUELAN REPUBLICS, by William L. Scruggs.
CONCERNING CATS, MY OWN AND SOME OTHERS, by Helen M. Winslow, with many illustrations.
THE BARD OF DIMBOVITZA. Roumanian Folk-Songs, collected from the peasants by Helene Vacaresco.
JUST RECEIVED,
A LARGE NUMBER OF PLASTER CASTS.
SIMON HART, 202 Thames Street,
Successor to C. E. Hammett, Jr.
Telephone 121-3.

A Book of Experts
THE CRISIS IN CHINA,
An exposition of the present situation, its causes and its results.
WINEFRED, by Baring Gould.
THE WALLET OF KAI LUNG, by Ernest Bramah.
FROM INDIA TO THE PLANET MARS, by Prof. Flournoy.
WHILOMVILLE STORIES, by Stephen Crane, Illustrated by Peter Newell.
THE GAME OF CLOBIS, by Brunswick Eatlington, No. 37 Tales from Town Topics.
THE PLAIN MISS CRAY, by Florence Warden. New Paper Edition of THE GADFLY.
CARR'S BOOK SHOP,
Daily News Building.
Telephone 593.

NEWPORT
Transfer Express Co.
Solicit Consignments of Freight.
Piano Moving a Specialty.
The only express checking baggage at residence to destination.
Accessible by Telephone at any and all hours.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.
BRANCH OFFICES, 272 Thames St. and New York freight depot.
Telephone 371-2.

PETER PAXTON
FAMOUS GOLF BALLS.
WE OFFER THE GENUINE
PAXTON BRAMBLE GOLF BALL
—FOR—
$3.50 per dozen.
These balls are thoroughly seasoned. Nothing better to be had.
EDWARD GRIFFITH,
158 THAMES STREET.

LAPPIN'S.
Walking Skirts,
Storm Skirts,
Bicycle Skirts.
Grandest line we have ever been able to show, including high-class novelties in two-faced materials.
One skirt in particular we are offering for this special occasion is our two-faced material we have always sold at $6.98, but owing to the large quantity we have purchased we will sell this skirt, all sizes, at
$4.98.
LADIES' FURNISHERS.

Her Majesty's Corset
Reduces the Abdomen.
UNTIL THE ADVENT OF THE NEW MODEL OF HER MAJESTY'S CORSET IT WAS INCONVENIENT, IF NOT EMBARRASSING, TO BE OVERLY STOUT. STOUT WOMEN HAVE THEREFORE EMBRACED HER MAJESTY'S CORSET WITH ENTHUSIASM. WITH HER MAJESTY'S COMES RELIEF FROM THE TOO PROMINENT ABDOMEN. THE HIPS ARE ROUNDED GRACEFULLY. THE WAIST IS MADE SMALLER AND LONGER, AND A NEAT, TRIM FIGURE IS THE NET RESULT.